The New-York Times.

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[illegible]

EUROPEAN NEWS TWENTY DAYS LATER.

Special View of the Condition of the Atlantic Telegraph.

INTERESTING MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE.

[illegible]

[illegible] are the Hon. HENRY J. RAYMOND, of the New-York Times, and Judge PERSLEY, of [illegible]

[illegible] reports on the 24th inst. exchanging [illegible] Bark Bridgeport, bound east. [illegible] Weaver, arrived at London from [illegible] on the 20th September, in [illegible] 47 W., she passed a number of dead [illegible] to be from the burnt steamer Austria.

A deputation from the Atlantic Steam Packet Company [illegible] an interview with Mr. HAMILTON, Secretary of the Treasury, on the subject of postal subsidies between Liverpool, Newfoundland and America. [illegible] the new line of steamers between Galway and the British North American Colonies by Mr. [illegible], and the importance they attached to be able to [illegible] between London and Washington in [illegible] days.

The Limerick Chronicle says that on the assembling [illegible] the Government will recommend giving to Galway a grant of £50,000 as the first instalment for the construction of a breakwater, should the engineers' report be favorable. The Commissioners have arrived to commence investigations.

The Daily News has a hopeful editorial article on the Atlantic Cable, and thinks it may yet be rendered available. It says that Professor THOMSON has nearly succeeded in neutralizing the effects of earth current, which become perplexing when the signals through the cable are too weak. Professor THOMSON has so modified his printing apparatus that a current of voltaic electricity generated by a small battery being held in one hand moistened with water while a copper wire of equal size is held in the other, the two wires being united so as to make a circuit, is sufficient in intensity to make his machine print an intelligible message. So sensitive is his new instrument that it will still print correctly, though a current of one-tenth as weak as we have described is diminished still more in intensity by passing through the bodies of two individuals. With the combined improvements of Professors THOMSON and HUGHES [illegible], we are not without hope that, as [illegible] instruments can be conveyed across the Atlantic, electric communication will be once more established.

The London Globe discredits the report that Lord [illegible] is to visit the Canadas in connection with the projected confederation of the British Provinces.

The Common Council of London have resolved to [illegible] the freedom of the city and swords valued at 100 guineas each to Lord CLYDE and Sir JAMES OUTRAM for their Indian services.

At the weekly meeting of the Directors of the Bank of England, an adjournment took place without the usual reduction in the rate of discount.

The half-yearly meeting of the Great Western Railway Company of Canada, had been held in London. The Directors' report, which declares a dividend of [illegible] per cent., was adopted by a small majority, an amendment having been proposed, limiting the dividend to 2½ per cent.

A resolution was agreed to, after strong opposition, authorizing the Directors to advance £100,000 for the rolling stock of the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway.

At the General Conference of Railway delegates in session at London, it was resolved to give permanent organization to the Conference, and to form from it an Association called the Railway Companies' Association.

The unsatisfactory exhibit of the Western Bank of Glasgow, and an additional call on the shareholders, had called forth the bitterest strictures of the Press, and the recommendations were that the shareholders be prosecuted.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway, in London, it was stated that the gross revenue of the half year was more than absorbed by the works in progress.

It is confirmed that two French men-of-war have gone to the Tagus to support the demand of the French Minister at Lisbon for compensation for the seizure of the French vessel *Charles Georges*, while transporting negroes to the West Indies.

The Emperor would remain at Chalons Camp till the tenth of October.

The chess match between MORPHY and HARWITZ was suddenly closed, the latter being unable to proceed, owing to illness. The state of the game at the close was: MORPHY, 5; HARWITZ, 2; Drawn, 1.

The Times correspondent says, there is reason to hope that the difference between the French and Portuguese Governments respecting the seizure of the French bark *Charles Georges*, will be amicably arranged.

Accounts of the great commercial catastrophe at Lille had been received in Paris. A Magistrate at Lille had granted a warrant for the arrest of the principal of a house there, an eminent manufacturer.

The Prelate who is placed at the head of the French Mission in China, is to be raised to the rank of Cardinal.

The Mandarin, French Consul at Shanghae, has been promoted by Consul-General of China, at the same port, of Taou-tai.

The *Independance*, of Turin, has declared the visit of Prince NAPOLEON to Warsaw, an event of great political importance, being, as it thinks, the prelude of an alliance between France, Russia and Piedmont, hostile to Austria.

The Emperor of Russia has conferred on the Aide-de-Camp who accompanied Prince NAPOLEON to Warsaw, the cross of St. Vladimir, and on the other officers of his suite that of St. Stanislaus.

Jerome BONAPARTE, the Nepaulese Prince, was expected in Paris en route to London.

The French Three Per Cents closed on Friday, at [illegible]. The Bourse had been affected by the Portuguese difficulty, but rallied.

The French Admiral, commanding in the Gulf of [illegible], had quitted Paris for his post with energetic orders to protect French citizens.

Party feeling was very high in Madrid in consequence of the approaching election.

The Madrid Gazette publishes a Royal Ordinance authorizing the Government to receive tenders for a line of packets to run between the Peninsula and the Antilles, the tenders to be adjudicated on the 31 of February next.

A semi-official journal says the Spanish Government is about to have built four large and eight small [illegible] and thirty-two screw gun-boats for the suppression of piracy in the Phillipine Islands.

The English Government has dispatched a note to the Portuguese Government, urging that immediate [illegible] may be made for the total abolition of the Slave Trade.

On the 27th of September the Pope held a Secret Consistory Court. No promotions to Cardinals were made, but twenty-five bishops have been nominated, of whom three are French.

Advices from Berlin state that the health of the King of Prussia, which for some time has been getting [illegible], gives cause for serious alarm.

A decree has been issued by the King of Prussia appointing the Prince of Prussia Regent. The Prince will carry on the Government until the restoration of the King's health upon his own responsibility. A [illegible] to this effect, and for the further organization of affairs, will appear immediately. The Diet will probably be opened about the 20th inst.

The Danish Diet was opened on the 8th by the Minister of the Interior, in the name of the King, who is seriously ill. The speech was unimportant.

The Vienna Gazette publishes a new law conscripting military conscriptions, limiting the term of service to seven years instead of eight, and including the reserve.

Omer Pacha, originally a Croatian peasant and [illegible] Prime Minister of Persia, and died a [illegible].

[illegible] of the Austrian army had commenced. Four sections of the superior cavalry had been dissolved.

The Montenegrins hoisted their flag in Satorina, a territory on the coast of the Adriatic.

A Vienna telegram says that Lord STRATFORD DE REDCLIFFE had been instructed to express the regret of the English Government for the bombardment of Jaffa, and that England intends to indemnify the Prussian Consul.

It was forth or reported that England will ask to cede the Island of Perim for a hundred years.

Report by Telegraph from London to Liverpool.

LONDON, Saturday, Oct. 8—A. M.

Friday Morning—Daily News' City Article.

Business throughout the Stock Exchange remains dull, and there is no general movement in prices. Steadiness generally prevails, but the late active demand for Securities has subsided. The funds closed to-day about the same as yesterday. Forty thousand pounds was sent into the Bank. At Hamburg, the rate of discount has risen to 5 per cent., owing to the demand for Silver for Austria, as the Austrian Bank is preparing for a resumption of specie payments. Silver must be attracted from all quarters, hence the pressure on Change this afternoon. Bills on the Continent were in demand, and rates slightly less favorable for England were established, as regards Holland, Belgium, Austria and Madrid. The shares of the Atlantic Telegraph Company remain rather flat, and closed at £294 to £410.

Friday Evening—Times City Article.

The English funds throughout the day have been firm at the improved quotation of last evening. Payments in the Turkish Scrip, amounting in the aggregate to £700,000, caused a slight demand for money, but not to an extent to produce any material change in the market. The dividends will be payable to the public on Wednesday next, and the opinion seems to be that on the following day the Bank will notify to 3½ per cent., instead of adopting the more desirable course of allowing their terms to be contingent from day to day on the state of the market.

The liabilities of M. DURAND, whose failure at Lille was announced a day or two back, are stated at £200,000.

The *Times* on the state of the Money market says it seems certain that an extraordinary increase of ease must be expected, since the public this quarter have entirely abstained from taking any advance from the Bank during the shutting of the transfer books. The whole of the dividends will therefore come into their hands. Further specie receipts are also certain to take place in the interval, the larger portion of which will be retained here, although some partial amounts will be required for France and Holland, where the demand for money this week has been more active than in London.

The *Times* has received the following telegram:

ALEXANDRIA, Tuesday, Oct. 5.

The *Cambria* sailed this morning, with the Australian mails for England, and gold valued at £165,032. The dates are Melbourne, Aug. 16; Sydney, Aug. 12. The May and June mails reached Melbourne on the 1st and 13th of August, respectively. The following are the departures of gold ships:

July 24, *Agincourt*, for London, with 70,760 ounces.

Aug. 14, *Lincolnshire*, for London, with 105,612 ounces.

The contract between the Government and the six banks for the negotiation of a Railway loan was signed Aug. 10. The export trade was very dull. The import was overstocked at Sydney.

The supplies of wool were very small. A fire at Auckland had destroyed a large portion of the city.

MADRID, Tuesday, Oct. 6.

It is announced that a reform in the customs tariff will soon be published.

Commercial Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

The Brokers' *Circular* states that the sales of the week were 45,000 bales, of which 2,800 were for speculation, and 3,000 for export. The market was slow, but there was no change in prices. Friday's sales were 7,000 bales, the market closing quiet but steady at the following authorized quotations: Fair Orleans, 7¾d.; Middling Orleans, 7⅜d.; Fair Mobiles, 7 9-16d.; Middling Mobiles, 7 5-16d.; Fair Uplands, 7⅞d.; Middling Uplands, 7¼d.

The stock in port was estimated at 495,000 bales of which 412,000 were American.

MESSRS. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. say that holders offer freely, but show no disposition to press sales, finding a difficulty in getting current prices, except for middling, which is wanted.

STATE OF TRADE IN MANCHESTER.

The advices from Manchester are not favorable. All qualities of yarns had slightly declined. Cloths were firm.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

MESSRS. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. quote FLOUR dull; Western Canal, 20s.@21s.; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 21s.@22s.; Ohio, 22s.@24s. 6d. WHEAT very dull and nominal; Red Western, 5s. 3d.@5s. 4d.; White Western, 5s. 3d.@5s. 6d.; White Southern, 7s.@7s. 2d. CORN had slightly declined on all qualities, but quotations were nominal; Yellow, 32s.@32s.; White, 33s.@34s.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

MESSRS. EIGLAND, ATTEA & Co., RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co., JAMES MCHENRY, and others, quote: BEEF dull and steady; the Government contracts had been mostly awarded to American, at £5 10s. PORK steady; the Government contracts had been obtained for Irish, at £7 10s. BACON heavy, with a slight decline in the middling and lower grades. LARD dull, at 60s.@61s. TALLOW firmer; Butchers' Association quoted nominally, at 50s. 6d.@51s., with none on the market.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

The Brokers' and other circulars quote ASHES quiet at 31s. 6d. for Pots, and 32s. 6d. for Pearls. SUGAR dull, and all descriptions slightly lower. COFFEE firm but quiet. RICE heavy and 3d. lower. TEA firm, with an advance of ⅛d.@1d. on the blackest leaf. RESIN dull; common, 3s. 11d.@4s.; fine, 12s.@16s. FISH OILS—sales unimportant. LINSEED OIL quiet at 32s. 6d.@33s. SPIRITS TURPENTINE steady at 37s. 6d.@38s. 6d. QUERCITRON BARK nominal at 9s. for Philadelphia, and 6s. 6d.@7s. for Baltimore.

LONDON MARKET.

MESSRS. BARING, BROTHERS & Co. quote BREADSTUFFS dull, but steady. White American WHEAT, 44s.@48s.; Red, 42s.@46s. American FLOUR, 20s.@24s. ISOR firm, a good demand for Bar, at £6 5s.; rails firm, at £6 5s.@£6 10s.; Pig steady, at 54s.@54s. 3d. SUGAR dull, and quotations barely maintained. COFFEE firm, but quiet. TEA firm, and ¼d.@1d. better; Common Congou 10½d. SPIRITS TURPENTINE opened firm, but closed dull, at 37s. 6d.@38s. RESIN—All qualities slightly higher; Y. C. 46s. 3d. RICE heavy. TALLOW CANDLES in fair demand; New-York, £31; Boston, £10 10. OILS—Fish Oils, sales unimportant. SPERM OIL, £85. Linseed Oil slightly declined; sales at 33s. 6d. on the spot, and 32s. to arrive. SALTPETRE—All qualities slightly higher.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

CONSOLS closed at 96¼@96⅝, for both money and account.

The Bullion in the Bank of England had increased £236,000.

HAVRE MARKETS.

[For the week ending Oct. 5, inclusive.]

COTTON dull; sales of the week 2,500 bales; *Tres ordinaire*, 112 francs; stock, 62,000 bales. BREADSTUFFS tend downward; quotations nominal. ASHES quiet. SUGAR firm. OILS in but little inquiry, and prices weak. RICE dull. LARD quiet, but firm.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.

MESSRS. BARING BROTHERS report the market generally unchanged. State Stocks were scarce.

MESSRS. BELL & SON say there had been an average business transacted without any material variation in prices. The market closed steady.

United States Sixes, '67-'68	104	@105
United States Bonds, '68	104½	@105½
Alabama Fives	78	@ —
Kentucky Sixes	91	@ 93
Maryland Fives	94	@ 95
Massachusetts Fives	101	@103
Ohio Sixes	96½	@ 97½
Pennsylvania Fives	79	@ 81
Pennsylvania 5 ⅌ cent. Bonds, '77	84½	@ 85½
Tennessee Sixes	80	@ 82
Virginia Sixes	82	@ 84
Virginia Fives	83	@ 84
Illinois Central Sevens, (Freelands,) '50	78	@ 80
Illinois Central Sixes and Sevens, '75	81	@ 83
Illinois Central Shares	22	@20dis
New-York Central Sixes	93	@ 95
New-York Central Shares	74	@ 76
Erie Sevens, 2d mortgage	67	@ 69
Erie Shares	17	@ 19
Panama Bonds of '56	98	@ 99
Panama Bonds of '65	93½	@ 94½
Pennsylvania Central Sixes, 1st mort.	90	@ 92

The London *Times*, of Friday, says that the market was depressed, and Illinois Central Shares had declined. Michigan Central Eights, 1850, Sinking Fund, were sold at 83.

Sailing of the Europa for Boston.

HALIFAX, Wednesday, Oct. 20.

The Royal Mail steamship *Europa* sailed at 4 A. M. for Boston, where she will be due to-morrow (Thursday) noon. Weather clear and calm.

NEWS BY THE EDINBURG.

The British screw-steamer *Edinburg*, Captain CHARLTON, arrived yesterday morning from Glasgow, which port she left on the 6th instant. We have Glasgow papers of the 5th, and London of the evening of the 6th. The *Edinburg* had strong westerly winds throughout the entire passage. She brings 60 cabin passengers, and 350 in the steerage.

The loss of the steamer Austria was known in London on the 21.

The *Australia* had arrived in England from Australia with 70,000 ounces of gold, and the *Queen Chief* with 47,304 ounces, making a total of gold arrivals in two days of £326,544.

The premises of Messrs. WARNERS, extensive shipriggers at the West India Docks, London, had been entirely consumed by fire.

The official journal of the Two Sicilies announces that the Hon. J. R. CHANDLER had an audience of the King of Naples on the 20th ult., to present his credentials as United States Minister to the Court of the Two Sicilies.

It is stated that the French Government has sent two ships-of-war to Lisbon, to support its demand for the restitution of the *Charles Georges*. On this subject the Paris correspondent of the London *Globe* says:

"Two French war vessels are ordered to proceed at once to Lisbon, and obtain redress for some alleged interference of Portugal with a French ship in the canal of Mozambique. This ship, if you recollect, was found embarking 'voluntary laborers' from the east coast of Africa for the plantation of Isle Reunion. The *Louisianais* cruiser thought the joke was carried rather too far."

The *Universal German Gazette* says:

"The presence of the Emperor ALEXANDER at Warsaw forms a new phase in the political state of affairs as far as regards the relations of the Courts of Vienna and St. Petersburg. It can be no longer concealed that all the hopes which had been formed of a reconciliation between Russia and Austria have completely vanished. It is certain that Austria had manifested her desire to be on a friendly footing with Russia, but those advances were received with so much coolness and reserve that all idea of fresh ones had been given up, and it has been decided to only observe in a political point of view the relations of two nations who are at peace. It is in this sense that the mission of Gen. SCHARFFENSTEIN to Vienna must be regarded. It is only an insignificant act of conventional courtesy, while, if the Archduke WILLIAM had gone to Warsaw, it would have been an event of great political importance."

A letter from Vienna of the 20th ult. says that the petitions of the Protestant Synods and Churches of Hungary, on the subject of the refusal of the Catholic clergy to celebrate mixed marriages except on the promise that children born of them shall be brought up as Catholics, have been presented to the Council of the Empire with other documents relative to the affair. The petitions pray that some plan of celebrating mixed marriages shall be formed in the event of such refusal. The same letter says that a number of complaints had been presented to the Council to the effect that Protestants have been punished for having rung bells or worked on Catholic holidays, and that the Catholic clergy had committed encroachments on Protestant privileges; but the Council of the Empire rejected them.

An Italian paper, published at Alexandria, states that there had been fresh troubles at Djidda, and relates an incident which had occurred in the Red Sea. The *Yemen*, a steamer belonging to the house of Pastre, somewhere on the Coast of Abyssinia, took on board a number of Pilgrims. When the steamer was out at sea these fanatics attacked the crew, and mastered them. At a fortunate moment an English steamer, belonging to the Peninsular and Oriental Company, appeared in sight, and before the massacre which was intended could be begun the crew was relieved from its perilous position.

The Russian Steam Navigation Company is making several more arrangements of the Villafranca sort. In addition to a dépôt in Algeria, others in Egypt and Barbary are mentioned, besides one in Greece.

Lady Franklin's Arctic Expedition.

To the Editor of the London Times.

SIR: May I request that you will have the kindness to insert a further letter, which I have just received from Capt. M'CLINTOCK, R. N., commanding Lady FRANKLIN's yacht, conveying the gratifying intelligence that he has safely crossed the middle ice of Baffin Sea, and is in a fair way of successfully accomplishing the noble object of his enterprise?

Letters which I have read from Dr. DAVID WALKER, the intelligent surgeon and naturalist of the expedition, published in the Belfast *News*, give the most cheering account of the health and happiness of all on board, notwithstanding their winter's campaign in the middle ice.

I am, Sir, your humble servant,

JOHN BARROW.

No. 17 Hanover-terrace, Regent's Park, Oct. 2.

ARCTIC YACHT FOX, NEAR POND'S BAY, July 26, 1858.

MY DEAR BARROW: I cannot let what may be our last opportunity of writing home, slip past without sending a few lines to you. If you let your memory play you a trick, and the past year slip by, you will exactly understand my position. The chief difference is that I am now in sight of Pond's Bay, and have not the dreaded middle ice to circumvent. We reached Cape York on the 26th of June, which is very early, and there PETERSEN had a chat with his old friends, the Arctic Highlanders. Poor HANS (the Esquimaux who accompanied Dr. KANE's expedition and remained behind) was up at Whale Sound, married, but childless, and unhappy because he could not return to Greenland.

There has been no North or West water as yet this year, at least subsequent to the 20th of June. The whole of Baffin's Bay, from Hakluyt Island to our present position, is filled with ice, light in character, and much broken up, but still as much an impediment to navigation as if it retained its Winter constitution. The Summer is a warm one, but what is wanting is a succession of strong winds to remove the ice. Although round Cape York this day month, we have only succeeded in getting thus far to-day.

It is quite impossible to say what may be the state of Barrow Strait a month, or even a fortnight hence. I am not given to imagining difficulties, so shall not augur evil upon the present state of things. You know that the first week in September is worth the whole season put together, and as we are here to take advantage of it, our chances are by no means to be set down as indifferent. After getting all the intelligence of ships or crews, &c., from the Pond's Bay natives, and for which they have received credit since 1842, I propose making the best of my way to Beechey Island, in pursuance of the objects of my voyage. All this you are well acquainted with. I am sure you will rejoice to hear how generously the whaling captains have behaved towards us, supplying us with potatoes, beer, stores, &c., and even some fresh beef.

We have not been able to communicate with many of them, owing to our hurry to steam onward, but the fault has not been theirs that we have not received still larger supplies. I am happy to say the *Fox* is as sound and well equipped as when she left England, and we are all in excellent health. Such extra supplies as may be necessary should our absence be prolonged beyond next year, I intend to be taken on board at Beechey Island, as a measure of precaution. But, it is not my intention (as you may recollect I stated at the outset) to expose my companions to the risk of being compelled to pass a third Winter, if the object of my voyage can be secured without it. I like them all; they are up to their work, and deserving of my entire confidence.

Near Cape Hersburg we communicated with the natives who were at Port Dundas at the time of the *Phoenix's* visit. The old Chief remembered Captain INGLEFIELD's name. For the last two years three families of them have resided upon Point Beatrice—poor isolated, happy wretches!

Should there be any intelligence of interest picked up at Pond's Bay I will certainly endeavor to find some of the whalers along the coast to the southward, in order to send the information home.

For the present good bye, and believe me to remain, my dear BARROW, sincerely yours,

F. L. M'CLINTOCK."

To the Editor of the Times:

SIR: We beg to inform you that our screw whaler, the *Diana*, of this port, Capt. JOHN GRAVILL, Jun., arrived here this day, from Davis' Straits.

She left the *Fox*, discovery vessel, Capt. M'CLINTOCK, in the north part of Pond's Bay, on the 28th of July, and brought home, for the friends of the Captain and officers of that vessel, some cases containing specimens of natural history, &c., and also a quantity of letters, which were posted here this day.

Capt. GRAVILL saw the *Fox* last on the 31 of August, when she was plying up Pond's Bay.

Capt. M'CLINTOCK had heard something about a wreck from the natives there, and was pursuing his inquiries into the matter, after which he intended to proceed to Beechey Island for provisions.

Considering anything relating to the search after intelligence as to the fate of the gallant FRANKLIN of national interest, we forward this intelligence of the progress of Capt. M'CLINTOCK to you, trusting it will thus be communicated to all concerned.

We are glad to state that the *Diana* has 14 whales, 125 tons of oil, and 6½ tons of bone; and reports our steamer *Chase* with 8 large fish, 115 tons of oil, 7 tons of bone, and the steamer *Tay*, of Dundee, with 6 whales, 100 tons of oil, 7 tons of bone. The superiority of steamers for engaging in this trade is thus fully demonstrated.

It will be remembered that the *Diana* above referred to was the first steamer ever sent to the Northern fisheries. We are, Sir, your most ob't servants,

W. BROWN, ATKINSON & CO.

HULL, Oct. 1.

Further Respecting the Turkish Forgery—An English Aspect.

From the London Daily News, Oct. 4.

We published last week the particulars of the apprehension of a Greek merchant, now in custody at Birmingham, charged with having caused to be manufactured a large quantity of spurious Turkish coins, and we have now to narrate the frustration of a scheme for the manufacture of spurious Turkish money entered into by two Frenchmen during their residence in London. Whether the apprehension of the Greek merchant above alluded to led to the discovery of what was going on in the metropolis, we are unable to state; but the loss to the Turkish Government, and the schemes been successfully carried out, must have been immense, as they are calling in the present coinage at a premium. It appears that in consequence of certain information, a few days since by Mr. Inspector WEICHER, of the Metropolitan Detective Police, he, assisted by Sergeant LOWTHER, commenced inquiries, and ascertained that about the end of July last two Frenchmen—one calling himself BONNEMAIN, and the other HUGON—called upon Mr. DAVISS, engineer and manufacturer of die-presses and die-blocks, in Collingwood-street, Blackfriars-road, and inquired the price of a die-press of certain dimensions, which Mr. DAVISS informed them would come to about £300. They objected to the price and left, but called again in a day or two; and, after some conversation, Mr. DAVISS agreed to make it for £275. BONNEMAIN and HUGON proposed to pay £100 down and give bills for the remainder, to which Mr. DAVISS objected, and they eventually agreed to pay £100 down and the remainder when the press was finished, and on the following day Mr. DAVISS, at their request, called at their lodgings, near Cavendish-square, and signed an agreement, setting forth in a most business-like manner the power of the Press, the period at which it was to be completed, and a penalty of 10s. per day for every day after until it was delivered. At this interview HUGON and Mr. DAVISS only were present, BONNEMAIN being absent. On the following day, HUGON called on Mr. DAVISS, paid him the £100, and gave him an order, in addition to the press, for a number of die blocks, to be prepared ready for "sinking," which he promptly executed. In the meantime HUGON called on a die-sinker, named GUESSARRAN, carrying on business in Grey's-inn-road, and said he wished him to engrave for him a certain number of dies for Turkish coins, but GUESSARRAN refused to have anything to do with them. HUGON gave him an order to engrave a die representing St. John baptizing our Saviour in the river Jordan, with a Latin inscription on the obverse, which he executed; but whether the order was given as a blind, or whether the die really represents a coin of some other country, has not yet been ascertained. HUGON afterwards called upon a German die-sinker, named THOMAS, residing in Stamford-street, Blackfriars, and produced several Turkish piastres of different value, that were much worn, and inquired what he would charge for a pair of dies engraved from them, so as to reproduce their worn appearance. THOMAS asked the prisoner HUGON what had become of the old dies, to which he replied, "they are broken," and that he had been instructed by the Turkish Government to get fresh ones manufactured in this country. Eventually the parties agreed to give THOMAS £37 for sinking three pairs, and the latter having obtained the die blocks from Mr. DAVISS, commenced his work, and proceeded rapidly with it. During the time the press and dies were being manufactured, the prisoner frequently called on Mr. DAVISS and THOMAS with a view of expediting the work, stating that the articles were required as speedily as possible for shipment abroad; and about a week since as the articles were near completion, he purchased a quantity of sheet copper, also stating it was for shipment at Liverpool, (showing their operations were not to be conducted in this country,) and also to have a few specimens struck off the dies to see how they would act, and if any alterations were necessary in them before their completion. After learning the above facts, Mr. Inspector WEICHER experienced some difficulty in ascertaining the prisoner's whereabouts, as Messrs. DAVISS and THOMAS were not then in possession of his address, and his visits to them had been less frequent since the apprehension of the Greek merchant than before; but, after a diligent search, Mr. WEICHER succeeded in apprehending HUGON on Saturday in Agar-street, Strand. On being told the nature of the charge, he replied, "Very well," and on searching his lodgings at a hotel in the neighborhood of Regent-street, where he had resided, and passed by the name of ARNIN for the last three weeks, representing himself to be a commercial traveler—a sum of £250 was found. From what has been ascertained since the short time HUGON has been in custody, there is no doubt the press and dies were intended for immediate shipment to Alexandria, where these coins are current. The press in question weighs about two tons, and the "strike" in the die is equal to four or five tons, and it is but just to Mr. DAVISS to state that he had no suspicion of the purposes for which the press was required, or he would have given immediate information to the police, and rendered them every assistance, as he has now done. The press and dies are in the possession of the authorities, with whom the Turkish Ambassador is in communication in reference to this extraordinary attempted extensive fraud on the Turkish Government. BONNEMAIN left England in August last, and it is anticipated he has proceeded to the place appointed for HUGON's joining him with the press and dies, in order to carry out their designs. The prisoner will be taken before a magistrate to-day, and a remand asked for, in order to give Mr. Inspector WEICHER time to make further inquiries.

COMMITTAL OF THE GREEK MERCHANT.

From the London Post, Oct. 5.

Yesterday, at the Public Office, Moor-street, Birmingham, before Messrs. T. C. S. KYNERSLEY, D. MARTINS and W. MIDDLEMORE, a Greek merchant, residing in Manchester, named ANTONIO CALVOCORESSI, was brought up on remand, charged, with having caused to be made in Birmingham a large quantity of Turkish piastres for circulation in Alexandria, Syria and Turkey. On the bench, with the magistrates, was ABDULLAH EFFENDI, the Turkish Consul at Manchester. Mr. METEYARD, barrister, conducted the prosecution; and Mr. HARDING, solicitor, defended the prisoner. The case was fully gone into, the first witness being Mr. DUFFLE, brass-caster, of Great Hampton-row, who deposed to the fact of CALVOCORESSI coming to him in March last and giving him an order for a large quantity of piastres. The copper was to be supplied by the well-known firm of WOOD & SON, metal dealers, of Birmingham. About 55 gross of the coin were manufactured and forwarded to CALVOCORESSI at Manchester, before the transaction was discovered. Messrs. RALPH & GEORGE HEATON (firm of HEATON & SONS, brass casters, of Bath-street) were also examined, and gave evidence of the prisoner, in company with Mr. GEORGE WOOD and a foreigner, calling at their place of business in March last, and offering them a similar order. They declined it, and pointed out from the Act of Parliament the illegality of the transaction. After the testimony of Mr. CELLIS, Turkish Consul for Birmingham, and also that of Superintendent GLOSSOP and Inspector TANDY, of the detective force, had been heard, the prisoner was committed for trial at the next borough sessions, the offence being shown to be a misdemeanor, and not a felony. Bail was accepted, the prisoner being bound in £200, with two sureties in £100 each.

The Atlantic Telegraph.

From the London Times.

A telegraphic dispatch received at Halifax from New-York on the 23d of September, announces "the cable all right." Other accounts state "satisfactory signals have been received at Trinity Bay, Newfoundland, through the Atlantic cable during the past three days." As no messages have been received on this side through the wire, the report will appear at first wholly undeserving of credit, but it admits of an explanation which holds out the hope that communication from Ireland to Newfoundland may actually have been established. It is believed that some new instruments of extraordinary power have been used at Valentia for transmitting signals, and if these have been successful the circumstance of the connection having been kept up only one way will be accounted for, since they have no similar instruments at Newfoundland by which to send return messages. The public, however, must not rush to any very sanguine conclusions, as, even supposing communication to have been effected, there must be great doubt, under any circumstances, as to its being steadily maintained, unless the injuries known to have been sustained by the cable should be found to admit of repair.

From the Cork Reporter.

Newfoundland letters, received in town by the *Propeller*, *via* Galway, to 21st September, state that a message had been received on that day from Valentia, through the cable; adding what we were hardly prepared to hear, "with a better current than ever." They did not appear to know to what to attribute the cessation in the communication previously, but inclined to the opinion that the instruments hitherto used involved great uncertainty in the working, which appears to be the opinion of many scientific men at this side of the water. Mr. HUGHES, the distinguished American electrician, was on his way from the United States to Newfoundland, to cooperate with and assist the English gentlemen in charge of the batteries and instruments in Trinity Bay, by his great scientific knowledge and experience. The above intelligence coming from a reliable source is calculated to raise some hopes that the defects, whatever they are, or wherever existing, may yet be remedied to some extent.

A Forty-five Ton American Cutter Crossing the Atlantic.

From the London Times.

SOUTHAMPTON, Oct. 4.—A small craft arrived at Liverpool in July, 1857, named the *Charter Oak*, only 23 tons burden, from New-York, her owner and builder having performed the perilous passage across the Atlantic in this frail bark with a single companion. The adventurous navigator, whose name is CHARLES R. WEBB, has now accomplished a second enterprise of the kind, having arrived at this port on Saturday evening in a small cutter named the *Christopher Columbus*, this time accompanied by two boys, both 15 years of age, neither of them previously acquainted with nautical pursuits.

The cutter had sailed from New-York on the 19th of August, and has occupied 45 days in the voyage. She is only 45 tons burden, 53 feet in length over all, 45 feet keel, 16 feet in width, and the mast is 50 feet 6 inches long. She has no raised bulwarks, the deck being merely protected by a stout rope sustained by iron stanchions. Her greatest draught of water is 8 feet. A more frail looking bark in which to cross the stormy Atlantic it is scarcely possible to conceive, as she lies off the town quay, surrounded by the larger craft built for the purposes of our river and coast. The *Christopher Columbus* was built at Stamford, Conn., in seven months, every part of the work being executed by WEBB himself, except the stepping of the mast and the rigging, even to the cutting down and shaping of the timber with which she is constructed. WEBB is a native of Stamford, 29 years of age, and a shipwright by trade, his nautical knowledge, as he tells us, having been gained while working as a carpenter on board a Liverpool packet-ship. This is the 7th voyage he has made across the Atlantic—nine out and eight home. The two boys by whom he was accompanied in his daring adventure, are named GEO. CEALLE and SAM. SCOTTELLE.

The voyage has been conducted throughout on strict temperance principles, but the stores of provisions were of a very modest and unpretentious character, comprising only biscuit, smoked beef, and salt pork with a little salt beef. The vessel is built of oak and strongly ribbed. A plain cabin, with sleeping recesses on either side, in the centre, the vessel, occupying either end, constitutes the whole internal economy of this remarkable craft. The vessel arrived off Cowes on Saturday at 4 o'clock, and came on here in the evening. Not the least curious part of the whole affair is the log, kept in a very rough manner on a few sheets of foolscap paper stitched together, the entries all made in pencil, ink being evidently an unknown commodity on board.

China.

Hong Kong (Aug. 16) Correspondence of the London Times.

Since writing you on the 23d ult. there is little change to report in the state of political matters in these parts.

We have not been informed of any further details of the new treaty.

The allied fleet had dispersed from the Pei-ho.

Contrary to expectation, Lord ELGIN and Sir MICHAEL SEYMOUR have proceeded from Shanghae to Japan. The presence of the latter is much required at Canton, where the state of things does not improve. We hear, however, Sir MICHAEL SEYMOUR will come down here after visiting Japan, and he may therefore be expected to arrive in about a month's time. In case it is necessary to undertake active operations in the neighborhood of Canton, it may be as well they should now be delayed, for in the present weather the forces would, no doubt, suffer severely on an expedition.

Lord ELGIN, we believe, will return from Japan to Shanghae to meet the Commissioners that are to be sent down from Pekin to conduct the revision of the new tariff.

Their Excellencies Baron GROS and Mr. RUSS were at Shanghae, by last advices.

We understand His Imperial Majesty's fleet, under Admiral de GUERCHAY, rendezvous at Manila, and it is proposed at once to enter on the expedition against Cochin China, in which the Spanish Government is to join.

His Imperial Majesty's steamer *Seine*, with upwards of 500 soldiers, arrived here on the 31 inst., and has sailed for Manila.

Count PUTIATINE, the Russian Envoy, was still at Tien-tsin.

Her Majesty's transport *Adventure* and the *Sarcenne* have arrived from the north. The former brought down the 59th Regiment, and the latter the Royal Engineers. Several gunboats have also come in from the north during the last fortnight.

At Canton matters remain much the same as before, and are most unsatisfactory. The Viceroy HWANG has issued a notification that dispatches from the Court of Pekin have been received, advising the conclusion of the treaty. As yet it has produced no effect on the policy of the war party, and it is much to be doubted if it will create any change.

We learn that HWANG's communication, advising the receipt of the dispatches to the Commissioners, was discourteous.

Notice has been given that all claims of British merchants are to be proved before Her Majesty's Consul for Canton at the Superintendency here. We conclude, from this, that indemnity for losses was stipulated in the treaty.

The British Consulate has again retired from Canton, and only one or two foreigners are at present up there.

Lord ELGIN has requested an expression of the views of the British merchants as to the most desirable site at Canton for the future British factory. Nothing, however, has been decided upon the point yet.

In consequence of the great inconvenience felt by foreigners, as well as Chinese, from the edicts of the Mandarins ordering the people and servants away from this place, an address, numerously signed by the British community, was presented to his Excellency Sir JOHN BOWRING, requesting him to take the matter into consideration, and, with the assistance of the senior naval officer, to adopt some measure that would counteract the orders of the Mandarins taking effect here. We send you a copy of the address, and his Excellency's reply, also the proclamation that has been issued, warning the Chinese authorities of the retribution they were likely to bring upon themselves for their evil intentions towards this colony. Heang-shan and Sun-on have been the principal places whence the orders have been issued.

The latter place is close to this. A party was sent in the gunboat *Starling* to distribute the proclamation there. About half-a-dozen of the party landed with a flag of truce. While proceeding towards the town they were met by a large body of armed men and had to retire. While pulling away, one seaman was killed by a discharge from a gingall.

We hear an expedition, comprising a force of about 600 men, will leave to-morrow morning for Sun-on.

From Amoy we hear of a good deal of sickness; a kind of cholera prevailed there among the Chinese, and along the coast to the northward of Amoy.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

Magnetic Telegraph Company's Offices—No. 43 Wall-street and Astor House.

FROM WASHINGTON.

For Paraguay—The Union and Douglas! The Naval Retiring Board—The Florida War Expenses—Another Ten Million Loan, &c.

Special Dispatch to the *New-York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Oct. 20.

Captain JENKINS left this afternoon to take command of the *Preble*, which sails from Norfolk for Paraguay.

Governor MCMULLEN has been notified that he will be superseded as Governor of Washington Territory.

WENDELL, of the *Union*, declares himself in favor of DOUGLAS. He says he is making money by publishing the attacks upon him, but disclaims any responsibility therefor.

Attorney-General BLACK has given the opinion I have before mentioned, pronouncing the proceedings of the Naval Retiring Board illegal. He says he has bestowed more care upon it than he ever bestowed on any subject before.

The funeral of Captain WOODS, of the Eighth Infantry, took place to-day.

The late dispatches from Mexico contain nothing of interest outside of the news already published. Q.

[FROM THE REPORTER FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, Wednes

The New-York Times.

VOL. VIII.....NO. 2211. NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1858. PRICE TWO CENTS.

[illegible] Steamer at Halifax.

[illegible] TWENTY DAYS LATER.

[illegible] View of the Condition of the Atlantic Telegraph.

[illegible] MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE.

[illegible] Bremen Hull—Cincinnati [illegible]

HALIFAX, Wednesday, Oct. 20.

The Royal Mail steamship Europa, Capt. LEITCH, from Liverpool at 10½ o'clock on the morning of the 6th inst., arrived at this port at 12 o'clock last night. Her dates are three days later than those already received.

Among her passengers are the Hon. HENRY J. RAYMOND, of the New-York Times, and Judge PERSON, of [illegible].

[illegible] reports on the 14th inst. exchanging signals with the British bark Resignee, bound east.

The ship Daniel Webster, arrived at London from [illegible], on the 20th September, in [illegible] on the 20th, she passed a number of dead [illegible], supposed to be from the burnt steamer Austria.

[illegible] from the Atlantic Steam Packet Company, [illegible] in interview with Mr. HAYMAN, Secretary, on the subject of postal subsidies between Galway, Newfoundland and America, [illegible] that the Government viewed with consideration the British North American Colonies by Mr. [illegible], and the importance they attached to be able to [illegible] between London and Washington in six days.

The Limerick Reporter says that on the assembling of Parliament the Government will recommend giving a guarantee of £50,000 as the first instalment for the construction of a breakwater, should the Commissioners' report be favorable. The Commissioners had arrived to commence investigations.

The Daily News has a hopeful editorial article on the Atlantic Cable, and thinks it may yet be rendered available. It says that Professor THOMSON has nearly succeeded in neutralizing the effects of earth currents, which become perplexing when the currents through the cable are so weak. Professor THOMSON has so modified his printing apparatus that a current of voltaic electricity generated by a small iron wire being held in the hand moistened with water, while a copper wire of equal size is held in the other, the two wires being united so as to form a circuit, is sufficient in intensity to make his machine print an intelligible message. So sensitive is his new instrument that it will still print correctly, though a current of electricity is so weak as to be undetected still more intensely by passing through the bodies of four individuals. With the combined improvements and inventions of Professors THOMSON and HUGHES and Mr. BAIN, we are not without hope that, as soon as their instruments can be conveyed across the Atlantic, electric communication will be once more restored.

The London Globe discredits the report that Lord MAYO is to Canada in connection with the projected visit of the Prince of Wales.

The Common Council of London have resolved to present the freedom of the city and swords valued at 100 guineas each to Lord CLYDE and Sir JAMES OUTRAM for their Indian services.

At the weekly meeting of the Directors of the Bank of England, an adjournment took place without the anticipated reduction in the rate of discount.

The half-yearly meeting of the Great Western Railway Company of Canada, had been held in London. The Directors' report, which declares a dividend of four per cent, was adopted by a small majority, an amendment having been proposed, limiting the dividend to 3½ per cent.

A resolution was agreed to, after strong opposition, authorizing the Directors to advance £100,000 for the rolling stock of the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway.

At the General Conference of Railway delegates in session at London, it was resolved to give permanent organization to the Conference, and to form from it an Association called the Railway Companies' Association.

The satisfactory exhibit of the Western Bank of Glasgow, and an additional call on the shareholders, had called forth the bitterest strictures of the Press, and the recommendations were that the shareholders be prosecuted.

A special meeting of the shareholders of the Dublin and Lake Huron Railway, in London, it was stated that the gross revenue of the half year was more than absorbed by the works in progress.

It is confirmed that two French men-of-war have gone to the Tagus to support the demand of the French Minister at Lisbon for compensation for the seizure of the French vessel Charles Georges, while transporting negroes to the West Indies.

The Emperor would remain at Chalons Camp till the month of October.

The close in lich between MORPHY and HARRWITZ was suddenly closed, the latter being unable to proceed, owing to illness. The state of the game at the close was: MORPHY, 5; HARRWITZ, 3; Drawn, 1.

The Times correspondent says, there is reason to hope that the difference between the French and Portuguese Governments respecting the seizure of the French bark Charles Georges, will be amicably arranged.

Accounts of the great commercial catastrophe at Lille had been received in Paris. A Magistrate at Lille had granted a warrant for the arrest of the principal bankrupt, and of his accomplices.

The Prince who is placed at the head of the French Mission in China, is to be raised to the rank of Consul.

The Imperial French Consul at Shanghae, has been appointed to Canton Consul-General of China, at the same port of Tien-tsin.

The Independent, of Turin, has declared the visit of Prince NAPOLEON to Warsaw, an event of great political importance, being, as it thinks, the prelude of an alliance between France, Russia, and Piedmont, hostile to Austria.

The Emperor of Russia has conferred on the Aide-de-Camp who accompanied Prince NAPOLEON to Warsaw, the order of St. Vladimir, and on the other officers of his suite that of St. Stanislaus.

[illegible], the Napoleon Prince, was expected in Paris en route to London.

The French Three Per Cents closed on Friday, at 72f. 75c. The Bourse had been affected by the Portuguese difficulty, but rallied.

The French Admiral, commanding in the Gulf of Mexico, had quitted Paris for his post with energetic orders to protect French citizens.

Rent during war was very high in Madrid in consequence of the approaching elections.

The Madrid Gazette publishes a Royal Ordinance authorizing the Government to receive tenders for a line of packets to run between the Peninsula and the Antilles, the tenders to be adjudicated on the 24 of February next.

A semi-official journal says the Spanish Government is about to have built four large and eight small steamers and thirty-two screw gun-boats for the suppression of piracy in the Philippine Islands.

The English Government has dispatched a note to the Belgian Government, urging that immediate provision may be made for the total abolition of the Slave trade.

On the 25th of September the Pope held a Secret Consistory Court. No promotions to Cardinals were made, but twenty-five Bishops have been nominated, of whom three are French.

Advices from Berlin state that the health of the King of Prussia, which for some time has been getting worse, now gives cause for serious alarm.

A decree has been issued by the King of Prussia appointing the Prince of Prussia Regent. The Prince is entrusted on the Government until the restoration of the King's health upon his own responsibility. A proclamation to this effect, and for the further organization of affairs, will appear immediately. The Diet will probably be opened about the 20th inst.

The Prussian Diet was opened on the 4th by the Minister of the Interior, in the name of the King, who is extremely ill. The speech was unimportant.

The Austrian Gazette publishes a long list concerning new military conscriptions, limiting the term of service to seven years instead of eight, and including the [illegible].

Prince WILLIAM, eldest Hereditary prince of Hesse, and subsequently Prince Minister of Hesse, had died at Vienna.

The reduction of the Austrian army had commenced. Four sections of the superior command of the army had been dissolved.

The Montenegrins had hoisted their flag in Istorizza, a territory on the coast of the Adriatic.

The Turin Opinione says that Lord STRATFORD DE REDCLIFFE had been instructed to express the regret of the English Government for the bombardment of Spezzia, and that England intends to indemnify the sufferers.

It was further reported that England will ask to cede the island at Parim for a hundred years.

Europe by Telegraph from London to Liverpool.

LONDON, Saturday, Oct. 9—A. M.

Friday Evening—Daily News City Article.

Business throughout the Stock Exchange remains dull, and there is no general movement in prices. Steadiness generally prevails, but the inactive demand for Securities has subsided. The funds closed to-day about the same as yesterday. Forty thousand pounds was sent into the Bank. At Hamburg, the rate of discount has risen to 5 per cent., owing to the demand for Silver for Austria, as the Austrian Bank is preparing for a resumption of specie payments. Silver must be attracted from all quarters, hence the pressure on 'Change this afternoon. Bills on the Continent were in demand, and rates slightly less favorable for England were established, as regards Holland, Belgium, Austria and Madrid. The shares of the Atlantic Telegraph Company remain rather flat, and closed at £20¾ to £21¼.

Friday Evening—Times City Article.

The English funds throughout the day have been firm at the improved quotation of last evening. Payments in the Turkish Scrip, amounting in the aggregate to £700,000, caused a slight demand for money, but not to an extent to produce any material change in the current. The dividends will be payable to the public on Wednesday next, and the opinion seems to be that on the following day the Bank will notify to 2½ per cent., instead of adopting the more desirable course of allowing their terms to be contingent from day to day on the state of the market.

The liabilities of M. DUMAS, whose failure at Lille was announced a day or two back, are stated at £200,000.

The Times on the state of the Money market says it seems certain that an extraordinary increase of ease must be expected, since the public this quarter have entirely abstained from taking any advance from the Bank during the shutting of the transfer books. The whole of the dividends will therefore come into their hands. Further specie receipts are also certain to take place in the interval, the larger portion of which will be retained here, although some partial amounts will be required for France and Holland, where the demand for money this week has been more active than in London.

The *Times* has received the following telegram:

ALEXANDRIA, Tuesday, Oct. 5.

The *Cambria* sailed this morning, with the Australian mails for England, and gold valued at £165,033. The dates are Melbourne, Aug. 16; Sydney, Aug. 12. The May and June mails reached Melbourne on the 1st and 13th of August, respectively. The following are the departures of gold ships:

July 24, *Agincourt*, for London, with 70,750 ounces.

Aug. 14, *Lincolnshire*, for London, with 105,612 ounces.

The contract between the Government and the six banks for the negotiation of a Railway loan was signed Aug. 16. The export trade was very dull. The import was overstocked at Sydney.

The supplies of wool were very small. A fire at Auckland had destroyed a large portion of the city.

MADRID, Tuesday, Oct. 6.

It is announced that a reform in the customs tariff will soon be published.

Commercial Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

The Brokers' *Circular* states that the sales of the week were 45,000 bales, of which 2,300 were on speculation, and 3,000 for export. The market was slow, but there was no change in prices. Friday's sales were 7,000 bales, the market closing quiet but steady at the following authorized quotations: Fair Orleans, 7¼d.; Middling Orleans, 7¼d.; Fair Mobiles, 7 9-16d.; Middling Mobiles, 7 5-16d.; Fair Uplands, 7½d.; Middling Uplands, 7¼d.

The stock in port was estimated at 495,000 bales of which 412,000 were American.

Messrs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. say that holders offer freely, but show no disposition to press sales, finding a difficulty in getting current prices, except for middling, which is wanted.

STATE OF TRADE IN MANCHESTER.

The advices from Manchester are not favorable. All qualities of yarns had slightly declined. Cloths were firm.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

Messrs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. quote FLOUR dull; Western Canal, 20s.@21s.; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 21s.@22s.; Ohio, 22s.@24s. 6d. WHEAT very dull and nominal; Red Western, 5s. 3d.@5s. 4d.; White Western, 5s. 3d.@5s. 9d.; White Southern, 7s.@7s. 3d. CORN had slightly declined on all qualities, but quotations were nominal; Yellow, 32s.@33s.; White, 32s.@34s.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

Messrs. HIGLAND, ATTEA & Co., RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co., JAMES MCHENRY, and others, quote: BEEF dull and steady; the Government contracts had been mostly awarded to American, at 55 10s. PORK steady; the Government contracts had been obtained for Irish, at 57 10s. BACON heavy, with a slight decline in the middling and lower grades. LARD dull, at 60s.@61s. TALLOW firmer; Butchers' Association quoted nominally, at 50s. 6d.@51s., with none on the market.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

The Brokers' and other circulars quote ASHES quiet at 31s. 6d. for Pots, and 32s. 6d. for Pearls. SUGAR dull, and all descriptions slightly lower. COFFEE firm but quiet. RICE heavy and 3d. lower. TEA firm, with an advance of ¼d.@1d. on the blackest leaf. RESIN dull; common, 2s. 11d.@4s.; fine, 12s.@16s. FISH OILS—sales unimportant. LINSEED OIL quiet at 32s. 6d.@33s. SPIRITS TURPENTINE steady at 37s. 6d.@38s. 6d. QUERCITRON BARK nominal at 9s. for Philadelphia, and 8s. 6d.@7s. for Baltimore.

LONDON MARKET.

Messrs. BARING, BROTHERS & Co. quote BREADSTUFFS dull, but steady. White American WHEAT, 44s.@46s.; Red, 42s.@46s. American FLOUR, 23s.@24s. IRON firm, a good demand for Bar, at £6 5s.; rails firm, at £6 5s.@£6 10s.; Pig steady, at 54s.@44s. 3d. SUGAR dull, and quotations barely maintained. COFFEE firm, but quiet. TEA firm, and ¼d.@1d. better. COTTON—Common Congou 12½d. SPIRITS TURPENTINE opened firm, but closed dull, at 38s. 6d.@38s. TALLOW—All qualities slightly higher. P. C. 50s. 3d. RICE heavy. LINSEED CAKES in fair demand: New-York, £11; Boston, £10 10. COD-FISH OILS, sales unimportant. SPERM OIL, £92. LINSEED OIL slightly declined; sales at 32s. 6d. on the spot, and 32s. to arrive. SALTPETRE—All qualities slightly higher.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

CONSOLS closed at 98¼@98¾, for both money and account.

The Bullion in the Bank of England had increased £236,000.

RAVEN MARKETS.

[For the week ending Oct. 5, inclusive.]

COTTON dull; sales of the week 2,500 bales; TYES *ordinaires*, 112 francs; stock, 62,000 bales. BREADSTUFFS tend downward; quotations nominal. ASHES quiet. SUGAR firm. OILS in but little inquiry, and prices weak. RICE dull. LARD quiet, but firm.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.

Messrs. BARING BROTHERS report the market generally unchanged. State Stocks were scarce.

Messrs. BELL & Son say there had been an average business transacted without any material variation in prices. The market closed steady.

United States Sixes, '67-'68	104 @105
United States Bonds, '86	104⅝@106⅛
Alabama Fives	75 @ —
Kentucky Sixes	91 @ 93
Ohio Sixes	94 @ 95
Massachusetts Fives	101 @102
Ohio Sixes	96⅝@ 97⅛
Pennsylvania Fives	79 @ 81
Pennsylvania 5 Cent. Bonds, '77	84⅝@ 85⅝
Tennessee Sixes	90 @ 92
Virginia Sixes	82 @ 84
Virginia Fives	83 @ 84
Illinois Central Sevens, (Freeland,) '90	70 @ 80
Illinois Central Sixes and Sevens, '79	87 @ 89
Illinois Central Shares	22 @20dis
New-York Central Sixes	92 @ 95
New-York Central Shares	74 @ 75
Erie Sevens, 2d mortgage	67 @ 69
Erie Shares	17 @ 19
Panama Bonds of '58	98 @ 99
Panama Bonds of '63	93⅝@ 94⅛
Pennsylvania Central Sixes, 1st mort	90 @ 92

The London *Times*, of Friday, says that the market was depressed, and Illinois Central Shares had declined. Michigan Central Eights, 1860, Sinking Fund, were sold at 83.

Sailing of the Europa for Boston.

HALIFAX, Wednesday, Oct. 20.

The Royal Mail steamship *Europa* sailed at 4 A. M. for Boston, where she will be due to-morrow (Thursday) noon. Weather clear and calm.

NEWS BY THE EDINBURG.

The British screw-steamer *Edinburg*, Captain DUMARESQ, arrived yesterday morning from Glasgow, which port she left on the 6th instant. We have Glasgow papers of the 6th, and London of the evening of the 5th. The Edinburg had strong westerly winds throughout the entire passage. She brings 43 cabin passengers, and 150 in the steerage.

The loss of the steamer Austria was known in London on the 3d.

The *Suffolk* had arrived in England from Australia with 78,863 ounces of gold, and the *Queen Chief* with 47,304 ounces, making a total of gold arrivals in two days of £350,344.

The premises of Messrs. WEBSTER, extensive shipbuilders at the West India Docks, London, had been entirely consumed by fire.

The official journal of the Two Sicilies announces that the Hon. J. R. CHANDLER had an audience of the King of Naples on the 29th ult., to present his credentials as United States Minister to the Court of the Two Sicilies.

It is stated that the French Government has sent two ships-of-war to Lisbon, to support its demand for the restitution of the *Charles Georges*. On this subject the Paris correspondent of the London *Globe* says:

"Two French war vessels are ordered to proceed at once to Lisbon, and obtain redress for some alleged interference of Portugal with a French ship in the canal of Mozambique. This ship, if you recollect, was found embarking 'voluntary laborers' from the east coast of Africa for the plantation of Isle Reunion. The *Lacedemonian* cruiser thought the joke was carried rather too far."

The *Universal German Gazette* says:

"The presence of the Emperor ALEXANDER at Warsaw forms a new phase in the political state of affairs as far as regards the relations of the Courts of Vienna and St. Petersburg. It can be no longer concealed that all the hopes which had been formed of a reconciliation between Russia and Austria have completely vanished. It is certain that Austria had manifested her desire to be on a friendly footing with Russia, but those advances were received with so much coolness and reserve that all idea of fresh ones had been given up, and it has been decided to only observe in a political point of view the relations of two nations who are at peace. It is in this sense that the mission of Gen. SCHMERLING to Vienna must be regarded. It is only an insignificant act of conventional courtesy, while, if the Archduke WILLIAM had gone to Warsaw, it would have been an event of great political importance."

A letter from Vienna of the 20th ult. says that the petitions of the Protestant Synods and Churches of Hungary, on the subject of the refusal of the Catholic clergy to celebrate mixed marriages except on the promise that children born of them shall be brought up as Catholics, have been presented to the Council of the Empire with other documents relative to the affair. The petitions pray that some plan of celebrating mixed marriages shall be formed in the event of such refusal. The same letter says that a number of complaints had been presented to the Council to the effect that Protestants have been punished for having rung bells or worked on Catholic holidays, and that the Catholic clergy had committed encroachments on Protestant privileges; but the Council of the Empire rejected them.

An Italian paper, published at Alexandria, states that there had been fresh troubles at Djidda, and relates an incident which had occurred in the Red Sea. The *Yemen*, a steamer belonging to the house of Pastre, somewhere on the Coast of Abyssinia, took on board a number of Pilgrims. When the steamer was out at sea these fanatics attacked the crew, and mastered them. At a fortunate moment an English steamer, belonging to the Peninsular and Oriental Company, appeared in sight, and before the massacre which was intended could be begun the crew was relieved from its perilous position.

The Russian Steam Navigation Company is making several more arrangements of the Villafranca sort. In addition to a dépôt in Algeria, others in Egypt and Barbary are mentioned, besides one in Greece.

Lady Franklin's Arctic Expedition.

To the Editor of the London Times.

SIR: May I request that you will have the kindness to insert a further letter, which I have just received from Capt. M'CLINTOCK, R. N., commanding Lady FRANKLIN's yacht, conveying the gratifying intelligence that he has safely crossed the middle ice of Baffin Sea, and is in a fair way of successfully accomplishing the noble object of his enterprise?

Letters which I have read from Dr. DAVID WALKER, the intelligent surgeon and naturalist of the expedition, published in the Belfast *News*, give the most cheering account of the health and happiness of all on board, notwithstanding their winter's campaign in the middle ice.

I am, Sir, your humble servant,

JOHN BARROW.

No. 17 Hanover-terrace, Regent's Park, Oct. 2.

ARCTIC YACHT FOX, NEAR POND'S BAY, July 28, 1858.

MY DEAR BARROW: I cannot let what may be our last opportunity of writing home, slip past without sending a few lines to you. If you let your memory play you a trick, and the past year slip by, you will exactly understand my position. The chief difference is that I am now in sight of Pond's Bay, and have not the dreaded middle ice to circumvent. We reached Cape York on the 26th of June, which is very early, and there PETERSEN had a chat with his old friends, the Arctic Highlanders. Poor HANS (the Esquimaux who accompanied Dr. KANE's expedition and remained behind) was up at Whale Sound, married, but childless, and unhappy because he could not return to Greenland.

There has been no North or West water as yet this year, at least subsequent to the 20th of June. The whole of Baffin's Bay, from Hakluyt Island to our present position, is filled with ice, light in character, and much broken up, but still as much an impediment to navigation as if it retained its Winter constitution. The Summer is a warm one, but what is wanting is a succession of strong winds to remove the ice. Although round Cape York this day month, we have only succeeded in getting thus far to-day.

It is quite impossible to say what may be the state of Barrow Strait a month, or even a fortnight hence. I am not given to imagining difficulties, so shall not augur evil upon the present state of things. You know that the first week in September is worth the whole season put together, and as we are here to take advantage of it, our chances are by no means to be set down as indifferent. After getting all the intelligence of ships or crews, &c., from the Pond's Bay natives, and for which they have received credit since 1842, I propose making the best of my way to Beechey Island, in pursuance of the objects of my voyage. All this you are well acquainted with. I am sure you will rejoice to hear how generously the whaling captains have behaved towards us, supplying us with potatoes, beer, stores, &c., and even some fresh beef.

We have not been able to communicate with many of them, owing to our hurry to steam onward, but the fault has not been theirs that we have not received still larger supplies. I am happy to say the *Fox* is as sound and well equipped as when she left England, and we are all in excellent health. Such extra supplies as may be necessary should our absence be prolonged beyond next year, I intend to take on board at Beechey Island, as a measure of precaution. But it is not my intention (as you may recollect I stated at the outset) to expose my companions to the risk of being compelled to pass a third Winter, if the object of my voyage can be secured without it. I like them all; they are up to their work, and deserving of my entire confidence.

Near Cape Hombury we communicated with the natives who were at Fort Dundas at the time of the *Prince's* visit. The old Chief remembered Captain INGLEFIELD's name. For the last two years three families of them have resided upon Point Beatrice—poor isolated, happy wretches!

Should there be any intelligence of interest picked up at Pond's Bay I will certainly endeavor to find some of the whalers along the coast to the southward, in order to send the information home.

For the present good bye, and believe me to remain, my dear BARROW, sincerely yours,

F. L. M'CLINTOCK."

To the Editor of the Times:

SIR: We beg to inform you that our screw whaler, the *Diana*, of this port, Capt. JOHN GRAVELL, Jun., arrived here this day, from Davis' Straits.

She left the *Fox*, discovery vessel, Capt. M'CLINTOCK, in the north part of Pond's Bay, on the 29th of July, and brought home, for the friends of the Captain and officers of that vessel, some cases containing specimens of natural history, &c., and also a quantity of letters, which were posted here this day.

Capt. GRAVELL saw the *Fox* last on the 3d of August, when she was plying up Pond's Bay.

Capt. M'CLINTOCK had heard something about a wreck from the natives there, and was pursuing his inquiries into the matter, after which he intended to proceed to Beechey Island for provisions.

Considering anything relating to the search after intelligence as to the fate of the gallant FRANKLIN of national interest, we forward this intelligence of the progress of Capt. M'CLINTOCK to you, trusting it will thus be communicated to all concerned.

We are glad to state that the *Diana* has 14 whales, 125 tons of oil, and 6¼ tons of bone; and reports our steamer *Chase* with 8 large fish, 119 tons of oil, 7 tons of bone, and the steamer *Tay*, of Dundee, with 6 whales, 100 tons of oil, 7 tons of bone. The superiority of steamers for engaging in this trade is thus fully demonstrated.

It will be remembered that the *Diana* above referred to was the first steamer ever sent to the Northern fisheries.

We are, Sir, your most ob't servants,

W. BROWN, ATKINSON & CO.

HULL, Oct. 1.

Further Respecting the Turkish Forgery—An English Aspect.

From the London Daily News, Oct. 4.

We published last week the particulars of the apprehension of a Greek merchant, now in custody at Birmingham, charged with having caused to be manufactured a large quantity of spurious Turkish coins, and we have now to narrate the frustration of a scheme for the manufacture of spurious Turkish money entered into by two Frenchmen during their residence in London. Whether the apprehension of the Greek merchant above alluded to led to the discovery of what was going on in the metropolis, we are unable to state; but the loss to the Turkish Government, had the scheme been successfully carried out, must have been immense, as they are calling in the present coinage at a premium. It appears that in consequence of certain information, a few days since by Mr. Inspector WEECHES, of the Metropolitan Detective Police, he, assisted by Sergeant LEWTHWAITE, commenced inquiries, and ascertained that about the end of July last two Frenchmen—one calling himself BOISSERIOLLE, and the other HUGON—called upon Mr. DAVIES, engineer and manufacturer of die-presses and die-blocks, in Collingwood-street, Blackfriars-road, and inquired the price of a die-press of certain dimensions, which Mr. DAVIES informed them would come to about £300. They objected to the price and left, but called again in a day or two; and, after some conversation, Mr. DAVIES agreed to make it for £275. BOISSERIOLLE and HUGON proposed to pay £100 down and give bills for the remainder, to which Mr. DAVIES objected, and they eventually agreed to pay £100 down and the remainder when the press was finished, and on the following day Mr. DAVIES, at their request, called at their lodgings, near Cavendish-square, and signed an agreement, setting forth in a most extraordinary manner the purpose of the *Press*, the period at which it was to be completed, and a penalty of £5 per day for every day after until it was delivered. At this interview HUGON and Mr. DAVIES only were present, BOISSERIOLLE being absent. On the following day, HUGON called on Mr. DAVIES, paid him the £100, and gave him an order, in addition to the press, for a number of die blocks, to be prepared ready for "stamping," which he promptly executed. In the meantime HUGON called on a die-sinker, named GUMMERSON, carrying on business in Gray's-inn-road, and said he wished him to engrave for him a certain number of dies for Turkish coins, but GUMMERSON refused to have anything to do with them. HUGON gave him an order to engrave a die representing St. John baptizing our Saviour in the river Jordan, with a Latin inscription on the obverse, which he executed; but whether the order was given as a blind, or whether the die really represents a coin of some other country, has not yet been ascertained. HUGON afterwards called upon a German die-sinker, named THOMAS, residing in Stamford-street, Blackfriars, and produced several Turkish piastres of different value, that were much worn, and inquired what he would charge for a pair of dies engraved from them, so as to reproduce their worn appearance. THOMAS asked the prisoner HUGON what had become of the old dies, to which he replied, "they are broken," and that he had been instructed by the Turkish Government to get fresh ones manufactured in this country. Eventually the prisoner agreed to give THOMAS £37 for making three pairs, and the latter having obtained the die blocks from Mr. DAVIES, commenced his work, and proceeded rapidly with it. During the time the press and dies were being manufactured, the prisoner frequently called on Mr. DAVIES and THOMAS with a view of expediting the work, stating that the articles were required as speedily as possible for shipment abroad; and about a week since as the articles were near completion, he purchased a quantity of sheet copper, also stating it was for shipment at Liverpool, (showing their operations were not to be conducted in this country,) and also to have a few specimens struck of the dies to see how they would act, and if any alterations were necessary in them before their completion. After learning the above facts, Mr. Inspector WEECHES experienced some difficulty in ascertaining the prisoner's whereabouts, as Messrs. DAVIES and THOMAS were not then in possession of his address, and his visits to them had been less frequent since the apprehension of the Greek merchant than before; but, after a diligent search, Mr. WEECHES succeeded in apprehending HUGON on Saturday in Agar-street, Strand. On being told the nature of the charge, he replied, "Very well," and on searching his lodgings at a hotel in the neighborhood of Regent-street, where he had resided, and passed by the name of ADNIS for the last three weeks, representing himself to be a commercial traveler—a sum of £250 was found. From what has been ascertained since the short time HUGON has been in custody, there is no doubt the press and dies were intended for immediate shipment to Alexandria, where these coins are current. The press in question weighs about two tons, and the "strike" on the die is equal to four or five tons, and it is but just to Mr. DAVIES to state that he had no suspicion of the purposes for which the press was required, or he would have given immediate information to the police, and rendered them every assistance, as he has now done. The press and dies are in the possession of the authorities, with whom the Turkish Ambassador is in communication in reference to this extraordinary attempted extensive fraud on the Turkish Government. BOISSERIOLLE left England in August last, and it is anticipated he has proceeded to the place appointed for HUGON's joining him with the press and dies, in order to carry out their designs. The prisoner will be taken before a magistrate to-day, and a remand asked for, in order to give Mr. Inspector WEECHES time to make further inquiries.

COMMITTAL OF THE GREEK MERCHANT.

From the London Post, Oct. 5.

Yesterday, at the Public Office, Moor-street, Birmingham, before Messrs. T. C. S. KYNERSLEY, D. MALINS and W. MIDDLEMORE, a Greek merchant, residing in Manchester, named ANTONIO CALVOCORESSI, was brought up on remand, charged with having caused to be made in Birmingham a large quantity of Turkish piastres for circulation in Alexandria, Syria and Turkey. On the bench, with the magistrates, was ABDULLAH EFFENDI, the Turkish Consul at Manchester. Mr. MOTTERSHAW, barrister, conducted the prosecution; and Mr. HARDING, solicitor, defended the prisoner. The case was fully gone into, the first witness being Mr. DIPPLE, brass-caster, of Great Hampton-row, who deposed to the fact of CALVOCORESSI coming to him in March last and giving him an order for a large quantity of piastres. The copper was to be supplied by the well-known firm of WEOON & SON, metal dealers, of Birmingham. About 55 gross of the coin were manufactured and forwarded to CALVOCORESSI at Manchester, before the transaction was discovered. Messrs. RALPH & GEORGE HEATON (firm of HEATON & SONS, brass casters, of Bath-street) were also examined, and gave evidence of the prisoner, in company with Mr. GEORGE WEOON and a foreigner, calling at their place of business in March last, and offering them a similar order. They declined it, and pointed out from the Act of Parliament the illegality of the transaction. After the testimony of Mr. COXIE, Turkish Consul for Birmingham, and also that of *Superintendent Glossop* and Inspector TANNY, of the detective force, had been heard, the prisoner was committed for trial at the next borough sessions, the offence being shown to be a misdemeanor, and not a felony. Bail was accepted, the prisoner being bound in £200, with two sureties in £100 each.

The Atlantic Telegraph.

From the London Times.

A telegraphic dispatch received at Halifax from New-York on the 23d of September, announces "the cable all right." Other accounts state "satisfactory signals have been received at Trinity Bay, Newfoundland, through the Atlantic cable during the past three days." As no messages have been received on this side through the wire, the report will appear at first wholly undeserving of credit, but it admits of an explanation which holds out the hope that communication from Ireland to Newfoundland may actually have been established. It is believed that some new instruments of extraordinary power have been used at Valentia for transmitting signals, and if these have been successful the circumstance of the connection having been kept up only one way will be accounted for, since they have no similar instruments at Newfoundland by which to send return messages. The public, however, must not rush to any very sanguine conclusions, as, even supposing communication to have been effected, there must be great doubt, under any circumstances, as to its being steadily maintained, unless the injuries known to have been sustained by the cable should be found to admit of repair.

From the Daily Telegraph.

Newfoundland letters, received in town by the *Propeller, via* Galway, to 21st September, state that a message had been received on that day from Valentia, through the cable; adding what we were hardly prepared to hear, "with a better current than ever." They did not appear to know to what to attribute the cessation in the communication previously, but inclined to the opinion that the instruments hitherto used involved great uncertainty in the working, which appears to be the opinion of many scientific men at this side of the water. Mr. HUGHES, the distinguished American electrician, was on his way from the United States to Newfoundland, to cooperate with and assist the English gentlemen in charge of the batteries and instruments in Trinity Bay, by his great scientific knowledge and experience. The above intelligence coming from a reliable source is calculated to raise some hopes that the defects, whatever they are, or wherever existing, may yet be remedied to some extent.

A Forty-five Ton American Cutter Crossing the Atlantic.

From the London Times.

SOUTHAMPTON, Oct. 4.—A small craft arrived at Liverpool in July, 1857, named the *Charter Oak*, only 23 tons burden, from New-York, her owner and builder having performed the perilous passage across the Atlantic in this frail bark with a single companion. The adventurous navigator, whose name is CHARLES R. WEBB, has now accomplished a second enterprise of the kind, having arrived at this port on Saturday evening in a small cutter named the *Christopher Columbus*, this time accompanied by two boys, both 18 years of age, neither of them previously acquainted with nautical pursuits.

The cutter had sailed from New-York on the 19th of August, and has occupied 45 days in the voyage. She is only 45 tons burden, 53 feet in length over all, 45 feet keel, 16 feet in width, and the mast is 50 feet 6 inches long. She has no raised bulwarks, the deck being merely protected by a stout rope sustained by iron stanchions. Her greatest draught of water is 8 feet. A more frail looking bark in which to cross the stormy Atlantic it is scarcely possible to conceive, as she lies off the town quay, surrounded by the larger craft built for the purposes of our river and coast. The *Christopher Columbus* was built at Stamford, Conn., in seven months, every part of the work being executed by WEBB himself, except the stepping of the mast and the rigging, even to the cutting down and shaping of the timber with which she is constructed.

WEBB is a native of Stamford, 39 years of age, and a shipwright by trade, his nautical knowledge, as he tells us, having been gained while working as a caulker, comprising only biscuit, mackerel, and hard tea, with a little salt beef. The vessel is built of oak and sloop-rigged. A plain cabin, with sleeping recesses on either side, in the centre, the stores, occupying either end, constitutes the whole internal economy of this remarkable craft. She arrived off Cowes on Saturday at 2 o'clock, and came on here in the evening. Not the least curious part of the whole affair is the log, kept in a very rough manner on a few sheets of foolscap paper stitched together, the entries all made in pencil, ink being evidently an unknown article in the cabin.

China.

Hong Kong (Aug. 16) Correspondence of the London Times.

Since writing you on the 22d ult. there is little change to report in the state of political affairs in these parts.

We have not been informed of any further details of the new treaty.

The allied fleet had dispersed from the Peiho. Contrary to expectation, Lord ELGIN and Mr. MICHIE, SETSCHUEN have proceeded from Shanghae to Japan. The presence of the latter is much required at Canton, where the state of things doesmet improve. We hear, however, Sir MICHAEL SEYMOUR will come down here after visiting Japan, and he may therefore be expected to arrive in about a month's time. In case it is necessary to undertake active operations in the neighborhood of Canton, it may be as well they should now be delayed, for in the present weather the forces would, no doubt, suffer severely on an expedition.

Lord ELGIN, we believe, will return from Japan to Shanghae to meet the Commissioners that are to be sent down from Pekin to conduct the revision of the new tariff.

Their Excellencies HAREN GEE and Mr. HUM were at Shanghae, by last advices.

We understand His Imperial Majesty's fleet, under Admiral DE GRANDMAY, rendezvous at Manila, and it is proposed at once to enter on the expedition against Cochin China, in which the Spanish Government is to join.

His Imperial Majesty's steamer *Sesse*, with upwards of 300 soldiers, arrived here on the 22 inst., and has sailed for Manila.

Count PUTIATIN, the Russian Envoy, was still at Tien-tsin.

Her Majesty's troopship *Adventure* and the *Sampson* have arrived from the north. The former brought down the 59th Regiment, and the latter the Royal Engineers. Several gunboats have also come in from the north during the last fortnight.

At Canton matters remain much the same as before, and are most unsatisfactory. The Viceroy HUANG has issued a notification that dispatches from the Court of Pekin have been received, advising the conclusion of the treaty. As yet it has produced no effect on the policy of the war party, and it is much to be doubted if it will create any change.

We learn that HUANG's communication, advising the receipt of the dispatches to the Commissioners, was disingenuous.

Notice has been given that all claims of British merchants are to be proved before Her Majesty's Consul for Canton at the Superintendency here. We conclude, from this, that indemnity for losses was stipulated in the treaty.

The British Consulate has again retired from Canton, and only one or two foreigners are at present up there.

Lord ELGIN has requested an expression of the views of the British merchants as to the most desirable site at Canton for the future British factory. Nothing, however, has been decided upon the point yet.

In consequence of the great inconvenience felt by foreigners, as well as Chinese, from the edicts of the Mandarins ordering the people and servants away from this place, an address, numerously signed by the British community, was presented to his Excellency Sir JOHN BOWRING, requesting him to take the matter into consideration, and, with the assistance of the senior naval officer, to adopt some measures that would counteract the orders of the Mandarins taking effect here. We send you a copy of the address, and his Excellency's reply; also the proclamation that has been issued, warning the Chinese authorities of the retribution they were likely to bring upon themselves for their evil intentions towards this colony. HEANG-SHAN and SUN-ON have been the principal places whence the orders have been issued.

The latter place is close to this. A party was sent in the gunboat *Starling* to distribute the proclamation there. About half-a-dozen of the party landed with a flag of truce. While proceeding towards the town they were met by a large body of armed men and had to retire. While pulling away, one seaman was killed by a discharge from a gingall.

We hear an expedition, comprising a force of about 600 men, will leave to-morrow morning for Sun-on.

From Amoy we hear of a good deal of sickness; a kind of cholera prevailed there among the Chinese, and along the coast to the northward of Amoy.

THE PRIZE FIGHT.

No News from Morrissey and Heenan—Excitement Among the Bruisers in the City—Noise and Drunkenness—False Rumors.

The City—especially that part of it in which the newspaper offices are located—was as full last night of noise, confusion, blasphemy and drunkenness, as any 4th of July night. The only cause of excitement was the anticipated news from the prize-fighters. The newspaper offices were thronged as early as 7 o'clock, and false rumors of news brought the crowds back again in haste many times after they seemed to have dispersed. The newsboys twisted papers into torches, lighted them, and to the noise of tin pans and extemporized trumpets, marched up and down for hours, making night hideous with their yells.

There were delegates to this crowd from all the suburbs. A company came rushing over from New-Jersey, saying that they had heard that the "Benicia Boy" had his collar-bone and thigh broken—and the boys proceeded to show each other how it was done. Another rumor that made the whole crowd mad with excitement was, that MORRISSEY, at 10 o'clock, was blind in both of his eyes, and was fighting yet. The only reliable news received from Buffalo was the following, which was received after midnight at our office:

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

BUFFALO, Wednesday, Oct. 20—11:30 P. M.

There is not a word from the prize-fighters yet. They left last night, and this morning at 10½ o'clock were seen by passing vessels landing in boats through a heavy s

[Continued from page 2.]

[illegible] Court—Adolph and Jacob [illegible] this morning and pleaded not [illegible] against them for re-[illegible] knowing it to have been entered [illegible]. Their bail was fixed in the sum [illegible] Court adjourned to Thursday.

[illegible] COURT—Oct. 20.

Before Judge Roche.

[illegible] CASE.—In the case of J. Egbert, [illegible] last week on a charge of having [illegible] private dispatches in the Kingdom [illegible] United States Consulate, Reers made [illegible] his Secretary of State, setting forth that [illegible] examination into the circumstances of the [illegible] was satisfied that there was probable cause [illegible] that the accused was guilty of the charges [illegible] him. Upon this report the Secretary [illegible] the usual of extradition, which [illegible] Sydney this morning. Mr. Theodore [illegible] Sheridan, will sail in the next steam-[illegible] for Havre, with Egbert in his charge.

SUPERIOR COURT—Chambers.—Oct. 19.

Before Judge Davies.

[illegible] vs. Jacob Dorlong and William [illegible]. This was an action on a promissory note [illegible], and prosecuted by the plaintiff [illegible], as alleged, of the defendant De-[illegible] paper. The defence [illegible] Verdict for plaintiff for [illegible].

Same case. Same Judge Davies.

[illegible] between the same parties in a [illegible] and same defence as above. Verdict for [illegible] for $9,959 [illegible] Lemon & Lake for plaintiff; [illegible] Hall & Vanderpool for defendants.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 20.

Before Judge Davies.

[illegible] S. Cleveland, Asa Vorrington, et al.—This [illegible] action of partition, brought by the plaintiff, [illegible] of Bert Vier, deceased, an old resident [illegible] of this City, to divide the real estate belonging [illegible] the allegation that he died intestate. The defendants are children under a will left by Tier at the time of his death, but which the complainant [illegible] is void for want of competency of the de-[illegible] to make such will. The property amounts [illegible] mostly located in this City. The case will probably occupy some days.

SUPREME COURT.

Before Judge Roche.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 20.

[illegible] Fiske vs. Felicita Vestvali and Henry [illegible]—This suit was brought by the plaintiff to [illegible] alleged to have been performed [illegible] for the defendants, one of whom is [illegible] contralto, and the other an operatic [illegible]. The plaintiff states that the services were per-[illegible] during a period of eleven months, and were [illegible] of $200 per month, as part of which [illegible]. The defendants, for answer, alleged [illegible] general deny; and secondly, that a full set-[illegible] had been had by both parties, and that the [illegible] been fully recompensed for his services. [illegible] called this morning, Mr. Feldi, the [illegible] Madame Vestvali in hiring singers, [illegible] and making contracts with divers per-[illegible] formed the Vestvali Opera Troupe, to [illegible]. Letters from Madame V. were also [illegible] to show the recognition of the services [illegible] Feldi as agent for the troupe. Among the [illegible] was one from Madame V., which author-[illegible] Feldi to engage Tiberini as her tenor, stating [illegible] thought the $1,000 per month asked by that [illegible] was much. There were also several let-[illegible] Vestvali addressed from different [illegible] to the plaintiff, directing him how to proceed [illegible]. Witness stated that he paid the ex-[illegible] for the wardrobe which had been forwarded to [illegible] Europe, and also dispatched them after the [illegible] when they left New-York. Some of the troupe [illegible] were engaged by Mr. Feldi also testified to [illegible].

SUPERIOR COURT—Oct. 19, 1858.

Before Judge Sandford.

[illegible] vs. LEANY [illegible].

[illegible] vs. William H. Turbell.—This was an action for the rent of half the house No. [illegible] Broadway, in this City, for the quarter end-[illegible] Feb. 1, 1858. The defendant had rented the [illegible] for a year from May 1, 1857, and co-[illegible] till Oct. 1, 1858, when he removed in [illegible] the matters alleged in his defence. [illegible] was that the roof of the house had been [illegible] for a long time prior to May [illegible] of which the plaintiff desired to know [illegible] the defendant intended to remain another [illegible] he replied that he would not remain un-[illegible] the plaintiff put the roof in thorough repair and [illegible] so. Certain repairs were subsequently made to repair it, but [illegible] the defendant agreed to do so. [illegible] the roof leaked the first time it rained after [illegible] the defendant's family [illegible] the Summer, and returned in Sep-[illegible]. The roof leaked the first time it rained after their return. During their absence, the plaintiff had [illegible] a gallery to be built, in doing which he cut [illegible] of a specified note, the note reading as fol-[illegible]

[illegible] against the same defendant, in favor of the plaintiff, for $9,959 [illegible] Lemon & Lake for plaintiff; [illegible] Hall & Vanderpool for defendants.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 20.

Before Judge Davies.

[illegible] vs. Benjamin L. Benson, et al.—This [illegible] action of partition, brought by the plaintiff, [illegible] of Bert Vier, deceased, an old resident [illegible] of this City, to divide the real estate belonging [illegible] the allegation that he died intestate. The defendants are children under a will left by Tier at the time of his death, but which the complainant [illegible] is void for want of competency of the de-[illegible] to make such will. The property amounts [illegible] mostly located in this City. The case will probably occupy some days.

SUPREME COURT.

Before Judge Roche.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 20.

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[illegible] Cutler and Bidwell appeared for the plaintiffs, and Messrs. O'Conor and H. McGown for the defendant. The plaintiffs alleged that Lawrence [illegible] died in 1822, leaving two children, Benjamin [illegible] and Susannah, wife of Dr. Philip Mitchell [illegible] the plaintiffs were [illegible] and were entitled to [illegible] of the lands left by their grandfather.

The defendant then produced the will of Lawrence [illegible] giving the land in question to his son Benjamin L. [illegible] and the successive conveyances by means of which the title to the lots he occupied had come down to him.

The whole question arose on the will, three clauses of which were as follows: "In the first place, I give [illegible] made by my son, Benjamin L. Benson, all [illegible] by George Williams, to do [illegible] as he may think proper. I also give [illegible] unto my son, Benjamin L. Benson, the [illegible] where I now live, situated on Harlem River. Secondly, my will and intention is that my [illegible] L. Benson, do give unto my grand-[illegible], after the decease of my wife, the sum of fif-[illegible] Dollars. Thirdly, the income of these [illegible], and also of my estate, real and personal, I give unto my loving wife, Maria Benson, during her [illegible] of as she may think [illegible]."

Mr. O'Conor, for the defendant, argued that under the law, as it stood before the Revised Statutes, the devise of the homestead on the Harlem River, which was [illegible] only a life estate, was turned [illegible] by the subsequent change made upon the devisee of the legacy of an age.

Mr. Cutler and Mr. Bidwell, for the plaintiffs, hew-[illegible] contended that the "George Williams" proper, [illegible] passed the legacy, and that the devise of [illegible] more than a life es-[illegible] worth at the time fifty dollars an [illegible] objected to evidence on that subject, and [illegible] by the Court, on the ground that the [illegible] for itself.

[illegible] and the cause argued. [illegible] a formal verdict might be ex-[illegible] subject to the opinion of the [illegible] by Mr. O'Conor, who [illegible] and determination of [illegible] that the testator [illegible] property, and not have it [illegible] that the court had gone against them, unless [illegible] that yet in the judgment of the Court. [illegible] the parties had a right to decision, [illegible] the jury to find a verdict, which was [illegible] accordingly, with costs.

[illegible] vs. Thos. J. Newell.—In this case the plaintiff sued the defendant as one of the in-[illegible]

[illegible] Court.—Before Judge Bosworth.

[illegible] vs. Ann Vorrington, et al.—This [illegible] action of partition, brought by the plaintiff, [illegible] of Bert Vier, deceased, an old resident [illegible] of this City, to divide the real estate belonging [illegible] the allegation that he died intestate. The defendants are children under a will left by Tier at the time of his death, but which the complainant [illegible] is void for want of competency of the de-[illegible] to make such will. The property amounts [illegible] mostly located in this City. The case will probably occupy some days.

SUPREME COURT.

Before Judge Roche.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 20.

[illegible] vs. Felicita Vestvali and Henry [illegible]—This suit was brought by the plaintiff to [illegible] alleged to have been performed [illegible] for the defendants, one of whom is [illegible] contralto, and the other an operatic [illegible]. The plaintiff states that the services were per-[illegible] during a period of eleven months, and were [illegible] of $200 per month, as part of which [illegible]. The defendants, for answer, alleged [illegible] general deny; and secondly, that a full set-[illegible] had been had by both parties, and that the [illegible] been fully recompensed for his services. [illegible] called this morning, Mr. Feldi, the [illegible] Madame Vestvali in hiring singers, [illegible] and making contracts with divers per-[illegible] formed the Vestvali Opera Troupe, to [illegible]. Letters from Madame V. were also [illegible] to show the recognition of the services [illegible] Feldi as agent for the troupe. Among the [illegible] was one from Madame V., which author-[illegible] Feldi to engage Tiberini as her tenor, stating [illegible] thought the $1,000 per month asked by that [illegible] was much. There were also several let-[illegible] Vestvali addressed from different [illegible] to the plaintiff, directing him how to proceed [illegible]. Witness stated that he paid the ex-[illegible] for the wardrobe which had been forwarded to [illegible] Europe, and also dispatched them after the [illegible] when they left New-York. Some of the troupe [illegible] were engaged by Mr. Feldi also testified to [illegible].

SUPERIOR COURT—Oct. 19, 1858.

Before Judge Sandford.

[illegible] vs. LEANY [illegible].

[illegible] vs. William H. Turbell.—This was an action for the rent of half the house No. [illegible] Broadway, in this City, for the quarter end-[illegible] Feb. 1, 1858. The defendant had rented the [illegible] for a year from May 1, 1857, and co-[illegible] till Oct. 1, 1858, when he removed in [illegible] the matters alleged in his defence. [illegible] was that the roof of the house had been [illegible] for a long time prior to May [illegible] of which the plaintiff desired to know [illegible] the defendant intended to remain another [illegible] he replied that he would not remain un-[illegible] the plaintiff put the roof in thorough repair and [illegible] so. Certain repairs were subsequently made to repair it, but [illegible] the defendant agreed to do so. [illegible] the roof leaked the first time it rained after [illegible] the defendant's family [illegible] the Summer, and returned in Sep-[illegible]. The roof leaked the first time it rained after their return. During their absence, the plaintiff had [illegible] a gallery to be built, in doing which he cut [

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

FRIDAY, Oct. 22.

Second night of

MME. PICCOLOMINI.

La Traviata

Supported by the entire company, the splendid mise en scène, the unrivalled orchestra, the admirable chorus, orchestra and ballet.

Conducting BOTO,

VIOLANI FLORENZA.

THE SALE OF SEATS

commences this morning, at the Academy of Music; C. BREUSING'S, No. 701 Broadway; and at SIBELL'S Music store, No. 25 Wall-st., corner of Nassau.

Arrangements have been made in connection with the new system adopted for the sale of seats, whereby the entire house will be open for the sale of tickets, which will be sold to-day, and the balance on Friday. Tickets and seats may likewise be had at the doors. In addition to this precautionary measure, the number of tickets to be sold to one person is limited to Six, except to those parties who are known to be bona fide purchasers. The Director relies on the liberal consideration of the public for putting down every fraudulent sale of tickets.

The public will be duly informed by discreet advertisement in the morning or evening papers when all tickets have sold.

Note.—The Director, in kindly interest to the public, with whom his contract with Mr. Lumley it is expressly stated Mme. Piccolomini cannot appear in New-York on the same evening as in other cities, which will detract for the space of twenty-four days in the United States, and return in March to London, for the opening of the regular season of the Queen's Theatre.

The last appearance of Mlle. PICCOLOMINI will take place on

MONDAY, Oct. 25.

In the course of which will be produced

CARL FORMES

will make his first appearance this season.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Tickets 50 cents; no Reserved Seats. Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.

FAUVRETTE!!

Seventh night of the engagement of

MISS AGNES ROBERTSON,

who will appear in a new character, written expressly for her,

MR. GEORGE JORDAN,

and the author,

MR. BOUCICAULT.

NEW MUSIC,

NEW SCENERY,

NEW COSTUMES.

THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 21, 1858,

a new romantic drama, in three acts, entitled

FAUVRETTE;

written by Dion Boucicault, author of "Jessie Brown," &c.

Act I.—The Retreat of Napoleon from Moscow—The Russian Hut—Lost Hunter's Wife—Jealousy in Russia.....Interwood

Act II.—Tableau II.—The Village of St. Didier, in the Alps.....Interwood and Fredericks

Tableau III.—The Wolf's Gorge, on the accent to Mont Blanc.....Riviere

The Hut of Fauvrette.

THE AVALANCHE, and the SEA OF SNOW.

Act III.—Tableau I.—The Chateau of the Grandval and the adjacent Park.....Riviere

SATURDAY—JESSIE BROWN.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE,

No. 624 Broadway.

COMPLETE SUCCESS OF TOM TAYLOR'S NEW PIECE.

THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 21, 1858,

OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.

Lord Dundreary.....Mr. Sothern

Sir Edward Trenchard, a Hampshire Baronet.....Mr. Varrey

Asa Trenchard, a live Yankee.....Mr. Jefferson

Lord Dundreary.....Mr. Sothern

Coal Heaver, an Attorney-at-Law.....Mr. Burnett

Buddicombe, his clerk.....Mr. Cowldock

Binney, a Butler.....Mr. Peters

Florence Trenchard.....Miss Laura Keene

Mrs. Mountchampion.....Miss Mary Wells

Augusta.....Miss Ella Germon

Georgina.....Miss Sara Stevens

To conclude with Charles Selby's popular Comedietta, entitled

A DAY IN PARIS.

Charles Wyndham.....Mr. Levick

Jean, his servant.....Mr. Peters

Emily Granville, betrothed to Windham.....Miss Minnie Macarthy

Jane, servant to Miss Granville.....Miss Flynn

Doors open at 7; to commence at 7½ precisely.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.

Due notice will be given of the next representation of the very successful comedy, NOTHING VENTURE NOTHING WIN, which is withdrawn a few nights to allow Lester to the person of the theatre in the Comedy, to be acted in conjunction with Mr. Brougham's grand allegorical extravaganza, THIS EVENING.

An entirely new comedy, by Charles Dance, entitled

MARRIAGE A LOTTERY,

Sir Oliver Waverly, a rich bachelor.....Mr. Lester Wallack

Frank Waverly, his nephew.....Mr. Clarke

Mr. John Sloan; Mrs. Fointer, Mrs. Verner, first appearance this season; Charlotte Manifest, Mrs. Sloan, first appearance; Harriet Pointer, Miss Floyd; Werner, Mr. Fox.

After which, Mr. Brougham's great extravaganza of

NEPTUNE'S DEFEAT;

Or,

THE SEIZURE OF THE SEAS.

Mr. BROUGHAM, Miss MARY GANNON, Mr. JOHN SLOAN, Mrs. E. HERNANDEZ, Mrs. FLOYD, Mr. BERNARD, &c., in their original characters.

ENTIRE SUCCESS OF

Charles Dance's

NEW COMEDY.

It will be acted every night until further notice.

FORDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE.

Chatham-st., near Bowery.

THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 21, 1858.

The entertainment will commence with the

IRON MASK.

Louis De Rochefort.....Mr. J. W. Wallack

Hortense De Piermont.....Mme. Ponisi

The whole to conclude with the drama of

CHARLES THE TWELFTH.

Adam Brock.....Mr. H. J. Wallack

BOWERY THEATRE.

THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 21,

The performance will commence with the drama of

FAUVRETTE.

After which,

THE MAGIC TRUMPET,

NATURE AND PHILOSOPHY.

THE TWO GREGORIES.

Boxes and Parquette, 50 cents; Pit, 12 cents; Gallery, 10 cents.

BROADWAY THEATRE.

Sole Proprietor and Manager.....Mr. E. Eddy

JULIA DEAN HAYNE.

THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 21, 1858.

THE HUNCHBACK.

Marianna.....Mrs. Julia Dean Hayne

CONJUGAL LESSON.

MOMENTOUS QUESTION.

BROADWAY THEATRE.

MRS. JULIA DEAN HAYNE

respectfully announces that her first benefit (since her return from California) will take place on FRIDAY EVENING next, Oct. 22, upon which occasion Mrs. J. D. HAYNE will appear in

TWO OF HER FAVORITE CHARACTERS.

Box book now open.

WIXON & BERRY'S GRAND EQUESTRIAN PALACE GARDEN.

THE GREAT ANGLO-AMERICAN TROUPE, Comprising 110 the Equestrians of both Hemispheres, in one entire new programme, will give their first entertainment in New-York

On MONDAY, Oct. 25.

A magnificent programme will be published on Saturday.

CHURCH'S "NIAGARA"

and

BARKER'S "IL CORSO,"

These two magnificent pictures

ON EXHIBITION AT

WILLIAMS, STEVENS, WILLIAMS & CO.'S,

NO. 353 BROADWAY.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

FIVE ADMISSION TICKETS to the Academy of Music are to be let for the ensuing Opera Season. These Tickets entitle the holders and their legal privileges of a stockholder, to a period of admission to the house on all each night, and of selection of seats.

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Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway.

OPEN EVERY EVENING.

Doors open at 6½, to commence at 7½ o'clock.

Office of the Union Association for Improving the Breed of Horses, No. 25 William-street.

THIRD NATIONAL HORSE FAIR ON THE Union Course, near Centreville, Long Island, 6.000 to be distributed in premiums.

The Union Association for Improving the Breed of Horses will hold their First Annual Exhibition of Imported Blood and American Breed of Horses, on the grounds of the Association, on the 24th, 26th, 27th and 28th inst.

On Friday, the 29th, a public sale for Horses belonging to exhibitors who may wish to dispose of any of their stock will take place on the grounds. The Sheriff of the County will attend with sufficient force to keep the peace.

Entrance fee for all prizes under $100 will be $3, and 5 per cent. for all prizes of $100 and upwards. The following prizes are to be awarded:

Premium for Stallions, twenty-five in $25 to $300.....$2600

Premium for Brood Mares, from $10 to $150.....735

Premium—Farm, Draught Horses and Express Teams..540

Premium—Roadster, Carriage Horses, Mares, Geldings, &c.....

Premium purses are to be awarded in trials of speed during the four days of the Exhibition, amounting to $3,750.

All entries to be made at or before Friday, the 22d inst., at the office of the Association, No. 25 William-st., Rm. No. 5.

LOVELL PURDY, President.

Tickets and badges will be ready for delivery on Saturday, the 23d inst. Applications for tickets to be made to CHAS. A. VAN ZANDT, Jr., Secretary of Committee, at the office.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—THE INFANT ESAU, Born here—the son of the famous "Bearded Woman"—a child only Four Years of Age, yet possessed of a Full and Luxuriant Beard and Whiskers. The inimitably diverting THIODORE'S THEATRE OF ART, and the renowned laugh-provoker DR. VALENTINE, the Humorist, in a variety incarnation of wit and facetiæ, THIS AFTERNOON, at half past two, and THIS EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. The latest novelties, the Grand Aquaria, Happy Family, &c., to be seen at all times. Admittance to all, 25 cents; children under ten, 12 cents.

METROPOLITAN GLEE AND MADRIGAL UNION.—Soirees first Friday in every month, at Sterling's Piano Rooms, No. 487 Broadway. First Concert at the Tabernacle Institute, Brooklyn, FRIDAY, 22d inst., 8 P. M. Double Quintette Party. Male voices. Miss L. EHRENFELD, Soprano, (from the London Concerts); Mrs. WESTERVELT, Contralto; Mr. G. W. COLBY, Pianist; Mr. ALFRED PECK, Conductor.

Subscription lists at Messrs. HALL & SONS, Broadway, and at the principal stores in Brooklyn.

THE CONCERT OF MUSIC THIS EVENING in the Rev. Dr. Hutton's Church on Washington-square will offer a rich entertainment. The principal vocalists are Mrs. CARA M. BERKELEY, Mr. and Mrs. BURKE, Mr. S. MAYER and Miss CUNNAN. The object being one of Christian benevolence, we hope a large audience will be attracted. The organist, Mr. W. A. Rice, will give additional interest to the occasion.

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THE LADIES' PIANIST,

Will give her SECOND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT,

at NEW ROCHELLE, on

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Mlle. WELLIS will play for the second time the

ALEXANDRE ORGAN.

It seems as if the spirit of the Orgue Alexandre were slumbering without limit. There is no kind of music which it is beyond its resources; not even the most brilliant and elaborate, and hence it is that all our greatest artists, whatever may have been the peculiar characteristics of their style, have been equally enraptured with the instrument.

Mlle. WELLIS will be assisted by

Miss MARIA E. BRAINERD, Soprano.

Sig. BERNARDI, Baritone.

E. MOLLENHAUER, Violinist.

H. C. TIMM, Pianist.

PROGRAMME.

PART FIRST.

La Sylphide (Grand Fantasia).....E. Mollenhauer

Aria from L'Eclair.....Signor Bernardi

Simples Melodies.....Mlle. Emma Wellis

Romance—"Vanne, vanne," from Robert Il Diavolo.....Miss Brainerd

Souvenirs de Norma—(Organ and quartetto accompaniment.....Mlle. Wellis

PART SECOND.

Duo—From I Mamadeiri [Miss Brainerd and Signor Bernardi

Invitation a la Walse.....Mlle. Emma Wellis

Grand Duet on one Violin.....E. Mollenhauer

Romanza—Adieu (organ and voice) [Mlle. Wellis and Signor Bernardi

Waltz Song—"Al fin-brillar".....Miss Brainerd

Tickets.....One Dollar

Doors open at 7 o'clock; Concert commences at 8 o'clock.

Tickets and programmes may be had at the music stores of Messrs. WM. HALL & SON, C. BREUSING, SCHARPENBERG & LUIS, and at the door.

PALACE GARDEN PAVILION.

14th-st. and 6th-av.

CONCERTS.

A series of Vocal and Instrumental Concerts will be given at the Palace Garden, (in the new pavilion,) commencing on FRIDAY NIGHT, Oct. 22.

A young lady, possessing extraordinary vocal abilities, who will be known professionally as the "Yelled Songstress," is engaged by the manager; also, Miss Odette Parilla, Mrs. Myron, the "American Songstress," her first appearance in New-York; Mr. Sebastian E. Kook, the celebrated pianist, &c.

The gems of the Operas, the most popular Ballads, Sentimental Songs, Serenades, Duets, &c., will be rendered in the styles of Amedio, Brignoli, the Black Swan, Catalina, and other celebrities, and as originally sung by the Yelled Songstress and others engaged for the Palace Garden concerts.

Admittance 50 cents; Children 25 cents.

Concerts to commence at 7½ o'clock.

Entrance at the 14th-st. gate.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.

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Under the sole management of

Mr. WALLACK.

TO-NIGHT, and every evening this week,

New Comedy,

MARRIAGE A LOTTERY,

and

NEPTUNE'S DEFEAT;

Or,

THE SEIZURE OF THE SEAS.

SPLENDID SCENERY, DRESSES, DECORATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS.

Places may be secured three days in advance.

LECTURES.

BROOKLYN.—IN AID OF THE MISSION SUNday School of the Brooklyn Young Men's Christian Association. Lecture by the Rev. WM. H. MILBURN, at the Athenæum, THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 21, at 8 o'clock. Subject—*When a Blind man saw in England.* Tickets 25 cents; for sale at the book and music stores, at the rooms, by the Association, and at the door on the evening of the lecture.

BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM.—THE DEACON DOT GLENWOOD'S LECTURES.—By special request, (as per letter of invitation already published in the Tribune,) Mr. DR. CORNOYE will lecture at the Brooklyn Athenæum on three consecutive Fridays, commencing on FRIDAY, the 22d inst., with *Money.* Admission 25 cents.

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DANCING ACADEMIES,

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TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS in Brooklyn,

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Evenings for gentlemen.

Pupils may commence at any time.

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MADAME SAUVAGEAU'S DANCING ACADemy, No. 645 Broadway, one door above Bleecker-st., is open every day and evening for private lessons and general practice. Her method of teaching makes good dancers in a short time, and recommends itself to old and young. Grand soirees Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 8 till 11 o'clock.

MR. CHARRAUAUD'S DANCING ACADEMY.—No. 54 East 13th-st., opens Saturday, Oct. 23, at 12 o'clock, M., and 3½ P. M. for ladies and children. Circulars can be had as above. Days: Wednesday and Saturday.

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THE

ATLANTIC MONTHLY

FOR

NOVEMBER,

NOW READY.

CONTENTS.

RAILWAY-ENGINEERING IN THE UNITED STATES.
HER GRACE, THE DRUMMER'S DAUGHTER. (Concluded.)
WORK AND REST.
COLIN CLOUT AND THE FAIRY QUEEN.
MISS WIMPLE'S HOOP. (Concluded.)
NATURE AND THE PHILOSOPHER.
THOMAS JEFFERSON.
A PRISONER OF WAR.
THE "WASHING OF THE FEET," ON HOLY THURSDAY, IN ST. PETER'S.
PHYSICAL COURAGE.
NOVEMBER.
A VISIT TO THE AUTOCRAT'S LANDLADY.
THE GREAT EVENT OF THE CENTURY.
THE LAST LOOK.
A SAMPLE OF CONSISTENCY.
LITERARY NOTICES.

The Publishers believe that this Magazine has become a necessity with the intelligent reading public. Not content, however, with past success, it will be the aim of its conductors to make it still more attractive and entertaining, while at the same time its high character and careful scholarship are preserved.

The First Volume, consisting of seven numbers, ended in May last. The Second Volume, also containing seven numbers, will end with the December issue, in which the Index will be given. Hereafter the volumes will begin with January and July.

The pages of the ATLANTIC are stereotyped, and back numbers can be supplied.

TERMS.—$3 per annum, or 25 cents a number. Upon the receipt of the price, the publishers will send the Magazine, post-paid, to any part of the United States.

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A new weekly paper, called the SATURDAY PRESS, will be published on SATURDAY MORNING, at No. 9 Spruce-st.

It will contain a powerfully-written story by the late

WILLIAM NORTH;

A more complete summary of literary intelligence than can be found in any other periodical, and a great variety of other matter especially adapted to literary men, artists, teachers, physicians, lawyers, clergymen and other persons of education and refinement.

The SATURDAY PRESS will be for sale at all the News Agencies on SATURDAY MORNING. Price Five Cents.

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All at lowest prices.

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40 PER CENT BELOW COST.

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A LARGE INVOICE OF

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Also,

Five Cases

SUPERB COLORED SILKS, new styles,

at 56 Cents Per Yard.

ROBES A VOLANTE,

ROBES A DOUBLE JUPE,

CHENE BAYADERE,

CAMRIELLE STRIPE,

AND BLACK GRO DE RHIN SILKS,

FAR BELOW ORIGINAL COST.

OUR CLOAK DEPARTMENT

presents new features this week in many new styles of LADIES' RAGLANS,

CIRCULARS,

AND CLOAKS,

which we are enabled to sell at

LESS THAN THE MATERIALS COST.

IN HOUSEKEEPERS' GOODS

we offer inducements to purchasers rarely met with in the City.

CHAS. HEARD & CO.,

No. 301 Grand-st.

GREAT

BARGAINS

IN

RAGLANS.

On MONDAY, Oct. 18,

will be offered for sale

at the

NEW CLOAK AND

MANTILLA STORE, No. 609 Canal-st.

One of the

largest and best

assorted stocks of

LADIES' RAGLANS

to be found in the City,

Comprising

Heavy Brown Beavers at $4 50.

Black Beavers at $5.

Black Tricot Beavers at $6 to $9.

Ribbed Beavers at $5.

Drab and Brown Cloth $3 75 to $4.

A large assortment

Raglans from $6 to $9.

of fancy trimmed

Misses'

Raglans in all sizes.

Cloth

and Velvet Cloaks.

HENRY EDGERTON.

NEW CARPETS.

For Fall Trade,

AT REDUCED PRICES.

The subscriber is prepared to exhibit at his new and spacious stores, No. 273 Canal-st., and No. 31 Howard-st., New-York, a very fine assortment of Carpets in new patterns, viz.:

MEDALLION Carpets in various rich designs.

VELVET Carpets	$1 25	to	$1 50
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS Carpets	0 90	to	1 12½
BRUSSELS Carpets	1 12½	to	1 37½
THREE-PLY Carpets	0 95	to	1 00
SUPER INGRAIN Carpets	0 62½	to	0 75
EXTRA FINE INGRAIN Carpets	0 45	to	0 55
COMMON INGRAIN Carpets	0 25	to	0 37½

Twilled and plain Venetian Carpets, Oil-Cloths, Drugets, Rugs, Mats, Stair-rods, &c., &c.

At wholesale and retail,

GEO. E. L. HYATT,

No. 273 Canal-st., through to No. 31 Howard-st.,

Between Broadway and Elm-st., New-York.

Also, sole agent for selling Auburn Power Loom and Auburn Prison-made three-ply, Ingrain and Venetian Carpets.

N. B.—Carpets for Churches made to order.

CURTAIN MATERIALS, FURNITURE COVERINGS,

PAPER HANGINGS AND WINDOW-SHADE WAREHOUSE.

SOLOMON & HART,

No. 369 Broadway,

Have now in store for exhibition to the RETAIL TRADE

The largest and richest assortment of the above Goods, OF THIS SEASON'S IMPORTATION, to be found in the City.

Being practical Upholsterers and Paper Hangers, we are prepared to execute every style of work in the best manner, as WE EMPLOY NONE BUT THE MOST SKILLFUL WORKMEN.

MOURNING GOODS. MOURNING GOODS.

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

3,000 yards handsome Plaid Poplins, 25 cents.
4,500 yards 4-4 Striped and Plaid Poplinette, 25 cents.
3,500 yards Chine Ombrette French Goods, 25 cents.
4,000 yards of Cubica Cloth, very dark, 56 cents.
4,000 yards Black and White de Laines, 12½ cents.
6,000 yards Black, very fine and choice patterns, 18¾ cts.
8,500 yards Gingham de Chine, 10 cents.
1,500 French Calico Robes, $1 50 per robe.
(Please observe) W. JACKSON,
Mourning Store, 503 Broadway,
between Spring and Prince sts.

LADIES' CLOTH AND BEAVER RAGLANS,

All the fashionable colors and styles.

A large assortment,

At $3 50, $4, $4 50, $5, $5 50, and upwards.

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S RAGLANS,

in great variety.

Ladies, please call and examine.

W. K. PEYTON,

Cloak and Shawl Manufacturer,

No. 208 Bowery, near Houston-st.

DRESS GOODS

AND

SHAWLS.

BOOTH & TUTTLE,

Corner of Chambers, Church and Warren sts.

Are receiving daily new and desirable styles of goods in their line.

Confining themselves to DRESS GOODS and SHAWLS, they are able to offer a great variety, to which they invite the attention of buyers, for cash or short credit.

A GRAND OPENING!

CLOAKS, MANTILLAS, TALMAS, RAGLANS, &c.,

FOR FALL AND WINTER, 1858.

W. BUCHANAN MACKENZIE,

Nos. 294 and 296 Canal-st.,

Brandreth Buildings,

New-York.

LADIES' MORNING ROBES,

OF SILK, DELAINE AND MUSLIN,

Elegant and cheap,

GENIN'S BAZAAR,

No. 513 Broadway,

St. Nicholas Hotel.

LADIES' UNDER LINEN,

OF EVERY QUALITY AD STYLE,

Richly trimmed and plain,

GENIN'S BAZAAR,

No. 513 Broadway,

St. Nicholas Hotel.

SKIRTS! SKIRTS!! SKIRTS!!!

10,000 old skirts wanted in exchange for new ones, at Mrs. FOSTER'S Skirt Depôt, No. 369 Broadway, up stairs. Broken and damaged skirts repaired and made as good as new. Ladies only in attendance.

INFANTS' ROBES, CLOAKS AND HOODS,

Embroidered, Braided and Plain,

FROM THE MOST COSTLY TO THE CHEAPEST.

GENIN'S BAZAAR,

No. 513 Broadway,

St. Nicholas Hotel.

OPERA CLOAKS!!! OPERA CLOAKS!!!

BENSON & WILSON, No. 310 Canal-st., will show their new styles on Friday, Oct. 22. Prices from $10 to $15.

SKIRTS!—ELEVEN-SPRING SKELETON Skirts, adjustable bustle, best materials, and well made, for $1 25; 13-spring, $1 50; children's 4-spring, 25 cents. Dealers supplied with 4-spring for $3 per dozen; 11-spring, $12 per dozen. Shipping, 100 per dozen. C. L. HARDING, Skirt Factory, 341 Spring-st., near Hudson.

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Commercial Law, Mr. S. F. Nesbit; Terms, $10 for a complete course.

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The attention of the members of the Association is directed to the high character of the Professors in the various branches, and also to the moderate terms.

Members desirous of joining any of the above classes, will please register their names in the Class Book, at the Library, at an early day.

CHAS. H. WEIDNER,

Chairman Class Committee.

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FRENCH, GERMAN AND ENGLISH BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN.—Scholars are prepared for college, liberal professions, or other pursuits of active life. To those who desire their children to acquire a thorough knowledge of French and German, this School presents unsurpassed advantages.

The Winter Term commences on Monday, Nov. 1.

For Circulars with references, apply to the Principal, Nos. 224, 226 and 228 Montgomery-st., Newburg, Orange Co., N. Y.

M. L. DOMANSKI, Principal.

YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE,

CORNWALL, LITCHFIELD COUNTY, CONN.

Fall Session, of seventeen weeks, commences Nov. 3, 1858. Terms, $75 per session. No extra charge except for music. Address

Mrs. SARAH A. JOHNSON, Principal.

REFERENCES.—Mrs. H. P. DEGRAAF, No. 136 East Broadway; Mr. DANIEL WEBSTER, No. 65 East 26th-st.; and Mr. F. A. GAY, No. 9 John-st.

MRS. WILLIAMES'

French and English Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 49 West 16th-st., near 5th-av., is now open for the reception of pupils.

Circulars can be obtained at Roe Lockwood & Son's, No. 411 Broadway, and at Stanford & Delisser's, No. 626 Broadway.

SCHOOL AND HOME EDUCATION.

Private French and English Classical, boarding and Day school, with fine play-ground and gymnasium attached. Nos. 47 and 49 West 26th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., near Madison-square. Mr. LOUIS ERNST takes charge of a limited number of select boys.

DELHAM ACADEMY.—WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y.—G. J. CRAWFORD, A. B., T. C. D., Principal. In this Institution young gentlemen are prepared for the Universities or mercantile pursuits. The house is beautifully situated, on the shore of Long Island Sound, surrounded by extensive playgrounds, and distant from New-York, by New-Haven Railroad, 17 miles. The Winter session will commence on Nov. 1. For Circulars, with terms, references, &c., address the Principal, as above; or at the office of the *British Commercial Life* Insurance Company, No. 65 Wall-st., New-York.

NITCHY'S INSTITUTE AT WEST BLOOMFIELD, N. J.—Educates boys for Mercantile and Mechanical pursuits. The instruction is thorough, opposed to the memorizing method, and develops all the mental faculties; the education is based on the principles of kindness and liberality. Gardens, woods, mountains and rocks, baths, a gymnasium, pure and cool air and water, render the Institute an eminently healthy and attractive place for the education of boys. For circulars, containing all necessary information and references, address

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ELM-PARK INSTITUTE—LITCHFIELD, CONN.—A first-class school and cheerful home for boys, under the charge of the Rev. Dr. RICHARDS and son, JAMES RICHARDS, A. B., late of Princeton College, New-Jersey, teacher of languages, mathematics and book-keeping. French taught by a native gentleman. The arrangements for sleeping, eating, exercising and bathing are complete. Terms moderate. For Circulars, address the Principal, or at the law office of R. A. Watkinson, Esq., No. 20 Nassau-st.

THE SEDGWICK INSTITUTE—GREAT BARRINGTON, MASS.—A very select school for 20 boys, opens its next semi-annual session the 3d November. Parents very particular, exceedingly so in selecting a school for their sons, are most cordially invited to visit this institution. Positively none but pupils of the most unexceptionable character will be received. Address the Principal for circulars or an interview at the applicant's own residence

JAMES SEDGWICK, M. A., Principal.

CLASSICAL FRENCH AND ENGLISH School, No. 812 Broadway, corner 16th-st., reopens Sept. 6. TERMS—Preparatory department for boys from 6 to 8 years of age $60 a year; junior for boys from 8 to 10, $80; English, $100; classical from $125 to $150. No extra charges. The French language taught in all four departments. The pupil, as far as possible, learns his lessons in school. Experienced teachers and a teacher of gymnastics. Circulars at No. 356 3d-av., at Randolph's, No. 683 Broadway, and at School.

GEO. C. ANTHON.

BOYS' SCHOOL.—J. H. TING'S SCHOOL, NO. 20 East 16th-st., is now in session, and offers the following advantages: A large and commodious room, pleasant grounds for exercise, a limited number of pupils, all taught by himself; government gentle, instruction thorough, charges moderate. Circulars, with reference, at Shepard's, No. 152 Fulton-st., and Randolph's, No. 683 Broadway.

THE WOLCOTT INSTITUTE—LITCHFIELD CONN.—The Rev. D. G. WRIGHT, M. A., Rector. The pupils are members of the Rector's family and subjected to parental discipline; are faithfully taught and enjoy the comforts of a home. Send to the rector for circulars, &c.; and refer to the patrons for testimonials. Winter session commences Nov. 3. The rector accompanies the pupils from and to New-York.

HAMILTON MILITARY AND COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.—The Winter Term of this institute commences Monday, Nov. 1. For Catalogues and further information, apply to the Principal, M. J. LOCKWOOD, White Plains, who can also be seen on Mondays and Fridays, during the current month of October, at the Astor House, from 3 to 6 P. M.

ACADEMIES OF WRITING.—BOOK-KEEPing, &c. taught at hours suiting pupils at PAINE'S Academies, Nos. 62 Bowery and 263 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. From General Burdick, Newport: I can truly say my sons and daughters have made great improvement under Colonel Paine's tuition, together with the hundreds of others who have attended in this place.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE—No. 218 4th-st., on Washington-square. CLARKE & FANNING, Principals, entrance No. 154 Mandonald-st., will send their omnibus for small boys, if requested by letter or personal application, in any part of the City.

FAMILY BOARDING-SCHOOL—AT LITTLE Lake, Hamden County, Conn., 3 miles from Mount Carmel Station, N. H. R. R. This school is situated on a hill, in a healthy locality, commands a fine view of lake, &c. $130 per year, (no extras.) For Circulars, with catalogue, address A. M. WINANT.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, NO. 79 East 31st-st.—JAMES WEIR MARSH, Term begins Sept. 13. Personal instruction by the Principal, and thorough drilling in the English branches. Circulars and further information at Carter's bookstore, and after Sept. 1 at the school.

THE INSTITUTE, WHITE PLAINS, NEW-YORK.—A family boarding-school for twenty-four boys, reopens Nov. 3. No day pupils. No assistants. Thorough instruction by the Principal. Liberal treatment, and comforts of home. For circulars, information, or an interview, address A. WATSON, A. M., Principal.

FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, AT RED-FORD, Westchester County, N. Y.—WILLIAM SOMLA, M., Principal. Number limited to 12. Next session will open Nov. 1. Reference, Elihu Burritt. Circulars may be had of W. UNDERHILL, Esq., No. 152 Water-st., or of the Principal.

FRENCH LANGUAGE.

[illegible] there may [illegible] is no prospect of such a result as [illegible]

[illegible] Union by the Opposition on a [illegible] for Congress from the Third District, [illegible] The Republican and American Conventions met last evening, and the former put in nomination ANDREW BLAKELY, of the Eighth Ward, while the latter nominated A. J. WILLIAMSON, of the Second Ward, who had been agreed upon by the Conference Committee.

A charge of murder has been preferred against the notorious BOB WILLIS, the alleged proprietor of the gambling house at No. 581 Broadway. A servant girl, recently in his employ, declares that she was awakened at 3 o'clock on the morning of the 19th of September last, by the noise occasioned by a desperate rencontre between WILLIS and a man in the lower hall entry. She heard a strange voice begging for his life and distinctly recognized the voice of WILLIS in response, threatening death to the supplicant. In the morning she discovered the head of a man in the cistern. Around the cistern were marks of blood, and also in the entry-way where the fight occurred. Firmly believing that a murder had been committed, she left the place forthwith. She had foreborne giving publicity to what she heard and saw, through the advice of her friends, who told her that she would be locked up as a witness, and that the case would only be another fruitless Burdell inquisition, and involve her in vexatious trouble. Following her statement—unjust arrest and imprisonment at the instigation of WILLIS, compelled her to making the complaint—a warrant was issued for the arrest of the alleged murderer. At a late hour Tuesday evening a large force of Police made a descent on WILLIS' place, arrested ten men, whom they found gambling, possessed themselves of the entire gambling apparatus, and lodged the prisoners in the Station-house. WILLIS happened to be absent from his place at the time, but he was shortly afterwards arrested, and is now in custody awaiting trial upon the grave charge preferred against him. An examination was commenced, yesterday, before Justice CORNOLLY, of the parties found gambling. Mr. WILLIS has employed Mr. BUSTEED, Corporation Counsel. WILLIS is well known as a desperate and hardened character. His arrest—next to the fight between the Benicia Boy and MORRISSEY—is the most exciting subject of conversation among the fighting men and rowdies of the City.

Mr. GUSTAVUS A. RATZ, proprietor of the Philadelphia House, No. 145 Bowery, last evening gave a complimentary dinner to the officers of the Eighth Regiment, at which Col. LYON presided. Brigadier-General HALL and a large number of the leading officers of the regiment being present. The dinner was intended by Mr. RATZ as a complimentary return for the civilities he experienced at the hands of this regiment, at Camp Washington, Mr. RATZ being the caterer for the military at Staten Island, and the Eighth Regiment the first company which occupied the encampment. The Eighth Regiment made their annual parade on Tuesday at Tompkins-square, and presented a fine appearance. Yesterday being the last day allowed for the inspection of State troops the Tenth and Sixty-ninth regiments were reviewed at Camp Washington, Staten Island. Major-General SANDFORD, with a full staff, was present. The Tenth returned to the City in the evening, leaving the Sixty-ninth in possession of the ground.

MICHAEL J. HANNAN, member of the Henry J. Irving Target Company, was almost instantly killed, yesterday, at Fort Lee, where he had gone with the other members of his Company on their annual target excursion. In lifting his musket, the breech of which was resting on the ground, he accidentally discharged it, the contents taking effect in his neck, and severing the carotid artery. He bled to death in three minutes. The deceased was 20 years of age, and resided with his widowed mother and two sisters, whose main support he was.

CHARLES CARTER, the clerk in the grocery store at No. 86 Henry-street, who was stabbed on Monday night, died yesterday from his injuries at the City Hospital. At his *ante-mortem* examination, taken a short time before his death, he stated that he was stabbed by CHARLES MCDERMOTT, and corroborated the report of the affair as published in Tuesday's TIMES. The Coroner will hold the inquest to-day.

The trial of Dr. THEODORE GALLAUDET, for the assault on Mr. CRAMSTON, of the New-York Hotel, was resumed yesterday in the Court of General Sessions, before Recorder BARNARD. Several important witnesses were examined, and the prosecution rested their case. This morning, at 10 o'clock, the defence will proceed to call their witnesses. The court-room, since the commencement of the trial, has been crowded with a highly respectable and select audience.

Yesterday sales were made of 2,000 bales Cotton at somewhat firmer prices. Breadstuffs were depressed and declining. Rice, Sugars and Provisions were in fair demand at uniform rates. Coffee, Molasses, Naval Stores and Oils were quiet. Freights were dull, with 776 vessels of all classes in port.

The Cattle Markets have again been overstocked, the total City receipts for the week ending yesterday being about five thousand bullocks, or nearly two thousand above last year's weekly average. Prices, which picked up a trifle two weeks ago, went down to almost the lowest notch yesterday, the best in market bringing scarcely 9c., and the average of all sales 7½c.@7¾c. ℔ lb. for the estimated dressed weight.

Demoralizing Effects of Prize Fights.

We have already more than once commented upon the important *status* in society which professed pugilists have come to occupy among us. They to all intents and purposes, form at the present moment a "privileged class," and are in possession of vastly more immunities than a nobleman in most European countries. The judges treat their brutal pranks with as much leniency as their English *confrères* would have, displayed two centuries ago towards the person of a young lord. The police are as chary about meddling with them, as an old London watchman would have been in the year 1700 about interfering with a party of "larking" Templars. Their favors are eagerly courted by leading politicians, and many of those who consider themselves in the first rank at the bar depend on a "bruiser" with a zeal and pertinacity which the fee of a decent citizen could never inspire. They regulate the elections in our great cities, decide who shall offer himself for the suffrages of the sovereign people, and some of them receive the best offices in the gift of the President. When they die, we honor them with a public funeral, as in the case of BILL POOLE, and publish their biographies in all the papers. All their movements are watched by the public with the same eagerness with which the besotted millions of Europe gloat over the doings of their aristocracies. When two of them determine to maul and bruise each other, the whole City is thrown into intense excitement about the issue. The "condition" and "points" of the combatants are eagerly discussed, and the comparative powers of endurance of two of the vilest and meanest specimens of humanity become a subject of the first moment. Southern planters and dry goods merchants bet on the result of the conflict, a mighty, populous, and refined metropolis waits with hushed anxiety to know which of the two ruffians had his pate first broken, or his chest stove in by the other.

We feel quite certain that no one who cares much for the credit of the country, can contemplate this state of things with much satisfaction. We should not, however, in our opinion, get rid of the disgrace by penalties even as stringent against prize-fighting. For, as, we think the combats of men like HERMAN and MORRISSEY are highly desirable. If they in no way affected the rest of the community, we think it would be wise policy to encourage them. If all the "bruisers" in New-York could be induced to batter one another privately, every day, each to bung up the eyes of his colleague, break their noses and jaws, and otherwise maim and disable them, society would benefit thereby. But unhappily they will not do it privately. They make exhibitions of themselves and their brutalities to make money by it. Their fights are not intended simply as means of wreaking their animosities upon one another, or of testing their physical strength, but of furnishing the young and the coarse, and the vicious, with the means of gratification. A prize-fight derives popularity in the interest from the fact that large sums of money may be staked on its result. All gambling is a public evil, strikes public morals a deeper blow that almost any other form of vice; but gambling, in which the chances and excitement are found in the suffering and disfigurement of two human beings, trained for the purpose, is one of the most atrocious offences against society that can be conceived of. If there be any one thing more than another which has contributed to the happiness and prosperity of this nation, it is the inherent respect for man as man, in his simplest character, which lies at the base both of our social and political system. We have always proclaimed aloud our respect for humanity, simply because it was human, and we have acted on this declaration, both in our legislation and in all the relations of life.

But how is it possible to maintain this feeling, if our young men are every few months presented with a spectacle which converts two male adults into machines for mutual destruction by pounding, gashing, and mauling, for the gratification of a few hundred gamblers.

An attempt is being made by some of the sporting journals to justify these disgusting performances, by citing the example of England, and alleging that they exercise a useful influence in developing the tone of physical strength and prowess, and in promoting "pluck" amongst our men. All this is pure humbug. Prize-fighting has in England sunk so low in the scale of national amusements, that nobody but the dregs of grog-shops knows anything about the ring, or takes any interest in it. No man with a shred of respectability pays any attention to the doings of "Bendigo" or the "Tipton Slasher;" and yet we should like to know what evidences of the decline of pluck the national character of England has lately shown. English armies exhibit now higher qualities than they did fifty years ago. It has become well established that in modern warfare 'tis *morale* far more than physique, which wins the day. Education, ambition, sense of duty, devotion to the cause and love of country, are the things which now lead armies to victory; and this is so well recognized, that in the British service every effort is being made to find recruits, not among buffers and rowdies, as formerly, but amongst the sober, and the intelligent and well-behaved. To tempt this class, corporal punishment has been almost entirely done away with, better barrack accommodation is provided, libraries and reading-rooms are established. The man who stands up most unflinchingly under fire, and advances most cheerily to the charge, is not the bullet-headed, thick-necked, heavy-jawed bruiser, who "travels on his muscle," but the man whose moral training has taught him, that to die in doing one's duty is a better thing than to live. Moreover, boxing is unknown in France, and yet we have never heard of the French being called bad soldiers. The last and vilest insult which a French soldier can receive is a blow in the face from another; he returns it not with his fist but with steel, and yet we should like to know where he has shown the want of training "in the manly art of self-defence." The period, in England, in which prize-fighting was encouraged by the upper classes, was one in which the lower classes were sunk in the deepest degradation; in which a peasant or a citizen was treated as an inferior animal; in which press-gangs ranged the streets; in which soldiers and sailors were flogged to death for the most venial faults; in which country magistrates shipped off laborers to the fleet upon mere suspicion of poaching; in which the masses only lived and toiled that gentlemen might make merry. With the progress of liberty and civilization there comes in all countries the sentiment of personal dignity, which makes blows in the face a deep degradation; which makes every man's person sacred from the touch of another. It seems to be taken for granted that, if boxing does not prevail, stabbing will. We deny the necessity for either. We ask those who look with lenient eyes on the ring, because it is a good substitute for the knife, to devote a little of their time and money in seeing that the laws are enforced, because we think a justice of the peace can do the work both of the fist and the dagger a great deal better than either. Arms place the weak and peaceable on an equality with the robust and quarrelsome. If the law cannot save us from the Mulligans and Morriseys, few of us can contend against these worthies with our naked hands.

AMENDING THE CONSTITUTION.—Besides the ballots for State and local candidates, the voters will find at the polls on the 2d of November two other kinds of tickets, in reference to a new Constitution. One of these reads thus: "Shall there be a Convention to revise the Constitution and amend the same? Yes." The other is in the same words, except that it concludes with "No." If a majority of the votes given in respect to the proposed Convention shall be affirmative, though that majority may not be one-tenth of the entire vote of the State, then it becomes the duty of the Legislature, at its next session, to appoint the time for holding an election for delegates to said Convention, and also for the meeting of the Convention itself.

Manifestly very little attention has been paid to this subject by the people, and from the outside aspect of the case it would naturally be supposed that they cared little about the matter. Doubtless the vote upon it will be small; yet there are not a few reflecting citizens alive to the intrinsic importance of the question to be submitted. Some of these, who are averse to change when not imperatively demanded, will cast negative votes. But the hopeful are always the majority, and they will vote for a Convention, trusting that a new Constitution will be free from defects which eleven years of experience have not failed to detect in the present instrument. It is premature to attempt to indicate in detail the amendments which may be desirable. Yet some of them are already prominent before the public mind. There is, for example, no difference of opinion in regard to an alteration of our judiciary system. The Constitution of 1846 has made it complicated, bungling and inefficient. Perhaps the reforms expected and promised, at that time, are Utopian. But certainly there was no need of making things worse than they had been; and that such has been done no one can deny. In regard to elective Judges the public mind is divided. It seems undemocratic to go back to the old mode of appointment. Yet few will deny that, in general, we had better men on the Bench when they were designated by the Governor and Senate. Another alteration which will be urged, is a provision in favor of laws insuring honest voting, so plain as to remove all possible cavil about their constitutionality. There is room, at present, for no honest objection to a law which will ascertain whether those who offer to vote are legally entitled to that right. But there is just room enough for the present Constitution for a Machiavelian policy on the part of politicians who rely on spurious ballots to carry every election; and that quibble should be crushed out.

The Convention, should one be called, may render a public service by simplifying the State's book-keeping. In the course of half a century a large number of "funds" have been created, the only use of which is to puzzle plain people and form a mental exercise for clerks in the Comptroller's office. This matter, though not vital, is still worth bearing in mind.

It is probably safe to assume that we shall elect delegates in May, and hold the Convention in June and July. When it comes to that let us have good men—the best men—wherever they may be found. The shrieks of locality should be unuttered or unheeded. A Constitution-making Convention is an extraordinary convocation, and should stand above the rules which govern political nominations.

Let seats in the Legislature or in Congress be reserved for the reward of partizan service. But into the Constitutional Convention none should enter without the disposition and ability to render to the people of the State the highest service.

NEW-YORK IN AN UPROAR.—October is always a noisy month in this metropolis, for it is not only the favorite season for target excursions and all manner of street shows, but the City is then crowded with strangers from all parts of the Union, families are returning from the country, the streets overflow with excited throngs of visitors, and everybody is in a hurry to make the most of time, and extract all the enjoyment possible in this golden month before the wintry weather of November sets in; the hotels are suffering from plethora of business, and the theatres, concert-rooms, and opera-houses are filled with gay crowds of pleasure-seekers. In addition to all these ordinary accompaniments of the months, we are now passing through the most exciting and bewildering preparations for our Fall elections that we have ever known. Instead of the usual meetings and Conventions of the two great opposing parties we have a baker's dozen of factions, each one making as much commotion as any one great party in ordinary times. Then we have the Philadelphia firemen and the Piccolomini *furore* to increase the general hubbub. Strangers who wish to see New-York in a whirl of excitement and confusion should drop in upon us now, but, unless they are willing to take it in the rough, and have good strong nerves to endure a constant hubbub, they had better stay away.

Mr. JOHN B. HASKIN.—The opposition in the Ninth Congressional District (Westchester, Putnam and Rockland,) have definitively arranged for the campaign by conceding a clear field to their present representative, Mr. HASKIN. He received an independent nomination from the Anti-Lecompton Democrats, on the ground of opposition to the President's Kansas policy, which Mr. H. withstood with unfaltering courage at the late session. In this nomination the Republican and American Conventions, held at Tarrytown on Tuesday, have concurred, by refraining from making any nominations of their own, and by recommending his election. He will, doubtless, receive the bulk of the votes of those two parties, and will carry with him a number of his former Democratic supporters, variously estimated from five hundred to two or three thousand. Two years ago Mr. H., running as the regular Democratic candidate, received 7,195 votes, to 5,985 for STRANG, Republican, and 5,084 for GOSS, American. His plurality over STRANG was 1,280; but the aggregate Republican and American vote exceeded his by 3,824. That aggregate is now expected to be mainly for him, any deficiencies being probably covered by the strength he will carry over from the Democratic camp. So there would seem to be little chance for his defeat.

IS THERE TO BE ANY ATTEMPT MADE TO COMPEL RICHMOND COUNTY TO PAY FOR THE QUARANTINE HOSPITALS?—By the Act of 1853 (Chapter 428 of Session Laws) counties are made responsible for damages to real or personal property occasioned by any mob or riot. This is the law under which it is proposed to hold Richmond County liable for the destruction of the Quarantine property.

The last section of this Act provides that all actions under it must be commenced within three months after the loss or injury. More than half this time has expired since the Quarantine riots, and neither the State nor any individual has commenced suits against Richmond County. Is it not time for the Attorney-General to go to work, even before the election is over?

THE FOREIGN VOTE.—Although the Washington *Union* is in the main facetious and jolly over the late disasters of its party, there are some things of which it feels inclined to complain. One of these is the fact "that a large class of naturalized citizens have gone over with the Americans to the Republicans." This the *Union* pronounces "a strange political phenomenon." Possibly it is. But strange phenomena are the order of the day. For example, does it not seem rather "strange" to the *Union* that Pennsylvania should vote 30,000 strong against the Administration of President BUCHANAN?

THOSE SCOTCH PIPES.—According to a correspondent of the Washington *Union*, the Pennsylvania election had no reference whatever to the President's Lecompton policy, or to the general principles of Mr. BUCHANAN'S Cabinet. It was the Scotch water pipes which did all the mischief! The "iron interest," he says, was exasperated beyond bearing by that unlucky contract, causing the overthrow of the Democracy. There is no philosophy like that which searches out the causes of things.

A RARE COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL PICTURES.—Sales of original paintings are as common as sales of furniture and ormolu ornaments; but a sale of really fine original pictures is not by any means an every-day event. It is for the sake of the lovers of art and to encourage its growth among us that we call attention to a remarkably fine collection of pictures, comprising the galleries of two well-known amateurs, which is to be sold at auction by LEEDS, commencing this morning and continuing until Saturday. With the exception of the French gallery and the Belmont collection, there has not been so choice a collection of pictures before offered to the public of New-York. The names of nearly all our best artists are represented in the catalogue, and the examples are the best of their works. The cotemporary artists of Belgium, Dusseldorf, England and France are also well represented. The greater part of the pictures are cabinet size, and among them is a remarkably fine specimen of the great colorist, DIAZ.

Accidents Admitted into Bellevue Hospital.

New-York, Tuesday, Oct. 19.

An unknown woman, aged 50 years, was found lying insensible in the house No. 20 Barrow-street, and was brought into the Hospital by Officer Sauts, of the ninth Precinct. J. DALY, Warden.

[illegible]

The spectacle of a brilliant operatic gathering, with its admixture of graceful forms and bright faces, is assuredly one of the most pleasing that the hampered amusements of City life can afford. It enhances for a moment beyond the chilling matter of aristocratic heritage, without depriving us of the agreeable influences of fashion and good breeding. In no city of the world is an Opera crowd so interesting as here. A man of taste can desire nothing more obstructive in the way of enjoyment than that afforded by the narrow gateway of the Academy. The opportunities are tremendous—limited only by the reflection that in time we must pass to our seats and leave the pressure of circumstances to more fortunate and later beings. A prospect "more alluring to the view of an invader" cannot be imagined.

The Piccolomini excitement culminated pictorially last night. Fashion in her most brilliant vestments had possession of Fourteenth-street. From 7 o'clock to 11 when the performances came to an end, the thoroughfares vibrated with the equipages of the fortunate, and the *trottoirs* were as gay and animated as a ball-room. It was a pretty sight, and merited the desultory admiration of the outsiders who assembled in strong force to pay homage to Beauty in the common currency of ogles. There was of course some of the usual confusion that inevitably attends such gatherings, although to a less extent than might have been anticipated. Mr. ULLMAN's arrangements were of a very complete and satisfactory character, and in no point of view more praiseworthy than in the determination with which he caused the ticket speculators to be driven from the doors. At one time there was a prospect of a collision between these gentry and the officers detailed for their suppression, but so far as we can learn no actual disturbance took place. We are heartily glad that the nuisance is in some shape to be abated. It has grown with the growth of the Academy, and is simply intolerable. Right or wrong the greasy Jews who thrust their foul tickets and still fouler hands in your face the moment you enter the building should be kicked out. If they are inevitable peddlers, let them peddle elsewhere, not in the very threshhold of the Academy itself. Once in the house everything was orderly, elegant and animated. The corridors have been carpeted, and the new tiers of private boxes look extremely comfortable, although yet in an unfinished state. An artistic objection may be taken to the yellow lining of the proscenium boxes. Its direct effect is to turn the complexion of the fair occupants to a dingey green.

Precisely at 8 o'clock the curtain ascended on the opening scene of the "Traviata," and five minutes later Mlle. PICCOLOMINI was an accepted favorite of the New-York public. An audience as easily excited as our own, and so generously alive to the winning impressions of youth and genius, does not hesitate in the expression of its favor, however much it may falter in the momentous matter of condemnation. An intuitive power, youthful and tempered with all kindliness, supplies with our public the place of colder judgment. An instant reciprocity is established, or failing this, a chilling and destructive diffidence assumes its place. All our heroes have to submit to this ordeal, and hence it happens that glorification is frequently short lived, not because we have been deceitful, but because the objects which have drawn it forth have failed to touch those chords which are the secret springs of our sincerity. There can be no possible mistake about the celerity with which we "drop" the people we do not like. From a President to an Irish patriot, we have an ample scope of illustration, if illustration were needed.

Prompt and decided is our genuine approbation. It chimes pleasantly with our national institutions to applaud that which is pleasing; and as everyman presumes to know what pleases him best, the operation is instantaneous, and as independent as any generous manifestation can be. The young artist who has just made her triumphant *début* may rest assured that the applause she received last night was no gallant trifling with a reputation, but an honest recognition of merit.

It was in this opera that Mlle. PICCOLOMINI made her English success, and paved the way for her present American career. Previously to 1855 she was comparatively unknown, having but recently broken from the ties of a noble family to essay the lyric stage in the provinces of Italy. Her extreme youth, the prestige of a historical name, and the scandal which attended the production of a naughty opera like the "Traviata" at Her Majesty's Theatre, were so many points in her favor. The curiosity of the Britons was excited, and the Press rebed itself for the emergency in a mantle of shining virtue which was lovely—at a distance. Mlle. PICCOLOMINI's triumph was instantaneous, and the critics, in spite of their hostility to VERDI, were the first to award her ungrudgingly the position which she has ever since enjoyed. From that moment to the present her career has been an ovation.

Without positive owlishness it is impossible to be blind to the fact that Mlle. PICCOLOMINI's influence over the audience is the result more of manner than method. She is not an astonishing vocalist, nor is she gifted with a voice of extraordinary power. If we try to analyze what it is that gives her preëminence, we must, at the outset, discard these ordinary considerations. Much as her vocal powers have been underrated, they are still in no proportion to her immense histrionic capacity, which embraces so wide a range of emotion that it overshadows everything else. Her voice is a very charming soprano, soft yet full, and of fair compass, although evidently not yet fully developed. It is as fresh as voice can be, and as supple as youth, without much experience, can make it. Under the impulse of emotion it vibrates with feeling, and by indescribable inflections illuminates with electrical quickness, a train of deep sentiment, even as the lightning illuminates the vale. It is this rare gift which distinguishes true from conventional art, and we have seldom seen it manifested more wonderfully than in the case of Mlle. PICCOLOMINI. Her entire performance is, in fact, a protest against conventionality, and to this circumstance we attribute her great success in England, where things in art as in everything else, move in the most steady and antiquated grooves. To say that this independence of model is mere talent, would be absurd. It is genius of the best kind, because creative, and absolutely free from the taint of imitation. Blended as it is with all the gracious suavity of youth, and the bearing of good society, it is not remarkable that Mlle. PICCOLOMINI astonishes as much as she captivates her audiences.

Our readers are so familiar with the plot and music of the "Traviata" that any especial reference to either would be tiresome. The drama and the score have outlived the wearisome opposition which attends, as a necessary evil, every new production in art, and both, in spite of the wailings of high criticism, have grown in the affections of the people. We have had the opera under every variety of circumstances, and we may add that some of the impersonations of the heroine have been so admirable that they are never likely to be greatly surpassed. In reviving the work for the *début* of Mlle. PICCOLOMINI Mr. ULLMAN has endeavored to avoid the beaten track. Some of the scenery is new and very fine; the costumes are excellent, and the disposition of the stage forces excessively effective. These are points which give freshness to a work even where there is no especial attraction in the cast. When the latter is entirely new there is little more to be desired. With these remarks we will sketch briefly the performance of last evening. The Brindisi was the first noticeable effort. It was sung well by Signor STEFANI and effectively by Mlle. PICCOLOMINI, who threw into it an amount of sprightly dash and coquetry which was irresistible. Her subsequent scene with *Alfredo*, when that misguided young man tells his love, was exquisitely arch and captivating. The finale, too, was very effective, in the contrast from the sad to the gay. In these mercurial transitions Mlle. PICCOLOMINI is certainly without a rival. The allegro was encored, the lady called out three or four times, and finally the curtain had to reascend for the coveted piece, which was repeated.

It is in the second act that Mlle. PICCOLOMINI is seen and heard to the best advantage; for admirable as is the vivacity that surrounds the festivities of the first act, it does not elevate the artist to any level on which she may safely repose. There is dramatic purpose in the second act, and emotional contrast of the best kind. The whole scene with the Father was superb, the duet in particular meriting the highest commendation for its tender earnestness and pure simple feeling. The baritone, Signor FORNASARI, made his mark here. He has a fine voice, unusually sympathetic in its quality, well cultivated, and managed with intelligence. "Di Provenza" was of course encored, and brought down the curtain for the preparation of the ball-room scene—thus dividing the opera into four acts instead of three. The alteration was justified by a very respectable ballet, headed by Senorita SOSE, a charming *danseuse* of the Spanish school, who is well known and appreciated in this City. Then we had the glorious *finale* introduced by Signor STEFANI with immense vigor, and acted by Mlle. PICCOLOMINI with even more than her previous intensity and tenderness. The revulsion which she suffers at the insults heaped on her by her lover is depicted with touching truthfulness even in its physical manifestation. This effort has been well described as a great achievement, and it certainly deserves to be so regarded. The last act is filled with lovely feeling and correct human pathos. It depends almost entirely on the prima donna, and has long been famous for that overwhelming outburst "Grand Dio." Mlle. PICCOLOMINI's acting throughout was subdued and natural. The "Grand Dio" piece we have heard to greater advantage, even in an emotional point of view, but the subdued effect of the act was a worthy close to a great performance.

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The dedicatory exercises were commenced with a touching prayer by the Rev. Dr. ADAMS, of the Madison-square Presbyterian Church, of which deceased was a member at the time of his death. The strong and gentleman's impressive tone, the place, his relations to the uncertain course of man's life, his petitions for God's comfort to the bereaved family, the reverential attitude of the large company, rendered the scene singularly solemn.

An oration was pronounced by ANSON G. PHELPS, Esq., a schoolmate and friend of the deceased. The orator spoke of Mr. SHEPARD's struggles in early life, his perseverance, his precocious talents when a school-boy, his acquirements as a scholar, his industry and purity of life, his generous and gentle nature, his faithfulness to his friends, and his deep devotional disposition. He reviewed his political and legal studies, in both of which Mr. SHEPARD had acquitted himself with honor and credit to his country. Had he lived he would have proved the most eloquent and learned of the legal profession, to which position he was fast approaching. The oration was eloquent, and the orator at times was almost overcome by his feelings. It touched the hearts of his audience, and eyes were moist as the merits and virtues of Mr. SHEPARD were recounted. The reference to his religious feelings prompted Dr. ADAMS to say that the night before Mr. SHEPARD's death he was sitting with a friend at midnight, and religion was the subject of their conversation. The deceased felt that there was just one theme which could exhaust and employ all the faculties of his mind, and which he could grapple with the greatest power and earnestness—it was the redemption of the world by a crucified Saviour. As a minister of God's word, the reverend gentleman trusted the occasion would prove of spiritual benefit to his listeners; and, when the mind reverted to the departed, he could but exclaim in the language of Cowper, when looking upon his mother's picture:

"Oh! that those lips had language!"

Among the gentlemen present were Mayor TIEMANN, JOHN VAN BUREN, Colonel DELAVAN, Dr. SANDER, ISAAC V. FOWLER, ERASTUS J. WOODWARD, Aldermen CLARKEY and ADAMS, and other men of political note.

The monument is a fine granite shaft, situated on a gentle embankment, fronting on Central-avenue. The plot of ground cost $440. The railing, stone and lettering received an expenditure of $[illegible] for the monument, and $[illegible] for the lettering. Its dimensions are:

Base, 7 feet 6 inches square, 2 feet in height; plinth, 2 feet high; pedestal block, 4 feet 9 inches; shaft, 10 feet.

On the front is the following inscription, in gilt lettering:

To perpetuate the memory
of
LORENZO B. SHEPARD,
This monument
is erected by the voluntary contributions
of
Citizens who valued him as a public officer,
of
Associates and Clients
Who trusted him as a Counsellor,
of
Friends who loved him as a friend,
Just, generous and true,
In all the relations of Life.

On the left-hand panel:

L. B. S.

Member of Democratic General Committee [illegible]
Chairman of Democratic General Committee [illegible]
President of Democratic State Convention [illegible]
Delegate to National Convention of [illegible]
Grand Sachem of Tammany Society [illegible]
The cherished aim of his Political
Career was
The Union of the Democratic Party
for the sake of the Union.

On the right-hand panel:

L. B. S.

Born May 27, [illegible]
Admitted to the Bar [illegible]
Examiner in Chancery [illegible]
Member of the Constitutional Convention [illegible]
United States District-Attorney [illegible]
District-Attorney for the City and County of N. Y. [illegible]
Counsel to the Corporation of New-York [illegible]
Died in office Sept. 19th [illegible]
Aged 52 years.

The remaining panel was left blank, and is to be reserved for the epitaph of deceased's widow.

City Items.

A day or two since two heavy casks were landed on a North River Pier from a Mediterranean vessel, marked AUGUSTA BRAGONI. They each contained 3,600 pounds of a heavy copper coin, (2 Baiocchi, of Tuscany.) They were all cut in two pieces, apparently by a cold chisel, and appeared to be of very pure metal. They were inscribed "PIUS IX. P. M. MDCCCXLVI. Anno VI. 1851," and on the reverse the coat of the Italian States.

The advertisement in yesterday's TIMES announcing the marriage of Mr. ROBERT C. CHEWETT to Miss MARY M. BARZE, was written by some evil-minded person. No such marriage has taken place. The California papers which shall have copied it with the request to "please copy" will owe it to the parties to make the *amende*.

THE HEALTH OF WASHINGTON IRVING.—For some days past a paragraph has been going the round of the Press, stating that Mr. Washington Irving was seriously ill, and that his condition was such as to cause alarm to his friends. We are happy to have it in our power to contradict this report. Mr. IRVING, it is true, has been indisposed, having received another slight attack of his old complaint—fever and ague—from which he has nearly recovered. This will be welcome news to thousands who feared, from the rumor of his severe illness, that the country was about to lose its deservedly most popular prose author.

Mr. IRVING is now engaged upon the fifth and concluding volume of his *Life of Washington*, and if he had not been, almost daily, and often many times a day, compelled to pay the penalty of fame, it would now be ready for the Press. Mr. IRVING is besieged by visitors, most of whom are unknown to him, and who do not seem to think that they are acting unreasonably in making such demands upon his time, when there are but few hours of the day that he can call his own. To such an extent is this carried that he can scarcely venture to walk in his garden, lest he should be seized upon by some enthusiast or importunate admirer. Mr. IRVING, with delicacy, of course, do not trespass too much on his manners.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Great Meeting to Ratify the Nomination of Daniel E. Sickles.

Speeches of Mr. Sickles and Captain Rynders.

Third Congressional District.

The friends of the Hon. DANIEL E. SICKLES, the Administration candidate for Congress in the Third Congressional District, met last evening in the Tammany Hall, Broadway, to ratify his nomination. The meeting was called for 7½ o'clock, and from that hour the attendance was exceedingly numerous, and after a time became extremely impatient. Occasionally a gentleman appeared on the platform and gave out the time by organizing the meeting and giving to the fact that a large procession of Mr. Sickles' friends had been organized down town, and was then on its way to the place of meeting.

The crowd was in capital humor. A brilliant demonstration, with a band of music, marching up Broadway; a banner, a speech of Mr. Sickles, numerous banners, accompanied by transparencies, an enthusiastic crowd, constituted the display, which, on entering the hall, was enthusiastically received, and filled it to repletion. At the time the audience was increased to a very numerous assemblage.

At 8 o'clock a number of gentlemen, including Mr. Sickles himself, appeared on the platform amid enthusiastic applause.

Mr. Wm. Walker, Chairman of the Convention by which Mr. Sickles was nominated, called the meeting to order, and proposed for Chairman, Mr. Richard Warner. Mr. Warner was elected unanimously. A list of complimentary officers was submitted and adopted.

Mr. Lott H. Williams read the following resolutions, which were carried nem. con.:

Resolved, That we reaffirm our confidence in the Administration of JAMES BUCHANAN, relying, as we do, on and all, upon the patriotism, wisdom and judgment of the Chief Executive of the nation so to conduct the affairs of the country as to preserve its domestic tranquillity and its honor in the controversies which may arise with the nations of the world, firmly believing that he will so shape the foreign and home policy of the Administration that the rights of our citizens will be protected, and make available every opportunity to contribute to the substantial greatness of the country.

Resolved, That we cordially indorse and heartily approve the action of our late Democratic State Convention, of ANDREW J. PARKER for Governor, JOHN J. TAYLOR for Lieutenant-Governor, SHERBURNE B. PIPER for Canal Commissioner, and EDWARD L. DONNELLY for Member of State Printing.

Resolved, That they each and all are honorable and upright Democrats, reliable Democrats, and in every respect entitled to the hearty support of the Party throughout the State.

Resolved, That we cordially ratify the nomination of the Hon. DANIEL E. SICKLES—(great applause)—as our candidate to represent the Third Congressional District in the Fourth Congress, in that he manly and frank advocacy of Democratic principles in the first session of the Congress, his firm and unwavering support of the National Administration, his faithful and constant vigilance in our National Legislature to advance the interests of the City of New-York—and, above all, his conduct as a legislator, justly entitle him to a renomination, and to receive, as we do, in mass meeting assembled, pledge ourselves to give our unceasing and earnest efforts in his behalf.

Resolved, That we most emphatically condemn the conduct of HIRAM WALLBRIDGE, in making a factious opposition to the nomination of DANIEL E. SICKLES, and thus aiding the Know-Nothing and Black Republicans—that Mr. Wallbridge, having himself presented his claims to the Regular Democratic Congressional Convention, and asked at their hands a nomination, which, after due consideration, looking to the interests of their constituency, the body felt and think proper to give, is bound by the decision of that Convention, and should at once acquiesce in the result and give his hearty support to the regular nominee.

Resolved, That we further ratify the County and Judicial nominations made at Tammany Hall, and will give them our every assistance, from Sheriff to Coroner, our cordial support.

Captain Rynders was introduced in response to vociferous calls. His speech was mainly a review of the conduct of General WALLBRIDGE, whose claims to election as the opponent of Mr. SICKLES, he disparaged and denied. He did not care, he said, what SICKLES had done to WALLBRIDGE, or what WALLBRIDGE had done to SICKLES. That was their business. The Democratic Party could not afford to be marred with either. [Cheers.] As it had been almost cut that Mr. SICKLES, in his position, should lay down to himself to receive a renomination, why, he (the Captain) agreed with him; and he would ask the Democracy of this District whether it was not their duty to renominate the man who had the confidence of JAMES BUCHANAN, and who stood by him in the hour of trial? [Cheers, and cries of "Yes, yes."] When there who had deserted the Democratic Party, and who had faltered in the hour of trial, were opening abolitionists at the hands of the Democratic Party, he would ask them, (his hearers,) as Democrats, if it was not a reflection upon JAMES BUCHANAN not to renominate the man who had stood true and faithful to him in every emergency? [Cheers.] Was it not their business to renominate such men? [Cheers, and cries of "Certainly," with a solitary "No."] Well, he agreed with them, notwithstanding the "no." If they put no other, a vote as that where they applied for admission into Heaven, he did not think they would be rejected. [Laughter and cheers.] He was very good character. General WALLBRIDGE was figuring to be the friend of John C. FREMONT, DANIEL E. SICKLES, and the friend of JAMES BUCHANAN. [Loud cheers, cries of "That's no," and renewed cheers for DANIEL E. SICKLES.] And would the friends of Mr. BUCHANAN desert for such a man Mr. BUCHANAN's friend? ["No, no."] No, he knew they would not; it would be a reflection on Mr. BUCHANAN not to reflect DANIEL E. SICKLES. A paper, representing a factious minority in this District, advocated the election of a man who was a mere squatter in this City—(for his actual residence was in Washington)—against the friend of Mr. BUCHANAN, against the nominee of the party, who had been born and bred here. Heaven help JAMES BUCHANAN if he had to rely upon such friends as that. [Cheers.] He (Captain R.) meant the Daily News. It was no friend of JAMES BUCHANAN, if it wanted, as it did, to cheat the Democrats of the (the Third) District out of a member of Congress who had invariably stood by and unflinchingly supported JAMES BUCHANAN. He (Captain R.) had no desire to have anything but kind feelings between him and General WALLBRIDGE; for, so far as he knew, he had, the General had not a bad heart, but was misled by his friends. He (Captain R.) was a Democrat compelled to be, if he spoke the truth, and he trusted he would ever be, a Democrat. He was a Democrat, when he thought that if he supported a strong candidate they would be defeated, he would do it, and if the party had defeated the nominee of General WALLBRIDGE had characterized the supporters of the regular nominee as "strikers," now, this was very ungraceful to the General, for his success had always been due to "strikers," too. WALLBRIDGE had called his opponents office-seekers; now, in the name of all that was true, was there ever any man who had squatted in the City of New-York, who was so much of an office-seeker as General HIRAM WALLBRIDGE? [Cheers, and cries of "No."] No, he never knew of one. After some further remarks in this strain the Captain withdrew, amid loud cheering.

SPEECH OF THE HON. DANIEL E. SICKLES.

Mr. Sickles was introduced amid vehement applause. He said: Mr. President and Fellow-Citizens, I tender to you my sincere thanks for the kind, cordial and cordial manner in which you have received my nomination when submitted to you to-night, and for the unanimity and enthusiasm with which you have ratified it. It is the first time which I have had the opportunity of speaking at your hands since I had the honor to receive at your hands a triumphant majority in the memorable Presidential campaign of 1856. I came before you then as the representative of the principles of the Democratic Party, and asked your votes, and asked your confidence and support upon the pledge that, as your representative at Washington, I would sustain the Administration of your choice, and that the candidate whom you, in common with your fellow-Democrats of other States, had nominated as the standard-bearer of the Democracy of the Union. I pledged you my faith and honor that I would stand by our chief magistrate, JAMES BUCHANAN, [Cheers,] that I would sustain him so far as my conscientious scruples would permit, in preserving domestic tranquillity and promoting prosperity at home, and maintaining unsullied and unimpaired the honor of the Republic abroad. [Cheers.] The constituents of the Democratic Party of the District, who have elected by you, have reviewed my course, and have done me the honor, in your name, to say, that I deserved at the hands of the Democracy a renomination, and have presented me again for your suffrage. [Cheers, and cries of "And you will be elected, too."] I accept the position. I accept it with all its responsibilities and its honors, and I can only offer to you in the future, as the condition of your support, that I shall stand in the future, as in the past, stand by the principles of the Democratic Party, and sustain the Administration which you have placed in power to support them. [Cheers.] Fellow-citizens, none of the opposing parties have, as yet, placed a candidate in the field, and, therefore, even if it would be proper, I am under no circumstances, holding the position that I do, to indulge in any criticisms upon my opponents their not having placed any candidates, as yet, in the field, except it is impossible for me at this time to discuss the position of the Opposition, so far as their candidates are concerned. But we are met at the threshold by a gentleman claiming to occupy the position of Democratic candidate, the gentleman who has been already referred to, and whose claims have been so adequately discussed by my friend Capt. RYNDERS. As he is the only candidate as yet in the field who challenges your votes as against me, it will not be improper for me to advert at least to two or three considerations which, I think, should be borne in mind when the Democracy of the Third Congressional District come to pass judgment upon any issue that may possibly be raised between Gen. WALLBRIDGE and your nominee. He says I am not entitled to your support, because that, on a recent occasion, only one year ago, I saw fit to take a position against the particular candidate then before the people, Mr. FERNANDO WOOD. I never, fellow-Democrats, have, from any responsibility attaching to any act of my life, political or private, [Cheers,] I can bring to pass any man, or set of men, face to face, who challenge any act of mine as disloyal to the Democratic Party. [Cheers.] Born in the faith, devoted from my earliest boyhood to the present hour to the maintenance of its principles and the promotion of its success, I will, at least, whatever I might deny of myself, say, I may, without fear, assert that I have devoted as many hours, that I have labored with as much assiduity, that I have struggled as hard, and

[illegible]

H. S. RUSSELL, of the Tenth Ward, for their candidate.

The Conventions adjourned, each loudly cheering the name of their choice.

Eighth Congressional District.

Anti-Tammany Convention—Herrick Indorsed.

The Anti-Tammany or the "Regular" and "Peoples" Congressional Conventions of the Eighth District met jointly last evening at the Four Mile House corner of Third-avenue and Fifty-seventh street. There was a full delegation present and the proceedings were very harmonious. REV. P. FAIRCHILD was reelected President, after which an informal ballot was had at which Ex-Alderman HERRICK received 18 votes, and STEPHEN P. RUSSELL 10. The friends of Mr. RUSSELL then withdrew his name, and Mr. HERRICK, the nominee of the Tammany Convention, was unanimously indorsed.

Mr. HERRICK was called in and expressed his thanks to the Convention, stating that the issue in the coming election would be entirely between himself and HORACE F. CLARK, or between the supporters and opponents of the present Administration. He was willing to go before the people upon this issue, and felt confident that, with the generous support of the undivided Democracy, he would win the battle.

American Convention.

The American Convention of the Eighth Congressional District met last evening, at the corner of Third-avenue and Sixty-third-street, to hear the report of the Conference Committee, appointed to effect a union with the Republicans. The Committee reported that they had had several conferences but had been unable as yet to agree upon a candidate.

Another Committee was then appointed to hold one more conference with the Republicans, and if that party would accept ELISHA BROOKS as a candidate, "well and good," otherwise the Americans resolved to run on their own hook, with BROOKS as their candidate.

TENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.—The Americans and Republicans in joint Convention, at the corner of the Bowery and Sixth-street, on Tuesday evening, nominated Mr. JOSEPH CARRIGE to the Assembly. A People's Convention was in session at the same time in the District. Hearing of the action of the Joint Convention, they sent up a Committee to assure them that they would indorse the nomination. This is the District in which Mr. CHALMERS is renominated. Mr. CARRIGE's connection with the market interests of his District, his friends think, insure him an election in a District which, under any fair circumstances, is expected to send to the Assembly a man whose predilections are for freedom.

SIXTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.—The Tammany Convention of the Sixteenth Assembly District was held last evening at "Little Tammany," in Yorkville, and nominated JAMES C. RUTHERFORD on the sixth ballot. Mr. RUTHERFORD was a member of the Legislature from the Third and Sixth Wards in 1845. The Anti-Tammany Convention for the same Assembly District will be held this evening.

SEVENTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.—JAMES MCLEOD was nominated in this District last evening by the Tammany Convention.

CORONER.—It was Dr. SAMUEL HALL (not EDWARD) who received the Union Opposition nomination for Coroner, on Tuesday evening.

The Union of the Opposition in Kings County Perfected.

A meeting of the Kings County American General Committee was held at the Shakespeare Hotel, Brooklyn, last evening. Nearly every ward and town in the county was represented, and, as was anticipated, the first subject for consideration was the recent union formed by the Convention. A series of resolutions were offered, to the effect that the American Congressional and County Conventions had exceeded their powers by uniting with the Republicans upon the same candidates. The principal advocates of the resolutions were Messrs. SCOAT, of the Third, and WILLIAMSON, of the Sixth Ward. They insisted that the delegates to these Conventions were elected to select Americans as candidates for the various offices to be filled; and by forming a mixed ticket, they had exceeded their powers.

Mr. JOHN WINSLOW and several other gentlemen repudiated the idea that the delegates had exceeded their powers, and insisted that their action was indorsed heartily by the party at large.

When the vote was taken on a motion to adopt the resolutions, they were lost by the decided vote of 23 Nays to 7 Ayes—thus perfecting the union of the two parties in Kings County.

The Kings County Democracy.

The attempt to unite the two wings of the Democracy in Kings County is likely to prove a failure. The subject has scarcely been broached or thought of at all in the two General Committees, and the only efforts worthy of notice that have been made to accomplish this result proceed, if we are correctly informed, from the agents of the Administration in New-York City, acting under instructions from Washington. The two Committees are still firm in their original positions of antagonism. Both met at the Eagle Hotel, Brooklyn, last evening. One Committee occupied a room down stairs, and the other assembled up stairs. The two calls for the Committees to meet at the same place, at the same hour, and on the same evening, gave rise to a wide-spread rumor that a plan for settling the existing difficulties had been prepared, and would be submitted, and that there was a good prospect of a cordial union. But they met, transacted their business, each without the aid or advice of the other; both adjourned to the bar-room, ate, drank and talked together without referring to the all-absorbing subjects, which rumor had laid out for them to talk about.

Mr. TAYLOR, the Bradley nominee for Congress, stands firm. His supporters are gaining confidence, and declare unhesitatingly that they cannot be induced to take the back track now—it is too late. They want to be permitted to fight out their family quarrel without interference. There is an old feud existing, and before a compromise can be agreed upon or thought of, there must be a fight. If it does not come off now, it will certainly take place in 1860 and injure the prospects of the party in the next contest for the Presidency; and to avoid this, say the leading spirits of both sides, now is the time to settle it.

REPUBLICAN RATIFICATION MEETING.—The Republican Ratification meeting will take place in the Western District of Brooklyn, Tuesday evening next. There will also be a ratification meeting in the Eastern District.

MEXICO.

Another Version of the Battle of San Luis Potosi.

From the New-Orleans Picayune.

Our last details from Mexico were received by way of Crownsville, Texas, and comprised accounts from San Luis Potosi to the 13th ult., up to which time there had been no fighting. VIDAURRI had withdrawn his forces from that city to the hacienda of La Parada, at no great distance from it; and it was remarked that MIRAMON had declined VIDAURRI's offer of battle, and that the latter wished to draw MIRAMON into the city of San Luis, where his defeat would be inevitable. So it has proved.

We have accounts which make it quite clear that there has been a most brilliant strategic victory achieved by VIDAURRI. Accounts reached us yesterday through three channels—first by way of Texas, and secondly, through the British steamer *Solent* and the Spanish steamer *Mexico, via* Havana, from Vera Cruz. A letter dated Brownsville, Sept. 26, which we found in one of our Texas exchanges, contains the following on the subject:

It is expected here that VIDAURRI will be defeated in the encounter with the priest party, of which MIRAMON is the head; but if defeated, he will not "give up the ship," but will call in a few thousand Americans to aid him in sustaining his ideas. In the event that VIDAURRI is whipped by MIRAMON, *then I shall be* authorized immediately to organize a force to join his standard. It cannot be doubted, also, that Gen. VIDAURRI's defeat will be a stepping-stone to the declaration of the Republic of the Sierra Madre.

P. S.—News has reached here from San Luis Potosi that a portion of Gen. VIDAURRI's army has been defeated, under Col. ZUASA, by Gen. MIRAMON, near San Luis Potosi. Also, that Gen. VIDAURRI had issued orders for all the Spaniards to leave the country. In this city there are many of this class who have come here to escape the vengeance of these orders, as also a large number of priests whom VIDAURRI has exiled.

The postscript here given does not appear much like favorable news for the liberal cause; but as will be presently seen, it is entirely in accordance with the aims of its sustainers.

Immediately after the retirement of VIDAURRI from the city of San Luis Potosi, which, as reported at the time the movement was announced, was suffering under the greatest scarcity of provisions and forage, and the desertion of its inhabitants, MIRAMON marched in. This, according to intelligence received at Havana, by the British steamer *Solent*, and published in the papers of that city of the 16th inst., was on the 12th ult. The *Diario de la Marina*, referring to the intelligence by that steamer, announced the receipt of letters from the City of Mexico to the 1st inst., in which it was stated that a telegraphic dispatch had been received, proclaiming the rout of VIDAURRI by MIRAMON, and that the event was being celebrated with salutes fired, bells rung, &c., although no particulars had been received, and many expressed doubts as to the correctness of the report. However, the celebration was persisted in, and the total rout of VIDAURRI, with the loss of all his artillery, ammunition, &c., was insisted on as a fact justifying it.

The news was received with manifest satisfaction in Havana, and paraded with as much glorification as time and circumstances would admit; but later, and just in time for the same edition of the papers in that city, the Spanish steamer *Mexico*, with very different accounts, arrived. In the *Diario* of "Very Latest," the following notice from the Diario de la Marina, Extraordinario, published in the *Progreso*, of Vera Cruz, gives a statement that VIDAURRI had gradually retreated before MIRAMON, but only in accordance with a strategic plan he had adopted for the purpose of drawing MIRAMON as far from his capital as possible, and at the same time to place him in such a position that he could be attacked from every quarter.

Now the—so called—defeat of ZUASA, taking all the facts into consideration, is clearly nothing more than a part of the design of VIDAURRI in attracting MIRAMON into San Luis, and at the same time, the only ground for all the congratulations at the capital on the reported defeat of VIDAURRI. And the next step taken was the attacking of the city of San Luis from various quarters, overwhelming MIRAMON, as it is spoken of in telegraphic dispatches from Charleston as "the last great battle," the result of which drove the outwitted and chagrined Zulouguista general to commit suicide.

If this is so, and we feel pretty confident that so it is, there is an end to all possibility of the present Government being able to sustain itself, and, it is to be hoped, to the efforts of the *pure party ever again* to force itself into power.

This defeat had been preceded by another, of secondary importance to this alone. General CASANOVA had been utterly routed by DONCLARO in Guadalajara, and the Government partisans at the capital were bitterly mourning it, when the telegraphic dispatch about the defeat of VIDAURRI conveniently arrived to cheer their drooping spirits.

The report of the imposition of a heavy forced loan at Tampico, by Gen. GARZA, is fully confirmed.

A letter from the city of Mexico, dated the 2d inst., states most positively that an attack was about to be made on Vera Cruz. Señors FERNANDEZ and COSOS were to command the attacking corps. The *Progreso of Vera Cruz notices this threatened attack, and intimates* anything but fear as to the result.

ECHEGARAY still besieged the castle of Perote, but without any result.

Five of the San Vicente assassins had been garroted at the capital; and this is particularly noticed as a concession to the mediation of Spain. Perhaps the fleet Spain is said to be energetically fitting out against Mexico will now be sent to help ZULOAGA against the Liberals.

ZULOAGA has been personally insulted during the celebration of Independence Day, by having a pack of cards (*Y una baraja*) thrown at him, by some unknown person, while he was listening to a discourse. The celebration of the day had been suspended on account of the discovery of a conspiracy—against the Government and the rich, say the partisans of the former.

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MIRACULOUS
VERMIN DESTROYER.
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TO ERADICATE
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The prices of all our standard machines have been greatly reduced. SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES, it is well known, though dearer in price, have always been cheaper in fact, considering what they will do, than any other. The prices are now reduced so that all must be satisfied. Call and examine the new machines at the low prices.
I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

☞ We would call the attention of gentlemen to the elegant and tasty Hats manufactured by ESPENSCHEID. To our mind they combine, to a greater degree, the essential qualifications of a superb hat than any other issued this season. Price $3 50. Call and judge for yourselves at No. 118 Nassau-st.

☞ Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing-Machines. They are the favorites for families.—New-York Times. New style, price $50. Office No. 343 Broadway, New-York.

☞ Heavy Arrivals of
CHINA, BRONZES, &c.,
FROM EUROPE,
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.
Are now opening the *largest and most elegant assortment* of goods they have ever received, being the results of Mr. Haughwout's recent purchases when in Europe.
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BRONZES,
CLOCKS, VASES, CANDELABRAS,
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We also call attention to our
Stock of
CHANDELIERS and GAS FIXTURES,
STERLING SILVER
and SILVER-PLATED WARE,
CUTLERY and MIRRORS,
of which we have an *unusually rich and varied assortment*, which we are prepared to sell at
Extremely moderate prices.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
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☞ No More Baldness or Gray Hairs.—JULES HAUEL'S EAU ATHENIENNE, or HAIR RENOVATOR, the greatest chemical discovery of the age, is an infallible restorer of the hair and sight. In baldness and gray locks it has the virtue of disengaging the capillary tubes, and giving the cuticle such a stimulus as to fully restore the impaired functions, thereby imparting a new growth of beautiful brown or black, not by acting as a dye, or staining the skin, but giving the hair a soft and glossy appearance, with a tendency to curl. For sale by all respectable druggists, and by JULES HAUEL & CO., Philadelphia.
Wholesale in New-York, by CARY, HOWARD & SANGER, Chambers-st., and at retail, by FREDERICK V. RUSHTON, Nos. 10 Astor House, and 417 Broadway.

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BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE
For DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING and RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists and perfumers.

☞ Ladies' Gaiters.—Mr. J. R. MILLER is selling a very durable and exceedingly comfortable Gaiter for the Ladies at the low rates of 12 and 14 shillings per pair, at the old established shoe store, No. 336 Bowery. If experience in his business, liberality towards his customers, strict attention and promptness in fulfilling orders are deserving encouragement, Mr. MILLER must prosper.

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☞ The Metallic Tablet Strop—Invented by GEORGE SAUNDERS, A. D. 1816. This the genuine article, has never been equalled for producing the keenest possible edge to a razor. Can be obtained of the subscribers and sole manufacturers. J. & S. SAUNDERS.
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FAMILY SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINES.
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They are all that they claim to be.—*N. Y. Independent.*

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☞ Wedding-Cards and Notes of Invitation—"At Home" and "At Church," engraved and printed in the most artistic and fashionable manner by HYATT, corner of Broadway and Maiden-lane. The oldest establishment in the City.

MARRIED.

ELTING—BIRDSALL.—In this City, on Wednesday, Oct. 20, at the Church of the Holy Communion, by the Rev. Fitch W. Taylor, U. S. N., LUDLOW ELTING, of this City, and MARY H. BIRDSALL, of Peekskill, N. Y., niece of the officiating clergyman.

BALL—TAYLOR.—In this City, on Wednesday, Oct. 20, at the Madison House, by the Rev. H. S. Montgomery, Mr. S. B. BALL, of this City, to Miss E. JANE TAYLOR, only daughter of J. C. Taylor, Esq., of Augusta, Ga.

HAWES—BARNES.—In this City, on Tuesday, Oct. 19, by the Rev. S. C. Keeler, Mr. THOS. R. B. HAWES to Miss SARAH E. BARNES, daughter of William C. Barnes, Esq., all of this City.

KALTENBRUNER—FREEMAN.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Oct. 20, by the Rev. Samuel Baker, D. D., EDWARD L. KALTENBRUNER to LUCY, daughter of Henry F. Freeman, all of Brooklyn.

MARTIN—FOUNTAIN.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Oct. 18, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. J. S. Hagner, WM. S. MARTIN to Miss ADELAIDE L. FOUNTAIN.

WEED—SHEPARD.—In Adrian, N. Y., on Saturday, Sept. 22, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Mr. Hinds, DAVID W. S. WEED, of Toronto, C. W., only son of the late Gen. Stephen Weed, of this City, to HELEN M., youngest daughter of Rev. Dr. SHEPARD.

WARNER—ROBERTS.—On Tuesday, Oct. 19, by the Rev. Jacob Brown, D. D., JOHN T. WARNER, of Boston, to Miss MARGARETTA H. ROBERTS, of the former place.

COOK—SQUIRE.—At Hillside Cottage, West Morrisania, on Wednesday, Oct. 20, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Mr. Cooke, THOMAS H. COOK, of New-York, to MARY, daughter of Christopher S. Squire.

DIED.

YOUNG.—In this City, on Wednesday, Oct. 20, PIERRE E., infant son of Jefferson and late Catherine C. Young.
The funeral will take place on Friday morning, Oct. 22, at 10 o'clock, from No. 208 Monroe-st.

GUNTHER.—*In this City, on Tuesday morning, Oct. 19,* after a lingering illness, MARY MAGDALENE, wife of Christian G. Gunther.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of the deceased, from her late residence, northwest corner of 2d-av. and 14th-st., on Friday, Oct. 22, at 1 P. M., without further invitation. Her remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

WALL.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Oct. 19, after a long *and painful illness, borne with Christian fortitude*, Mrs. LOUISA K. WALL, in the 59th year of her age.
The funeral will take place from her late residence, No. 266 Bridge-st., Brooklyn, this (Thursday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, without further notice.

CHRISTMAS.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening, Oct. 19, MARY E. CHRISTMAS, wife of Wm. Christmas, aged 41 years and 1 months.
The friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, to-morrow afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 69 Carlise-av., Brooklyn, without further invitation.

GASCOIGNE.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday morning, Oct. 20, JAMES B. GASCOIGNE, in the 73d year of his age.
The funeral will take place on Thursday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 68 Nassau-st., Brooklyn. *The friends of the family are respectfully invited* to be present, without further notice.

McDONNELL.—In Jersey City, on Tuesday, Oct. 19, Mrs. MARGARET E., wife of Thomas McDonnell, Esq., of New-Orleans, aged 28 years, a native of Richmond, Va.
The relatives and friends of her brothers, Robert L., Daniel F., and Thomas Smith, Jr., are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of Robert L. Smith, No. 261 Grand-st., Jersey City, on Thursday, at 2 P. M. Her remains will be interred in Greenwood Cemetery.

☞ New-Orleans papers please copy.

SMITH.—At Kingston, N. Y., of scarlatina, MARY FRANCES, wife of William V. Smith, and sister of Jas. H. Spinning.

☞ New-Jersey and Long Island papers please copy.

JEWETT.—At Poughkeepsie, on Tuesday, Oct. 19, Mrs. JANE JEWETT, widow of the late Rev. Wm. Jewett.
The funeral will take place, from her late residence, at Poughkeepsie, this day, (Thursday,) Oct. 21, at 2 P. M. Her friends and relatives are invited to attend.

CHAMPIONSHIP CLIPPER—EXTRA.
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Engraving of a Prize Fight, showing the principals at the scratch—the seconds in their corners—time-keepers at their stations—the inner and outer rings, with the spectators around them. The whole giving a fair idea of a scene in the Fistic Arena.
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Rules of the Prize-Ring in olden times and at the present day.
Duties of Seconds, Umpires and Referee.
Full report of the present match, and all particulars concerning its origin, progress and finish.
The EXTRA CLIPPER will be ready by Friday morning, it is expected, at the latest.
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LADIES'	GENTLEMEN'S
Enameled watches.	Gold English patent levers.
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Silver English patent levers, silver detached levers and lepines. Every watch sold by him is warranted to keep correct time. Watches cleaned and repaired at less than the usual prices. Watches taken in exchange. GEO. C. ALLEN, importer of watches and jewelry, wholesale and retail, No. 11 Wall-st., second floor.

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NOTICE.
The undersigned have issued their catalogues of Houses and Lots at private sale, which can be had on application at the office No. 35 Wall-st.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer,
JACOB S. BAKER.

THE PREVAILING EPIDEMIC.—THE sudden changes of the weather from hot to cold, chilly and oppressive heat of the past week, has produced serious and painful difficulties in the human system—influenza, sore throats, coughs, colds, toothache, neuralgia, tic douloureux, lumbago, pains and aches in the bones, &c. Fever and ague, chills and fever, headache, &c., run riot throughout the City and country. In all such cases RADWAY'S READY RELIEF should be applied, and a dose of RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS taken on going to bed. All who are thus afflicted, if they will follow this treatment, we will guarantee free from pain in six hours. Price 25 cents per bottle and box. RADWAY & CO.'S Office, No. 162 Fulton-st., up stairs, New-York.

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THE NEW MONTHLY IN FRENCH.
THE NOVEMBER NUMBER IS READY.
EVERY FRENCH SCHOLAR SHOULD HAVE IT.
TERMS—Fifteen cents a number; $1 50 a year.
Sold by all periodical dealers.
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No. 348 Broadway, New-York.

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The most appropriate thing for the national gratulations this Fall.
Designs of national flags and fancy colored. Price $2 per hundred. For sale by
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WILL STOPS FROM THE [illegible]
[illegible]
Broadway, between the [illegible]
St. Nicholas Hotels. Rare chance for housekeepers.

THE OLD DOMINION COFFEE POT.—[illegible] in the room for them, but so far I have been able to supply my patrons, and shall endeavor still to do so. If they will apply at Nos. 4 and 6 Burling-slip, they are for sale. Wholesale and retail, by LUCIUS HART.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—[illegible] on and after THURSDAY, Oct. 21, [illegible] mail, by steamboat, will close at 12 M.
ISAAC V. FOWLER, Postmaster.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girls, situations, one as first-rate cook, washer, ironer, mangler, and pastry; the other as chambermaid and waiter, and understands all kinds of fancy sewing; is willing and obliging, and would prefer a home more than high wages. The best of City references can be given if required. Call at No. 162 West 26th-st., in the rear, for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation in a private family as seamstress or dressmaker, and understands all kinds of family sewing; and can make children's clothes; is willing and obliging, and would prefer a home more than high wages. The best City reference. Call at No. 162 West 26th-st., in the rear, for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITuation to cook, wash and iron, or has no objections to do general housework in a small private family; is a perfect good washer and ironer, and a good plain cook. The best of City references can be given if required. Lived 2 years in her last place. Call at No. 162 West 26th-st.; can be seen for two days.

WANTED—SITUATIONS, BY TWO RESPECTAble young girls (sisters, Episcopalians,) together or separate, one as chambermaid and waiter, fine washing, &c., the other as nurse and seamstress; is a neat sewer; has good references from her last place, old country, also in the City. Applyat No. 328 6th-av., between 23d and 24th sts., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A FIRST-CLASS seamstress, in a respectable family; she understands cutting and fitting ladies' dresses, and all kinds of family sewing; has no objection to walk as a lady, or travel with a family. The best of City references can be given. Call or address for two days at No. 18 West 16th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY EXPErienced English girl, as chambermaid and waiter, or chambermaid and fine washer and ironer; understands her business perfectly; is very capable in the dining-room, and will be found in every respect a most desirable servant. Furnishes the highest references. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND seamstress, or nurse and chambermaid, by a most respectable and experienced servant; thoroughly understands the care of an infant from its birth; has served as nurse in two gentlemen's families in Brooklyn—one three and the other two years—who will give her the highest references. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS PLAIN COOK, washer and ironer, or to do general housework, by a stout active and well-recommended girl. A smart Protestant girl also wants a situation as chambermaid and waitress or nurse and seamstress; she has the best of references. They can be seen any one until suited at WALLACE'S, No. 4 Sands-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A WELL-RECOMMENDED, faithful and competent woman, a situation; understands housework thoroughly, is a good cook and a first-rate washer and ironer, can do up shirts beautifully; will be found particularly neat and willing to please. Can be seen until suited at No. 68 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITuation as chambermaid and seamstress, or to assist with the washing, or assist with the care of children, or would do cooking in a small family; has good City reference. Can be seen for one day at No. 71 West 16th-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A NEAT, TIDY, and most respectable girl; has served in first-class families as chambermaid; also, as general servant; can do good plain cooking; is an excellent washer and ironer; will be found willing, efficient and prudent in her duties. Apply at No. 3 Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE person, as chambermaid and fine washer and ironer, or as regular laundress; understands all kinds of French fluting. Can be well recommended from her last place, where she lived two years and a half. Call at No. 94 West 16th-st., near 6th-av., for two days.

WANTED—BY TWO COMPETENT, RESPECTAble persons, situations, one as a first-rate cook, and the other as chambermaid, and to assist in the washing and ironing, or as waiter; both will be found willing, capable persons; refer to former employers. Apply at No. 303 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A SMART AND TIDY YOUNG woman, with best of references from last employer, a situation to do general housework; is a first-rate washer and ironer, a good plain cook and baker; will make herself generally useful; no objection to go to the country. Call at No. 378 6th-av., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION, IN A SMALL PRIvate family, for a Protestant girl, to do the general housework, or chamberwork and waiting. She can furnish the very best of City references, having lived for the last year and upwards in a clergyman's family. Inquire at No. 120 East 26th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO YOUNG WOmen; one as chambermaid and seamstress, or chambermaid and waitress; the other to cook, wash and iron for a small private family. The best City reference from their last places can be given. Can be seen for two days at No. 61 East 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman in a small private family; is a good cook and first rate washer and ironer; is a good hand at all kinds of baking; can give the best of City reference from her last place; can be seen for two days. Call at No. 267 West 22d-st., between 9th and 10th ave.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman of steady habits, a situation as a very good plain cook and an excellent washer and ironer; is a very good baker; willing and obliging. Has the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 273 10th-st., between 1st-av. and Avenue A.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as good cook; is an excellent baker; would assist with washing and ironing if required; no objection to go a nice country situation; good reference. Address No. 43 West 26th-st., between 6th and 6th ave.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation to travel with a lady, or would go South and take care of children; to which she is accustomed; she is a good seamstress, and can give the best of City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 79 2d-av.

WANTED — BY A COMPETENT YOUNG woman, a situation as good cook and to assist in the washing and ironing in a private family; is a good bread and pastry maker. Has the best of City reference. Apply for two days at No. 118 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED — A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG healthy woman, with a fresh breast of milk; has a healthy baby. Can be seen until engaged at No. 204 Jay-st., Brooklyn, in the basement, or address S. M., Box No. 170, Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman, as laundress in a private family, or would do chamberwork and fine washing; one who thoroughly understands her business and has good City reference. Call at No. 137 West 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND seamstress by a respectable young woman who is a good neat sewer; or as chambermaid and seamstress. Call at No. 244 9th-st., 3d-floor, front room, between 1st and 2d ave. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as chambermaid and fine washer and ironer. No objection to go a short distance in the country. Best City reference given. Can be seen for two days at No. 14 Gramercy-park, 2d floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, to cook, wash and iron, or would do chamberwork and assist in the washing and ironing. Call for two days, at No. 303 7th-av., between 30th and 31st sts., 2d floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A NEAT GIRL, WITH EXCELlent City references, a situation as nurse and chambermaid; can take the entire charge of a baby or young children; is quick at needle; wishes for the nursery; wages $6. Call at No. 216 East 22d-st., for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl, as chambermaid and waitress, or to do chamberwork and assist in the washing and ironing. Good City references can be given. Call for two days at No. 192 East 26th-st., between 2d and 3d ave.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman in a private family, as seamstress and dressmaker; one who thoroughly understands her business; can sew on Grover & Baker's machine. Good reference given. Call at No. 213 East 14th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as a good cook, washer and ironer, and excellent bread and biscuit maker; no objection to the country; North Orange, N. J., is preferred; good City reference. Address M. L., Box No. 183 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman as chambermaid or laundress; can give good City reference if required; is used for the last year in her last place. Call at No. 213 East 23d-st., second floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as chambermaid and nurse, or chambermaid and waitress in a private family. Apply at her last employer's, No. 71 East 17th-st., for two days, where she can be seen.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman, a situation as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid and seamstress; can embroider neatly; excellent recommendations given. May be seen at her present employer's residence, No. 79 East 26th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY PROTESTANT young women; one as cook; one as nurse and seamstress; one as chambermaid and laundress, or to do housework; one as waitress or seamstress. Apply at No. 7 11th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISH girl, as saleswoman in a store; writes an excellent hand and can keep accounts. Can be seen for three days at No. 6 West 11th-st., and can produce satisfactory references.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress. Can be seen in the baker's store No. 262 3d-av., three doors from 26th-st. Can show the best of City references.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, GENtlemen's and ladies' washing. Can be well recommended. Call at No. 26 24th-st., between 6th and 7th ave., 3d floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A FIRST-CLASS cook, who understands her business; best of City references. Call at No. 202 1st-av., between 12th and 14th sts., 1st floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A NEAT GIRL, A SITUATION as nurse and chambermaid; can take the entire charge of a baby or young children; is quick at needle; wishes for the nursery; wages $6. Call at No. 216 East 22d-st., for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman in a private family, as seamstress and dressmaker; one who thoroughly understands her business; can sew on Grover & Baker's machine. Good reference given. Call at No. 213 East 14th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as a good cook, washer and ironer, and excellent bread and biscuit maker; no objection to the country; North Orange, N. J., is preferred; good City reference. Address M. L., Box No. 183 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman as chambermaid or laundress; can give good City reference if required; is used for the last year in her last place. Call at No. 213 East 23d-st., second floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as chambermaid and nurse, or chambermaid and waitress in a private family. Apply at her last employer's, No. 71 East 17th-st., for two days, where she can be seen.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman, a situation as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid and seamstress; can embroider neatly; excellent recommendations given. May be seen at her present employer's residence, No. 79 East 26th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY PROTESTANT young women; one as cook; one as nurse and seamstress; one as chambermaid and laundress, or to do housework; one as waitress or seamstress. Apply at No. 7 11th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISH girl, as saleswoman in a store; writes an excellent hand and can keep accounts. Can be seen for three days at No. 6 West 11th-st., and can produce satisfactory references.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress. Can be seen in the baker's store No. 262 3d-av., three doors from 26th-st. Can show the best of City references.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, GENtlemen's and ladies' washing. Can be well recommended. Call at No. 26 24th-st., between 6th and 7th ave., 3d floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A FIRST-CLASS cook, who understands her business; best of City references. Call at No. 202 1st-av., between 12th and 14th sts., 1st floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as cook, washer and ironer; good City references, a situation as nurse and chambermaid; willing to do chamberwork and assist in the washing and ironing. Call for two days, at No. 303 7th-av., between 30th and 31st sts., 2d floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MARrried woman, with a fresh breast of milk, a situation as wet nurse; no objection to travel with a family. Call at No. 180 Mulberry-st., upper No. 2, 2d floor, back.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PLAIN COOK, is an excellent washer and ironer. Has the best of City reference. Call on Thursday and Friday, at No. 73 West 19th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN young woman as chambermaid and seamstress, or as waitress; has good City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 208 West 14th-st., in the rear, third floor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG PROTESTANT GERman girl, a situation as chambermaid and waiter, or to take care of children or do plain sewing. Can be seen for two days at No. 111 Sandy-st., Gate-house.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT GIRL, TO DO THE washing and ironing, and to take care of children. Inquire at No. 61 7th-st.

FEMALES.

WANTED—SITUATIONS AS COOK AND TO wash and iron, as chambermaid and waiter, as nurse and seamstress, and to do housework, by most respectable girls; also, as first-class cook, as seamstress and dressmaker, as laundress, as nurse, and as chambermaid and fine laundress; as very competent young woman. Call at E. CARROLL'S, No. 65 6th-av., near the Savings Bank.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS A GOOD COOK, and to help as laundress, by a very competent woman, with good City reference; understands pastry, poultry and game, soups, pastry, and bread. She has a daughter aged 14 who wants a place to do light chamber-work and waiting, or as nurse or to sew; together or separate. Call, during two days, at No. 169 6th-av., between 13th and 14th sts.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE YOUNG women, situations; one as good plain cook and most excellent washer and ironer; the other to do housework; is a good plain cook and an excellent washer and ironer; have the best of reference from their last places. Can be seen for two days at No. 159 24th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTAble girls; one an experienced cook, fully capable in all kinds of meats, pastry, cake, jellies, &c.; the other as chambermaid and waiter, fine laundress, &c.; also, by a smart Protestant girl, as comes and nurse and seamstress. Apply, for two days, at No. 252 4th-av., between 22d and 23d sts. All with good City references.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE and to assist in washing; is thoroughly competent to undertake either of the above situations, and can furnish most unexceptionable City references. Apply for two days at No. 212 6th-av., between 15th and 16th sts., first floor in the rear.

WANTED — A SITUATION AS GOOD PLAIN cook and first-class washer and ironer, or to do general housework, by a neat, obliging, and capable servant; has the most satisfactory references for character and experience; wages moderate; also, a very nice young girl as child's nurse, or for upstairs work; wages $4. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE, YOUNG WOman, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress; can cut and fit children's dresses; understands all kinds of family sewing; is willing and obliging in every capacity; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call at Dr. JOSLIN'S, No. 72 University-place, corner of 13th-st., for two days.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO HIGHLY recommended Protestant girls; one is a thorough meat and pastry cook; understands her business perfectly, both in plain and fancy style; the other is a perfect laundress, or would act as chambermaid; understands fluting, fine washing, ironing and fluting, &c.; likes the country. Call at No. 129 Waverley-place.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG GIRLS, SITUAtions; one to do cooking, washing and ironing; the other to go as nurse, seamstress or chambermaid and sewing; both girls have good references from their last places. Call, for 2 days, at No. 169 East 26th-st., 3d floor, back room, 2 doors from 2d-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITuation as chambermaid, in a private family; is an excellent seamstress; understands all family sewing, and can come well recommended from her last places. Call at No. 212 2d-av., between 22d and 24th sts., top floor, room No. 9.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, to do waiting or up-stairs work, and fine washing and ironing; is a good sewer; is fond of children; can have the best of City reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 859 Broadway, in the store.

WANTED—BY AN OBLIGING AND WILLING Protestant girl, a situation; she is a good cook and baker, and an excellent washer and ironer; or would do the chamberwork and plain cooking, or waiting; has the best of City references; would have no objection to the country. Call at No. 275 Bowery.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY TWO RESPECTAble Protestant girls; one as cook, who could assist with the washing and ironing, the other as chambermaid and fine washer and ironer; they both wish to go together. Best City reference. Apply, for two days, at No. 3 6th-st., front basement.

WANTED—BY TWO PROTESTANT GIRLS, SITUAtions; one as nurse and plain sewer; is capable of taking the entire charge of an infant; three years' reference, if required; the other as chambermaid and waiter. Call for two days at No. 199 West 22d-st., between 7th and 8th ave.

WANTED—BY A SEAMSTRESS A SITUATION; is an excellent dressmaker, and does all kinds of family sewing neatly; is obliging, and would be willing to take care of a growing child in a permanent situation; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 122 27th-st., between 7th and 8th ave.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, A SITuation as nurse; is capable of taking a baby from its birth or at any other age, or as seamstress; can cut or fit childrens' dresses, or any other family sewing. Call or address No. 11 6th-st., near the Bowery.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCED chambermaid and seamstress who has lived 13 years in her last place. Can give the best references as to capability and character. Call at No. 84 West 17th-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, as chambermaid and waiter, or to take care of children; would have no objection to make herself otherwise useful; well recommended. Call at No. 98 East 12th-st., near 3d-av., basement.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as first-class meat and pastry cook, understands all its branches, also jellies, soups and game, and is willing and obliging. Good reference given. Call at No. 9 East 12th-st., near 5th-av., at her last employer's.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman, as good cook, washer and ironer, or to do the general housework of a small private family; understands her business thoroughly. The best City reference given. Apply for two days at No. 62 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS CHAMBERMAID and seamstress, or waiter, by a steady and reliable girl, who has been employed several years in that capacity; refers to her present employers, No. 98 East 30th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as family seamstress; would be willing to take charge of one or two children, or would travel; best of reference from her last employer. Address note, or apply personally, to No. 154 West 15th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as nurse, or as first-class laundress or chambermaid; can give the best of City reference from her last place. Apply at No. 236 6th-av., between 15th and 16th sts., third floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITuation to do chamberwork and waiting, and to assist in washing and ironing; has good City reference. Apply, for two days, at No. 86 26th-st., between 3d and Lexington ave.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITuation as seamstress; can cut and fit children's and ladies' dresses; has no objection to assist at chamberwork. Has good reference from her last place. Call at No. 198 West 27th-st., basement.

WANTED—A GENTEEL YOUNG GIRL, A PROtestant, kind and experienced with children, and can be highly recommended, desires a situation as nurse and chambermaid in a respectable private family. Address A. J., Box No. 249 Times Office.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO PROTESTANT girls, Welsh and German; one as waitress, the other as chambermaid and sewer; wish to be situated together in a small private family. Reference from four to five years. Can be seen at No. 38 East 22d-st.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl lately arrived from Ireland wishes a situation as seamstress and to assist in minding children; is a first-rate embroiderer; has no objection to go in the country. Call at No. 49 Allen-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AGED SCOTCH girl, to do general housework in a small family; she wishes to make herself generally useful. Good City reference. Apply at No. 266 6th-av., between 30th and 31st sts., in the rear building.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman, as plain cook, or will do general housework in a small private family; she is a first-rate washer and ironer; she is tidy and neat in her habits. Call at No. 236 Mulberry-st., second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL to do general housework in a small family; good City references given. Apply at No. 46 Raymond-st., Brooklyn; can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman, to do cooking and the washing and ironing of a small family. The best of reference given from her last place. Apply at No. 162 West 26th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS LADY'S MAID OR seamstress, by a perfectly competent young woman, who has two years' reference from her present employer. Call at No. 142 East 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as cook; understands all kinds of cooking; would assist in the washing; best City reference given. Can be seen for 2 days at No. 79 Frankfort-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl to do general housework; is a good washer and ironer. Inquire at No. 197 East 24th-st., between Avenue A and 1st-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman to cook, wash and iron; has good City reference. Call for two days at No. 214 7th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as cook; has no objection to assist in washing and ironing; has good City reference from her last place. Call at No. 49 Bank-st., near 4th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation as a good plain cook, washer and ironer; good City reference from last place. Address or call, for two days, at No. 335 3d-av., near 20th-st., in the bookstore.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as nurse, chambermaid, and sewing; or chamberwork and waiting. Has good reference. Call, for two days, at No. 159 1st-av., 3d floor, front room, near 10th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WET-NURSE BY a tidy, respectable married woman; is young and healthy, her baby going on 7 weeks old. Can be seen at No. 314 2d-st., between 26th and 27th sts., 3d story, rear.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as cook and to assist in the washing and ironing; has good City reference. Address for two days, J. S., Box No. 194, this office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as cook, washer and ironer; or as chambermaid, and to do fine washing. Apply at her employer's, No. 208 West 31st-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as chambermaid and waiter, or seamstress. Call at No. 9 West 16th-st., from 10 to 2, for two days.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITUAtion in a small genteel family, to do washing and ironing and plain cooking. Can be seen at the residence of her last employers, No. 169 West 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as nurse and seamstress or chambermaid and laundress; has best of City reference from her last place of 2 years. Apply at No. 338 West 26th-st., near 9th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITUAtion as cook or to do general housework. Apply at No. 128 Canal-st., Brooklyn.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A MORE EXPErienced young woman, as first-class cook; understands all kinds of meats, game, poultry, sauces, dishes, pastry, jellies, &c., will assist in washing and ironing; thoroughly competent to take the charge of any highest families, from whom she is highly recommended for capability and integrity. Can be seen at No. 186 7th-av., near 22d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman a situation, as lady's maid, understands her hairdressing, is an excellent plain seamstress, understands cutting and fitting ladies and children's dresses, also doing up linenes and French fluting; is willing and obliging; has good City reference. Call at No. 149 East 16th-st.

WANTED.—NURSE.—A RESPECTABLE GERman girl wishes a situation as nurse; is fully competent to take the entire charge of children, and if required teach them the German language in all its branches; best City references and wages expected. Call for three days at No. 257 Hudson-st., between Canal and Spring sts., in the milliner's store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl to do the housework of a small family; or do chamber work or sewing in the evening and ironing and make herself generally useful; has the best of City references. Call at No. 159 West 29th-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY AN ACTIVE AND tidy young woman as chambermaid, fine washer and ironer, who has lived five years in her last place; can give the best of City references; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Address at No. 4 Pump-place, 20th-st., near 1st-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as a first-class cook and baker—bread, pastry, soups, jellies and all kinds of deserts; understands her business in all its branches and is willing and obliging. Can be seen at No. 129 7th-av., corner of 19th-st., for 3 days, if not engaged. The best of references.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG GIRLS, PROTEStants, situations; one to do cooking and washing; the other to do chamberwork and waiting, or as child's nurse and seamstress; good working men, or ornamental trees, shrubs, &c., &c., on moderate terms; has letters of recommendation from Dr. Lindley and the late J. C. Louden, of the Encyclopedia of London, also from first-class families in Hyde Park, City. Address INDSCAPE GARDENER, Box No. 189 Times Office, for one week.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY A Protestant man, who has been in charge of good places for many years; understands all kinds of Hot and Winter work, planting and pruning all kinds of trees, vines, &c.; saving, raising and forcing all kinds of vegetables; can take care of a green house, and is a first-rate driver if not wholly occupied in the above capacity. Good reference. Address E. L., Box No. 203, Times Office, until further arrangements.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT MAN AND wife, a situation; he is a good coachman and groom, understands horses thoroughly; is also a good gardener and farmer; his wife is a good plain cook and baker, and a good washer and ironer, understands dairy-work, &c. Both are willing to make themselves useful. Wages no object. They have the best of reference. Call at No. 275 Bowery.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN YOUNG MAN, 23 years of age, a situation for self and wife; no children; man as gardener or coachman, having had experience in the care of horses, or to do any respectable work; wife is a good washer and ironer, and to do general housework; have no objections to go to any part of the country. Address AMERICAN, Box No. 117 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a steady, active man, who understands his business well, and the care of horses, and is a careful driver; willing to make himself useful and obliging. Any commands left for Sl. R., Box No. 170 Times Office, or at No. 204 Jay-st., Brooklyn, will be respectfully attended to. Unexceptionable and most respectable references.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY an experienced and capable man, who will show ten years of service in one family; is sober, a single man, has no objection to travel; has lived in one family all the time he has been in New-York. A line for B. B., COACHMAN, at No. 746 Broadway, will meet due attention until suited.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a Protestant who perfectly understands his business; he is a good and careful driver and knows the City well; has no objection to the country, and can come well recommended from his last and former employers; can be seen for two days at Disney's Sadlery, No. 125½ 4th-av., or address JAMES, Box No. 201 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS ENTRY, COLLECTing or general clerk, by a lad nearly eighteen years old; quick and correct at figures; writes well; willing to make himself useful to his employer; has been in business for two years; can give best of reference, both to present employer and elsewhere. Address F. W., Box No. 170 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN of 21 years of age, in a shipping, commission, or wholesale grocery house; has had nearly five years' experience; perfectly satisfactory reference given from late employers and others. Address R. C., Box No. 201 Times Office.

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WANTED—BY A STEADY, CAREFUL, MAN, employment as care-taker on a gentleman's country residence during his absence in the Winter; will be recommended by the gentleman who has cared for the past two years. Address L. CHAMBERLAIN, Union Post-Office, N. J., until Nov. 1.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS COACHMAN, BY a single young English man, who perfectly understands his business; also, the care of horses. Can be well recommended by his last employer, left this day. Can be seen at the Lawyers' Office, No. 9 Chambers-st. this City, 2d floor, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a Protestant young married man; is a good groom and careful driver; no objection to City or country; has good reference from his last place. Call on or address J. J., coachman, at Mr. Kellogg's saddlery, No. 139 Grand-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a steady, sober man; will make himself generally useful; no objection to going in the country. For further particulars, address H., Box No. 218 Times Office; or W. H. ANABLE, No. 3 Nassau-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GROOM AND coachman, by a Protestant young man; thoroughly understands his business, and has good references, and would make himself generally useful; is not afraid of work. Address J. F., Box No. 132 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND gardener, by a respectable young man, who understands taking care of horses and carriages, and can do most any work on a garden or farm. Address, for two days, L. M., Box No. 120 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman or plain gardener; is a good milker; has no objection to City or country; can give the best of City or country reference. Address M. J., Box No. 115 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as clerk or porter, in a commission or wholesale house, or in a position where he can make himself useful. Salary not so much an object as a permanent place. Address J. Q., Box No. 128 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER AND coachman, by a man who understands both, and the laying out of new grounds. Can be highly recommended from his last place; has eleven years' experience. Address a note to M. H., Box No. 189 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISHMAN and his wife, on a farm in the country; understands the care of cattle, can milk, and are willing to make themselves generally useful to their employer. Address for two days CARETAKER, Box No. 209 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A single man, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches. Good recommendations; a married man's place preferred. Address J. G. G., Box No. 212 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A COACHMAN, A SITUATION; will be highly recommended; has driven in the City for many years; is a first-rate groom; is a Protestant. Address S. J., for 5 days, at Campbell's Saddlery, No. 60 4th-av. He is a useful man.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A SINGLE MAN, as waiter in a private family; is a steady, active man, who perfectly understands his business; is a Protestant, and can be well recommended. Address H. P., S., at Mr. ROGERS' bookstore, No. 637 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE COLORED MAN, A SITuation as coachman in a private family. He has a thorough knowledge of the care and management of horses in every respect. City reference can be given from his last employer. Apply at No. 303 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young man as waiter in a private family, or as glass servant, and can procure the best of City references as to character and capability. Address H. T., No. 130 West 24th-st., for two days, top floor, front rooms.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG ENGlishman, a situation as waiter in a private family, or to travel with a gentleman. Best of City reference given. Address or call at No. 32 University-place. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PROTESTANT Scotchman, as coachman, who has long experience in the care and management of horses. Can give the best of reference either from City or country. Address WILLIAM, Box No. 184 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom by a young man that understands his business, and would take charge of a vegetable garden; has good references. Address E. E., Box No. 188 Times Office.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS A SINGLE MAN, BY A respectable man, as waiter, in a private family; understands his business, and is a good hand at cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses, also doing up linenes and French fluting; is willing and obliging; has good City references. Call at No. 149 East 16th-st.

WANTED—NURSE.—A RESPECTABLE GERman girl wishes a situation as nurse; is fully competent to take the entire charge of children, and if required teach them the German language in all its branches; best City references and wages expected. Call for three days at No. 257 Hudson-st., between Canal and Spring sts., in the milliner's store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl to do the housework of a small family; or do chamber work or sewing in the evening and ironing and make herself generally useful; has the best of City references. Call at No. 159 West 29th-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY AN ACTIVE AND tidy young woman as chambermaid, fine washer and ironer, who has lived five years in her last place; can give the best of City references; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Address at No. 4 Pump-place, 20th-st., near 1st-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as a first-class cook and baker—bread, pastry, soups, jellies and all kinds of deserts; understands her business in all its branches and is willing and obliging. Can be seen at No. 129 7th-av., corner of 19th-st., for 3 days, if not engaged. The best of references.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG GIRLS, PROTEStants, situations; one to do cooking and washing; the other to do chamberwork and waiting, or as child's nurse and seamstress; good working men, or ornamental trees, shrubs, &c., &c., on moderate terms; has letters of recommendation from Dr. Lindley and the late J. C. Louden, of the Encyclopedia of London, also from first-class families in Hyde Park, City. Address INDSCAPE GARDENER, Box No. 189 Times Office, for one week.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY A Protestant man, who has been in charge of good places for many years; understands all kinds of Hot and Winter work, planting and pruning all kinds of trees, vines, &c.; saving, raising and forcing all kinds of vegetables; can take care of a green house, and is a first-rate driver if not wholly occupied in the above capacity. Good reference. Address E. L., Box No. 203, Times Office, until further arrangements.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT MAN AND wife, a situation; he is a good coachman and groom, understands horses thoroughly; is also a good gardener and farmer; his wife is a good plain cook and baker, and a good washer and ironer, understands dairy-work, &c. Both are willing to make themselves useful. Wages no object. They have the best of reference. Call at No. 275 Bowery.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN YOUNG MAN, 23 years of age, a situation for self and wife; no children; man as gardener or coachman, having had experience in the care of horses, or to do any respectable work; wife is a good washer and ironer, and to do general housework; have no objections to go to any part of the country. Address AMERICAN, Box No. 117 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a steady, active man, who understands his business well, and the care of horses, and is a careful driver; willing to make himself useful and obliging. Any commands left for Sl. R., Box No. 170 Times Office, or at No. 204 Jay-st., Brooklyn, will be respectfully attended to. Unexceptionable and most respectable references.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY an experienced and capable man, who will show ten years of service in one family; is sober, a single man, has no objection to travel; has lived in one family all the time he has been in New-York. A line for B. B., COACHMAN, at No. 746 Broadway, will meet due attention until suited.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a Protestant who perfectly understands his business; he is a good and careful driver and knows the City well; has no objection to the country, and can come well recommended from his last and former employers; can be seen for two days at Disney's Sadlery, No. 125½ 4th-av., or address JAMES, Box No. 201 Times Office.

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SEWING MACHINES.

GROVER & BAKER'S
NEW ELASTIC STITCH MACHINES.
A NEW STYLE FOR $60.

Opinions of the American Press respecting the Grover & Baker Machine.

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Grover & Baker's machine is claimed to be—New-York Independent.

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It seems only to be seen to be appreciated.—*Parmenian Journal.*

Adapted for woolens, linen, or cotton.—*American Agriculturist.*

We like Grover & Baker's best.—Ladies' Wreath.

Grover & Baker's.—*New-York Dispatch.*

Adapted to all others.—*New-York Mercury.*

We have no hesitation in recommending it.—*New-York Times.*

It requires no tinkering.—*New-York Evangelist.*

Our family use Grover & Baker's.—*New-York Daily News.*

They sew a seam that will not rip.—*New-York Courier.*

It performs nobly and expeditiously.—*New-York Express.*

Adapted for the clothing of men.—*Police Gazette.*

Well adapted to all kinds of family sewing.—*New-York Observer.*

Best adapted for family use.—*New-York Day Book.*

We do not hesitate to recommend it.—*New York Chronicle.*

It sews strongly, and does not rip.—*Life Illustrated.*

The prince of inventions.—*Professional Observation.*

It is woman's best friend.—*New-York Weekly News.*

We give our preference to Grover & Baker's.—*Dwelling.*

The most blessed invention of modern times.—*Monthly Magazine.*

Beauties a pleasure of toil.—*New-York Evening Post.*

The favorite for family use.—*Brooklyn Star.*

We highly appreciate their value.—*American Mechanic.*

Its great merit is in its peculiar stitch.—*Family Circle.*

We admire its simplicity and durability.—*National Magazine.*

Adapted to be the best extant.—*Virginia Argus.*

Very important will not rip.—*Magnolia Espic.*

Sewed with perfect ease.—*Fonda Sentinel.*

It finishes its work where it stops.—*Christian Secretary.*

The best for family use.—*Woodstock Age.*

Works more completely than any other.—*N. A. Messenger.*

It not liable to get out of repair.—*Vergennes Citizen.*

It is adapted to all home requirements.—*Dover Enquirer.*

A very pretty piece of furniture.—*Machias Union.*

Sent with a *lady manufacturer' power.—Rockland Gazette.*

Nothing can be more perfect.—*Stockbridge Press.*

The most ingenious and useful.—*Nantucket Mirror.*

The most deserved celebrity.—*Salem Observer.*

The best in the market.—*Chicopee Journal.*

It does not get out of repair.—*Cape Cod Advocate.*

Equally on cotton from ordinary spools.—*Haverhill Gazette.*

The work it does will not rip.—*Amherst Villager.*

An superior to all others.—*Hingham Journal.*

A most admirable invention.—*Boston Courier.*

They are enjoying universal favor.—*New-Orleans Picayune.*

Preferred to any sewed manufactured.—*New-Orleans Delta.*

Will do more work than a dozen hands.—*Washington Union.*

Is a very valuable invention.—*Boston Watchman.*

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There can be no competition with them.—*New-Orleans Times.*

We give preference to Grover & Baker's.—*Boston S. S. Times.*

Their superiority is acknowledged.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

Have proved so adjusting of machinery.—*Philadelphia City Item.*

Their family use is universally approved.—*Nashville News.*

The best machine yet introduced.—*Jackson Standard.*

Grover & Baker's machine is easily managed.—*Flushing Times.*

Grover & Baker's machine is easily managed.—*Flushing Times.*

Grover & Baker's.—*Elmira Gazette.*

Is strong and durable.—*New-England Farmer.*

The best gift to women.—*Ohio Farmer.*

A perpetual source of joy to the home circle.—*Kingston Journal.*

The best in the market.—*Middletown Press.*

A beautiful parlor ornament.—*Poughkeepsie Telegraph.*

It sews so strong that will not rip.—*Schoharie Intelligencer.*

Each stitch is independently locked.—*Dr Bow's Journal.*

The best gift to mother, wife, sister.—*Springfield Republican.*

The stitch is most beautiful.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

It is in itself a book.—*Portland Recorder.*

Its superiority is undeniable.—*Philadelphia Telegraph.*

Is perfectly reliable.—*Boston Herald.*

Grover & Baker's is unrivalled.—*Brockport Advertiser.*

Meets the wants of the housewife.—*Auburn Christian Advocate.*

Invaluable in the family.—*Southern Inquirer.*

The best patent now in use.—*Keeseville Whig.*

The cheapest and best in use.—*Baldwinsville Gazette.*

They are the best in use.—*Waterford Sentinel.*

Grover & Baker have the best improvements.—*Hunt. Gazette.*

Each fabric to get out of order.—*Westchester Jeffersonian.*

The most convenient in use.—*Lockport Niagara Democrat.*

Sews more advantageous than any other.—*Neath Gaz.*

All articles are made with it with ease.—*Hazard's Gaz.*

Lightens the labors of them at home.—*Pleasanton.*

A child of ten years may use it.—*Farmer and Visitor.*

Will do most beautiful sewing.—*Allentown Democrat.*

It will not get out of order.—*Auburn American.*

Commend its use to Grover & Baker's.—*Springfield Neuspa.*

It is a boon of emancipation to woman.—*Elizabeth Journal.*

Will do better sewing than by hand.—*Geneva Courier.*

Will do all the sewing of a family.—*Concord Palladium.*

Sews with facility all kinds of thread.—*Nash Patriot.*

Sews with utility all kinds.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

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The best machine for family sewing.—*Delhi Gazette.*

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Will do more work than any other.—*Fla. Mail.*

Not a stitch will rip.—*Country Gentleman.*

Perfect to say ever make.—*Carmel Courier.*

Sews so by hand.—*Norfolk Argus.*

The work will not rip or wear off.—*Wesleyan.*

It sews stronger than any other.—*Cleveland Reporter.*

Is a valuable acquisition to every family.—*Abington Democrat.*

Sews a seam at a minute.—*Cleveland Leader.*

The best for use for families.—*Biblical Recorder.*

It makes a fine, strong seam.—*Laporte Union.*

Sews from common spools.—*Brunswick Telegraph.*

The inventor deserves well of his country.—*Taunton Gazette.*

The invention is a blessing to all.—*Vineyard Gazette.*

The machine is the finest of its kind.—*St. Johnsbury Caledonian.*

Its work is most valuable.—*Meredith Gazette.*

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Is the best we have ever seen.—*Orange Times.*

Have tried everything but by hand.—*Pottsville Journal.*

Every family should have a Grover & Baker.—*Newton Journal.*

Every woman to change drudgery.—*Newburg Gaz.*

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Easily managed and understood.—*Fort Plain Register.*

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Gives entire satisfaction.—*Catskill Examiner.*

Grover & Baker's machine is easily managed.—*Flushing Times.*

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Is the best we have ever seen.—*Orange Times.*

Sewing by machine ought to purchase one.—*Winnipisiogee Journal.*

Is the best of all sewing machines.—*Northfield Messenger.*

Is the best of its kind.—*Misses' Journal.*

Is the best machine for use.—*Boston Register.*

Is a valuable acquisition to every family.—*Northfield News.*

Sews from any spool.—*Lancaster Herald.*

Its seams are as durable as the fabrics.—*Virginia Argus.*

Is a strong and beautiful seam.—*Adams Sentinel.*

It is managed with perfect ease.—*Lagrange Herald.*

Operates in any way ever saw.—*Cortlandt Gazette.*

Gives better satisfaction than any other.—*Poughkeepsie Eagle.*

We know it to be a superior article.—*Cincinnati Dispatch.*

The best manufactured in the country.—*Ballston Journal.*

Not a single stitch will pull out.—*Woodbury Constitution.*

Fashion the work where it stops.—*Aurora Beacon.*

Makes a stitch that will not rip.—*Bordentown Register.*

Is a valuable value in sewing.—*Jersey Shore Repub.*

Is a valuable acquisition in public favor.—*Cincinnati Inquirer.*

Is the best machine for family use.—*Chenango Telegraph.*

Is the best patent in the market.—*Concord Gazette.*

Is the best machine for use.—*Hudson Star.*

This machine makes its work.—*Northampton Gazette.*

Sews with perfect ease.—*Boston Reformed Messenger.*

Sews and cut of order readily.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

Cotton is sold as purchased on spools.—*Warren Democrat.*

Sews as strong as any one can equal.—*Charleston Baptist.*

Sews silk, linen, or cotton thread.—*Pittsburg Advocate.*

The best in use.—*Cambridge Jeffersonian.*

We recommend them above all others.—*Knoxville Whig.*

They have given better satisfaction.—*Springfield Journal.*

Makes a seam that will not rip.—*Dansville Herald.*

The very best of the kind.—*Portsmouth Tribune.*

Cannot imagine anything more perfect.—*Albany Spectator.*

Is equally good by hand in order.—*Waterloo Sentinel.*

The very best.—*Hamilton Intelligencer.*

The best for family use.—*Georgetown Messenger.*

The source of joy to the home circle.—*Hamilton Republican.*

Sews silk or cotton with equal facility.—*Norwich Courier.*

It is simple in construction.—*Wheeling Times.*

Will not get out of order.—*Herkimer Democrat.*

Sews easily and expeditiously.—*Philadelphia Mercury.*

The best in the market for families.—*Carlisle Herald.*

They give universal satisfaction.—*Augusta Dispatch.*

Are fast with unparalleled success.—*Albany Knickerbocker.*

The best in use.—*Newark Times.*

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It sews stronger than by hand.—*Newark Courier.*

Easily managed and kept in order.—*Columbus Journal.*

Easily understood and managed.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

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OFFICES OF SALE AND EXHIBITION,
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AGENCIES in all the principal Cities and Towns in the United States.

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PRESERVED FRUIT, GARDEN OF OAK HILL, ON HONOR PLACE, IN NEW-HAVEN.

This splendid country seat known as Oak Hill, or Norton Place, on Whalley-av., about 1½ miles from the Green, on Whalley-av., about 1½ miles from the Green, containing about 31½ acres upon which there is a grove of forest trees; and a large variety of choice fruit and garden trees. The dwelling, nearly new, is a superior one, with frame of seasoned timber throughout, with a wing attached, beautifully situated upon the crown of a magnificent lawn, commanding an extensive view of the city, bay, Long Island Sound, and the adjacent country. Gas, bath-room, range, furnace, marble mantels, &c., &c. The barn, stable and carriage house are conveniently arranged and will adorn the place. To a person desiring a fine, healthy country seat, this offers a desirable opportunity, as its location, so contiguous to the city of New-Haven, will make it a profitable investment. *Title perfect.*

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent. in cash to the auctioneer at the time and place of sale; one-third of the balance of the purchase money on Nov. 11, when the deed will be ready for delivery; the balance of the purchase money can remain for three and five years, with interest, 6 per cent. semi-annually. The bond and mortgage to contain the usual interest *and insurance clause.*

Immediately thereafter, FOR CASH, the stock and farming utensils belonging to the place, will be sold, consisting of cows, horses, hogs, of the Berkshire and Suffolk breeds; carriages, wagons, carts, harness, &c., &c. Also, one splendid 7-octave rosewood piano-forte, nearly new, and the balance of the furniture remaining in the house. SALE POSITIVE. For further particulars, apply to the Auctioneer, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court, or JOHN S. BILLS, Esq., No. 91 Front-st., New-York.

BY JOSEPH HEGEMAN,

FRIDAY, Oct. 22, at 10½ o'clock A. M., at the Central Salesrooms, corner of Willoughby and Pearl sts., Brooklyn. Regular Weekly Sale of Furniture—Carpets, stoves, 10 dozen claret wine, &c. At 3 o'clock P. M.—Reserved second-hand pianos—I. Brown, 7 octave; I. Davis & Brother, 7 octave; I. Bennett & Co., 6½ oct.; I. Barmore & Co., 6½ oct. At 4 o'clock P. M.—Condemned swords and other United States Marine accoutrements.

SATURDAY, Oct. 23.

At 12 o'clock M., at the Bedford Station of the Long Island Railroad, near Clermont-av., Brooklyn. Auction sale of a large cast-iron heating machine, capable of melting about 50 tons—very suitable for foundry, quarry, or dock use. Sold to pay advances and storage.

CAMELLIAS AT AUCTION,
FROM A. DRYBURGH, PHILADELPHIA.

A superior collection of upwards of 500 splendid camellias, selected from the collection of Andrew Dryburgh, the largest in the United States, all in bud, and of the choicest description, from one to six feet high. Amateurs and florists are respectfully called to this sale, as it comprises one of the choicest assortments ever offered at auction in this City. To be sold at McILVAIN & YOUNG'S seed-store, on SATURDAY, 23d inst., at 10 o'clock. Catalogues now ready.

J. W. POTTER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF RICH AND COSTLY HOUSEhold furniture, Wilton and velvet carpets, French plate mirrors, oil-paintings, solid silver ware, articles of virtu, &c. J. W. POTTER will sell THIS DAY, Oct. 21, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., at the residence No. 220 14th-st., near 9th-av., to the highest bidder for cash, the entire elegant furniture of said house, consisting of royal Wilton and velvet carpets, solid rosewood parlor suites, magnificently carved frames, covered in satin and silk plush, made to order, and of the most expensive kind; solid rosewood centre and side tables, with marble tops to match; elegantly-carved rosewood etageres, with heavy French plate glass doors and back; superior oil-paintings by distinguished artists; French plate pier and oval mirrors; magnificent rosewood 7-octave piano-forte, with solid pearl keys; rich silk and satin brocade window-curtains; heavy lace do.; massive rosewood secretary bookcase; solid and richly polished extension dining-table, 16 feet; China ware; cut-glass ware; solid silverware in great variety; ivory and pearl cutlery; elegant and costly China vases, clocks, &c., &c. Also, all the chamber furniture, containing an extensive variety, both in rosewood and mahogany; beds and bedding, hair mattresses, bedroom carpets, hall and stair carpets, oil-cloths, &c.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PAINTINGS, &c., at auction, at No. 41 Lafayette-place, by ADRIAN H. MULLER, on THURSDAY, Oct. 21, at 10½ o'clock, and if not sold on that day, to be continued on FRIDAY, 22d—consisting of rosewood and mahogany chairs, arm chairs, sofas and lounges, in crimson, satin damask and tapestry, Wilton and English Brussels medallion carpets, mahogany extension tables, rosewood inlaid with enamelled, agate and marble-top centre tables, secretaries, bookcases, bureaus, wardrobes, gilt and bronze gas fixtures and mantel ornaments, magnificent etagères, French clocks, oil-cloths, French China tea and dinner sets, cut glass ware, mahogany, French and carved bedsteads, hair mattresses, &c.; a large number of mantel and pier glasses and mirrors of the best French plate, piano, a very rare and choice collection of valuable oil-paintings by celebrated artists; a superb painting, "Death of Tancredi," by Guercino; also, a number of fine pictures, to which particular attention is invited. An extensive assortment of kitchen furniture. Catalogues may be had at the office of the auctioneer, No. 35 Wall-st., a few days before the sale.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—BY E. & F. H. SCHENCK, ON SATURDAY, 23d inst., at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom No. 33 Nassau-st., ten rosewood mahogany parlor suites in brocatel, brocade, reps and plush, rosewood marble-top etageres, rosewood marble-top centre, side and sofa tables, veliaire and Turkish easy chairs, bedsteads, bureaus, wardrobes, &c. Also, the entire furniture of a family declining housekeeping removed for convenience of sale, embracing rosewood parlor suites, rosewood marble-top tables, bureaus, washstands, &c.; rosewood and mahogany bedsteads, sofas, chairs, ottomans, lounges, mattresses, paintings and a general assortment of furniture. Also, three elegant rosewood piano fortes, City made.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

FANCY GOODS.—BY E. & F. H. SCHENCK, ON WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, 20th and 21st inst., at 11 o'clock, at their salesroom No. 33 Nassau-st., superb fancy goods, consisting in part of elegant marble, bronze, ormolu and China clocks; superb bronze figures and groups, magnificent Parian groups and statuettes, richly decorated French China dinner and tea sets, elegant French China vases, rich Bohemian glass ware in great variety, superb papier mache goods, superb silver-plated tea and coffee sets, waiters of all sizes, casters, cake baskets, music boxes, and a large assortment of other rich goods.

M. DOUGHTY, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—M. DOUGHTY WILL sell THIS DAY, (Thursday,) at 10½ o'clock, at salesroom No. 79 Nassau-st., a large variety of rosewood and mahogany parlor and bedroom furniture, viz., rosewood parlor suites, marble-top centre and card tables, book-cases, extension dining tables, marble-top oak buffet dressing bureaus, washstands, bedsteads, hair mattresses, palliasses, &c., together with a general assortment of second-hand household furniture, removed for convenience of sale. Catalogues with full description now ready.

JOHN LEVISON, Auctioneer.

A SPLENDID COLLECTION OF ANCIENT and modern oil-paintings, all mounted in rich gold-leaf frames, will be sold THIS MORNING, commencing at 10 o'clock, at the spacious gallery, No. 281 Broadway, (opposite Stewart's.) In this collection will be found some choice gems by the most talented artists, such as Roesen, Hartwicke, Sommers, Rosenberg, Ranney, H. Bocks, Leonard, &c., &c. Sale positive, without reserve. Paintings must be removed immediately after the sale, in consequence of removal. Terms cash.

A. M. MERWIN, Auctioneer.
Trade Salesrooms, No. 13 Park-row.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, Oct. 22, at 4 o'clock,

CHOICE LAW LIBRARY—OF SCARCE AND valuable books, including complete sets of various State and Federal reports in Chancery and common law and Admiralty reports; many of them are very scarce, being now out of print; also digests, commentaries, treatises, trials, &c.; also a collection of English law books. Catalogues may be had at the salesrooms.

JOHN E. VANANTWERP, Auctioneer.

HARDWARE AUCTION NOTICE.—TWELFTH REGULAR SALE TRADE SALE, BY JOHN E. ANTWERP will sell on THURSDAY, 21st, at 10 o'clock, at No. 73 William-st, in addition to the usual assortment, an entire stock of a retail house, by order of an executor; also, 678 assorted coal hods, a quantity of heavy hardware saved from the late fire in the Bowery; also an invoice of pattern-cards, plated ware, 4 cases axes and hatchets, &c. For particulars see catalogues, ready early on the day of sale.

HENRY H. LEEDS Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.

SUPERB COLLECTION OF OIL-PAINTINGS, THE PRIVATE COLLECTION OF G. W. ALSTON JENKINS, ESQ., AND J. SWINBURNE, ESQ., OF WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell by auction in their gallery, No. 23 Nassau-st., on THURSDAY, 21st, FRIDAY, 22d, and SATURDAY, 23d October, at 11 o'clock each day, comprising about 200 superb paintings, including the works of the first artists in this country and Europe. They are now on exhibition.

FREE & COLE, Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF HANDSOME FURNITURE, Pianos, &c., on THURSDAY, Oct. 21, at 10½ o'clock A. M., at No. 375 Adelphi-st., Brooklyn, comprising suites in brocatel, solid rosewood frames, large plate mirrors, marble-top centre and side tables, elegant carved rosewood piano, 7½-octave, cost $600; tapestry and 3-ply carpets, mantel ornaments, bedsteads, beddings, hair mattresses, feather beds, China and glass ware; also, a general assortment of kitchen furniture.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. WILL SELL at public auction, at the "Eclipse Course" (late Centreville,) on FRIDAY, Oct. 29, every variety and description of horses, consisting of imported and thoroughbred stock, trotting stock, road horses, double teams, carriage horses, matched teams, draught and farm horses, ponies, &c. &c. Catalogues ready on the 27th inst.

By order of
LOVELL PURDY, President.

A. M. MERWIN, Auctioneer.

BY RANGE, MERWIN & CO.—TRADE SALE—Rooms No. 13 Park-row, SATURDAY EVENING, Oct. 22, at 6½ o'clock, valuable private library of choice standard works in theology, divinity, Biblical literature, embracing the writings of the early fathers of the Church; many of them are very scarce and valuable; also, a collection of books in general literature, comprising history, travels, biography, poetry, belles lettres, &c.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.

BY ALBERT H. NICOLAY, OFFICE NO. 4 BROAD-ST.—Regular auction sales of Stocks and Bonds at the Merchants' Exchange EVERY DAY. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at private sale.
SALE THIS DAY, at 12½ o'clock. SEE CATALOGUE.

WM. S. MCILVAIN, Auctioneer.

CAMELLIAS, AZALEAS, &c., &c., FROM Robert Reid, florist, at auction, on THURSDAY, 21st inst., at 11 o'clock, at No. 9 John-st. Plants are all in fine order. Sale positive, without reserve.

WM. S. MCILVAIN, Auctioneer.

CAMELLIAS, AZALEAS, &c., &c., FROM Robert Reid, florist, at auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at No. 9 John-st. Plants are all in fine condition, and will be positively sold without reserve.

SIMEON DRAPER, Auctioneer.

BY SIMEON DRAPER, OFFICE NO. 25 PINE-STREET.—Regular Auction Sales at the Merchants' Exchange EVERY DAY. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at private sale. Sale THIS DAY at 12½ o'clock. See catalogue.

AUCTION SALE OF THE FARM OF THE late William Williamson, in the town of Rodbury, Westchester County, N. Y., one mile from Redwood station, on the Harlem Railroad, containing about 150 acres. Through the centre runs the beautiful stream Wood Creek; on the premises are a large new house, an excellent well of soft water near the door, a large new barn, carriage-house, &c., also, three upper orchards. The above farm will be sold on the premises Oct. 23, at 12 o'clock M. For particulars, inquire of J. Wood, No. 21 Chambers-st., J. Lyon, Rhinebeck, or of the subscriber, of Rodbury.

A. WILLIAMSON, Executor.

AUCTION SALES.

Thomas Birdsall, Auctioneer.

HARDWARE AT AUCTION.—RICHARDS FRINGSLAND & CO. will sell, on FRIDAY, Oct. 22, at 10 o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 160 Maiden-lane, Hand-saws, augers, auger-bits, carpenters' table knives and forks, counter scales, anvils, pocket-knives, shears, scissors, &c.

Also, a large assortment of heavy and shelf goods, in lots to suit the City and country trade.

Also, an invoice of French and German toys and fancy goods.

Catalogued and samples early on morning of sale.

FINANCIAL.

JOHN E. MURRAY, BANKER,
No. 40 Wall-st., Manhattan Bank.
Collections made throughout the United States and Canada at lowest rates, and returns made promptly.

AUGUSTE BELMONT,
BANKER, NO. 36 BEAVER-ST.,
ISSUES LETTERS OF CREDIT, AVAILABLE TO TRAVELERS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 8 Rue de la Paix, Paris,
AND
No. 8 Wall-st., New-York,
Issue LETTERS OF CREDIT for Mercantile Purposes. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on the principal towns and cities of

France,	Belgium,	Italy,
Great Britain,	Spain,	Germany,
Ireland,	Portugal,	Russia,
Holland,	Switzerland,	Sweden.

ALSO, OF
Athens, Constantinople, Alexandria,
Smyrna, Jerusalem, Cairo, &c.
BILLS ON PARIS, and STERLING BILLS, at short, or 60 days' sight, for sale in sums to suit.

COLLECTION AND BANKING HOUSE OF
J. E. MORTON & CO.,
Cincinnati, Ohio.
We give particular attention to Collections, payable in this city, as well as at all other accessible places in the West.
Returns promptly made on the day of payment or advice, at current rate of Exchange.
We make no charge for Collecting.
REFER TO
VAN VLECK, READ & DREXEL, New-York.
IRVING BANK, New-York.
CARPENTER & VERMILYE, NEW-YORK.
J. A. JAFFRAY & SONS, New-York.
FARMERS' AND CITIZENS' BANK, Williamsburg, N. Y.

PAST-DUE COLLECTIONS.

JOHNSTON & McDOWELL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Louisville, Ky.,
Collect claims throughout Kentucky, Indiana, Tennessee and Arkansas, through reliable correspondents.
NEW-YORK REFERENCES.—Duncan, Sherman & Co., Hewitt & Co., and Thompson Brothers.
Mr. Johnston will remain in New-York a month, during which time communications left with Hewitt & Co. will be promptly attended to in person.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.
Grant mercantile credits for
NEW-YORK, INDIA, CHINA, AND
THE ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION
and
Messrs. GEORGE PEABODY & CO.,
of London,
For use in Australia on
THE BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

SWEENY, RITTENHOUSE, FANT & CO.,
BANKERS,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO COLLECTIONS here, or in Virginia. Returns made on day of maturity at current rates. Refer to
Metropolitan Bank, New-York.
Van Vleck, Read & Drexel, New-York.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK.
ISSUE
CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT, for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world.

STATE OF MINNESOTA 8 PER CENT. BONDS, due July 1, 1867, secured by a sinking fund adequate to the payment of the entire loan at maturity.
City of Leavenworth 10 per cent. Water Bonds, due May 1, 1867, secured by an irrepealable tax on the entire real and personal property of the city and a mortgage of its interest in the Water Works.
City of Burlington (Iowa) 10 per cent. Bonds, due Sept. 1, 1876.
County of Johnson (Iowa) 10 per cent. Bonds, due Sept. 1, 1868.
Peoria and Bureau Valley 7 per cent. Bonds, due in 1865. This road is leased to Chicago and Rock Island Railroad at a rental that secures the interest on these Bonds, and 8 per cent. dividend on the stock; the Bonds are convertible into the Stock of the Company.
The principal and interest of all the above Bonds are payable in the City of New-York. Full particulars may be had on application to the undersigned, who offer them for sale. CLARK, DODGE & CO., No. 51 Wall-st.

OFFICE AMERICAN GUANO COMPANY,
(No. 66 William-st., corner of Cedar,)
NEW-YORK, Oct. 14, 1858.

THE HOLDERS OF THE SCRIP STOCK of the AMERICAN GUANO COMPANY are hereby notified that the fourth and last instalment is called and made payable on or before Dec. 1, ensuing. By the terms of subscription and the act of incorporation, all scrip stocks on which the instalments are not paid in accordance with the call of the Board of Trustees, will be forfeited. This forfeiture will be enforced on the termination of the call for the fourth instalment, previous to which the second instalment will be received, with interest from Sept. 1, 1857, and the third instalment with interest from Sept. 1, 1858. By order of the Board of Trustees, JAS. S. WYCKOFF, Secretary.

UNITED STATES AND CANADA.—THE UNION BANK OF LONDON, as Agents for Messrs. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., Bankers, New-York, hereby give notice that they will receive money on account of that firm, for which they will issue, free of charge, LETTERS OF CREDIT or CIRCULAR NOTES of £10 and upwards, similar to those in such extensive use on the Continent of Europe and elsewhere, payable at all the principal cities and towns in the United States, Canada, &c.

BILLS AND NOTES PAYABLE IN CANADA—Where the Bank of British North America has Branches or Agencies, collected free of charge, when exchange thereon is provided for.
Drafts granted and bills purchased and collected on England, Scotland and Ireland, Australia and the British Provinces in North America.

R. G. FERGUSSON,	No. 29
P. H. GRAIN,	William-st.,
C. F. SMITH,	New-York.

NOTICE.—THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THE New-Jersey Zinc Company will be closed from the 18th inst. to the 24 Nov. next, inclusive, in consequence of the annual election for Directors.
A. LATIMER WALLACE, Secretary.

OHIO LIFE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—Persons having claims against the above Company will find it for their interest to confer with us immediately. GIBBS, WATSON & GIBBS, No. 106 Broadway.

STOCKS AND BONDS PURCHASED AND sold for cash, at the Brokers' Board, on Commission. Notes and drafts collected. Money loaned. Address JOHN B. MURRAY, No. 40 Wall-st., (Manhattan Bank.

FIRST-CLASS DRY GOODS, GROCERIES and iron paper wanted by JOHN B. MURRAY, No. 40 Wall-st., (Manhattan Bank.) Collections made throughout the United States and Canada.

SOUTHERN FUNDS WANTED—BY A. BELMONT, No. 76 Beaver-st.

DIVIDENDS.

FIRE, INLAND NAVIGATION AND TRANSPORTATION.
No. 16 Wall-st., Jan. 14, 1858.
(80 per cent. of the profits to the assured.)

DIVIDEND.—THIS COMPANY HAS THIS DAY declared a scrip dividend of Thirty-one (31) per cent. upon the earned premiums of the year, ending the 31st December, 1857.
Also, an interest dividend, payable in cash on demand, of Six per cent. upon all the outstanding scrip.

TRUSTEES.

Charles H. Russell,	James Lee,	Josiah Oakes,
Daniel B. Fearing,	Arthur Leary,	Jos'h Galliard, Jr.,
Wm. H. Russell,	M. W. Hamilton,	J. W. Waterbury,
A. C. Downing,	Dennis Duer,	Wm. H. Cary,
G. B. Lamar,	Jno. Steward, Jr.,	Geo. T. Adee,
Wm. B. Duncan,	R. B. Minturn,	J. J. Astor, Jr.,
N. R. Wolfe,	Reuben Withers,	J. Howland,
I. Townsend,	F. C. Center,	Rob. S. Hone,
D. D. Smith,	F. G. Foster,	Jas. P. G. Foster,
S. V. Hoffman,	J. Anthony, Jr.,	J. A. C. Gray.

This Company having its capital and surplus, $250,000, securely invested, is prepared to insure against loss and damage by fire, inland navigation and transportation on favorable terms.
The Company provides that after paying interest to the stockholders, at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum, 40 per cent. of the remaining profits are to be divided among the insured in scrip bearing interest. The Company offers to dealers the same security as any other Stock Company, and in addition a liberal participation of the profits. ROBERT S. HONE, President.
DUNCAN F. CURRY, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.—A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF Three per cent. will be paid by the Sixth-avenue Railroad Company through their Treasurer at the Chemical Bank, on the 1st of November next. The books of the Company will close on the 24th inst. and until that day.
T. BAILEY MYERS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF FULTON FIRE INS. CO., No. 40 Wall-st.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 11, 1858.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of ten per cent., payable on demand.
JAMES M. RANKIN, Secretary.

BANK NOTICES.

PACIFIC BANK, NEW-YORK, OCT. 19, 1858.—At an election held this day, at this place, the following persons were duly elected Directors for the ensuing year:
JACOB CAMPBELL, Jr.,
WILLIAM SMITH,
CHARLES B. WHITE,
GEORGE R. JACKSON,
DAVID L. YOUNG,
EBENEZER HEADLESTON,
AMOS F. HATFIELD,
EBENEZER H. FRAY,
CHARLES L. TIFFANY,
JOHN KERR,
ALEXANDER HAWKINS,
JESSE A. HEGEMAN,
JOHN A. MERRITT.
At a subsequent meeting of this Board, JACOB CAMPBELL, Jr., was unanimously elected President, and CHARLES B. WHITE Vice-President.
E. BUCK, Cashier.

CITIZENS' BANK, NEW-YORK, OCT. 19, 1858.—The annual election for Directors of this Bank, and for inspectors of the next ensuing election, will be held at the Banking-house, on TUESDAY, 2d day of November next. The poll will be open from 12 o'clock M. till 1 o'clock P. M. E. E. COMSTOCK, Cashier.

CHATHAM BANK ELECTION.—THE ANnual election for Directors and for inspectors of the ensuing annual election, will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, Nov. 1, 1858, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon, and 2 P. M. By order of the Board.
C. H. SCHRAIDER, Cashier.

FOR EUROPE.

ATLANTIC ROYAL MAIL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY—NEW-YORK AND GALWAY LINE.
STEAM TO ALL PARTS OF GREAT BRITAIN, VIA GALWAY, IRELAND.
THE SHORTEST SEA PASSAGE BETWEEN AMERICA AND EUROPE.
NEW-YORK AND GALWAY STEAMSHIP LINE.

This line is composed of powerful and fast-sailing steamships, ably officered, and furnished with everything requisite to render the voyage safe and agreeable. The departures from New-York for Galway, will be as follows, until further notice, viz.:
INDIAN EMPIRE.....B. CROWNINSHIELD.....Saturday, Oct. 23
PACIFIC.....Wm. C. THOMPSON.....Friday, Nov. 5

Persons visiting Ireland reach their destination in three-fourths the time taken by any other route, and all have an opportunity

[illegible]

[illegible] the parties arrested who [illegible] was all on their feet when I [illegible] gambling going on; I entered the room after Justice Connolly; four or five officers went in before me when I went in; the man giving his name as Ingersoll appeared to have charge of the place; he stepped up to me and asked, "Who is that man," (pointing to Justice Connolly?) I told him who the Justice was and he immediately entered into a conversation with the magistrate in regard to the key of a closet; Ingersoll hesitated about giving up the key when Justice Connolly discovered it, but he finally opened the room and brought out a box; I do not know what was in the box; the checks I saw were red and white, such as usually are used in gambling houses; I do not know who the proprietor of the house is; the house is in my Precinct, and has been reported in my quarterly report to the Superintendent of Police as a suspicious house, and as kept by Robert Willis.

Wm. Chamberlain, sworn—I am a Policeman, and detailed at the First District Police Court; I know the premises No. 281 Broadway; I went into the house last evening; I saw on the table two rows of cards, and some money and cards in a drawer; I saw checks there; I saw such checks in use twenty years ago in Mobile; I do not know what a cue-box is; I saw something with a pair of spears attached to it.

Geo. W. Walling, sworn—I am Captain of the Detective Police; I have known the premises No. 281 Broadway, for some time, as being by reputation a gambling house; I was never there till last night; when I went up-stairs I saw a good many persons there, and cards and apparatus used for gambling; several Policemen were there; I stopped at the door; I saw Justice Connolly and the officers of the Lower Police Court go up-stairs before me; I saw from twenty to thirty packs of cards in the room; some were in a small box made with pidgeon-holes, and some in a table-drawer; the checks were about the size of a silver dollar; I saw a dealing box and a cue box, as they are called; also, a paper with figures on it, used for keeping the game, and a cribbage-board; the cribbage-board I saw this morning.

The gambling apparatus seized upon by the Police when the descent was made on No. 281, and taken to the Eighth Ward Station-house, was here brought into the Court-room. Captain Walling and the preceding witnesses identified the apparatus as that they saw the evening previous. The articles were laid before the Magistrate.

Justice Connolly—(Scrutinising the mysterious construction of the deal box)—I should like to be fully posted up on the mysteries of this box.

Looker on—(Very familiarly and smiling)—You can get posted any night by investing a $100 in two stacks of the reds.

Justice Connolly—(Lifting up his eyebrows)—Rather expensive; I'll consider on it.

Mr. Busteed—(Taking a pack of cards out of one of the boxes and dealing of several as though he was accustomed to it)—Here is a chance to speculate.

Stranger No. 1—(Examining with a curious look the apparatus with the heavy spears attachment)—I would like to know what this is for.

Stranger No. 2—(A grin on his face)—That is to nip the cards with and make them run smooth for the bank.

Rob. Willis—(Indignantly frowning,) that is simply a fancy article on which I loaned a hard up fellow some money.

Captain Walling having no further evidence to give, Justice CONNOLLY stated that he would be obliged, owing to the state of his health, to defer the examination till the ensuing day.

Mr. Busteed—I move the discharge of the prisoners, their not being a particle of evidence against them on the gambling charge.

Justice Connolly—I think there is some evidence against them.

Mr. Busteed—There is not a mite of evidence against one of the prisoners.

Justice Connolly—Evidence sufficiently strong will be given against them before I can go through with the examination.

Mr. Busteed—You are bound to have the examination resumed.

Justice Connolly—Positively bound.

Mr. Busteed—When will you resume the hearing.

Justice Connolly—At 10 o'clock in the morning.

Mr. Busteed—What disposition will you make of the prisoners. They can go on their parole I suppose?

Justice Connolly—Not exactly. They will have to remain in charge of the police officers.

Mr. Busteed—That is not very very bad. I put myself in charge of an officer last evening, and found it very pleasant. Officers when well treated are pleasant fellows.

Mr. Willis—Who will take care of the articles brought here?

Mr. Busteed—Yes, that is very important.

Justice Connolly—They will be properly taken care of.

Mr. Busteed—Can't a receipt be given for them. They are valuable and cost money?

Justice Connolly—It is not usual to give receipts for this kind of goods.

Mr. Busteed—They are the property of my client, and must be taken care of.

Justice Connolly—For future use?

Mr. Busteed—Very probably.

Justice Connolly—Very improbably.

A dull followed in the conversation between the magistrate and the Corporation Counsel. The prisoner, who had given the name of Gale, availed himself of this lull to state that he was ready to give bail for his appearance when wanted, if bail would be taken. The magistrate said he would take bail in $500 for all the prisoners, except Willis, for whom he should ask $3,000 bail. Mr. Busteed objected, but Mr. CONNOLLY was immovable. Dr. Edward S. McCullom became bail for Mr. Gale, and subsequently for James Stephens. None of the others gave bail, and they were—including Willis—remanded to the charge of the officers who arrested them.

It was announced that the examination would be resumed at 9 o'clock this morning. Following this announcement, the Police, the prisoners and friends of the latter, left the Court-room joking and smiling, none more jocose than the gloved and gentlemanly Willis, and none more smiling than the gracious and welcome Corporation Counsel.

Police Intelligence.

CHILD KILLED BY A BLOW AIMED AT ITS MOTHER.—Late on Tuesday evening, Patrick Stackpole, residing at No. 255 West Twenty-sixth street, became enraged at his wife, and seized a chair-round and struck at her, aiming the blow at the top of her head. His wife was sitting on a chair holding in her lap an infant three months old. She dodged and the blow intended for her hit the child on the head, killing it instantly. The police were apprised of the occurrence and at once arrested the father and locked him up in the Twentieth Ward Station-house, to await his examination.

DESCENT ON A GAMBLING HOUSE.—The Eighth Ward Police Tuesday evening made a descent on the noted gambling house, 581 Broadway. They arrested twelve persons whom they found engaged at "faro," including the alleged proprietor, Joe Ingersoll. One of the arrested parties was a Cuban, another a West Indian, and the balance are citizens of the United States. Several complaints have been made against this place, and professionally it is termed a "skinning" den.

COULD GIVE NO ACCOUNT OF HERSELF.—About 1 o'clock yesterday morning, a woman was picked up in the Sixth Ward, covered with blood and bruised. She could give no account of herself. She was sent to the Hospital.

NARROW ESCAPE.—MICHAEL LEVY, a boy 12 years old, was flying a kite from the roof of No. 281 East Twelfth-street, when he accidentally fell off the roof. A fracture of the right thigh was the extent of his injuries, and it is marvelous that he was not instantly killed.

[Advertisement.]

PRIZE CORRESPONDENCE.—The affidavit of Mr. WILSON, given below, must silence scepticism with regard to the honesty of some lottery proprietors. This gentleman has verified the adage, "Better be born lucky than rich."

AUGUSTA, Ga., Oct. 4, 1858.

Wm. R. Wilson, Esq., No. 498 Pearl-street, New-York:

DEAR SIR: Allow us to congratulate you on your good fortune, in drawing the whole of the second capital prize of $22,200 in our lottery scheme of Sept. 11, last.

As we do not use the names of prize holders without special permission, we have to ask authority to do so in your case.

We more particularly desire your consent at this time, because there has been a recent attempt to injure our firm.

Very respectfully yours,
SAMUEL SWAN & CO.

NEW-YORK, Oct. 6, 1858.

MESSRS. SAMUEL SWAN & Co., Augusta, Ga.:

GENTS: Yours of the 4th inst. is just received. I most cheerfully give you permission to use my name, and hope it may be of advantage to your concern. I consider I owe you this in consideration of the promptness with which you have paid the prize.

Very truly yours, &c.,
WM. R. WILSON, No. 498 Pearl-st.

P. S.—I herewith inclose to you my affidavit, which you can publish if you think proper.

The undersigned, WM. R. WILSON, of No. 498 Pearl-street, in the City of New-York, being sworn, deposes and says: That he was the holder of the whole ticket—numbers 19, 44, 51, in SAMUEL SWAN & Co's lottery scheme of *Sept. 11, last*; and that by reason of the drawing, the said ticket became entitled to the whole of the second capital prize of $22,200, which prize has been fully and promptly paid by the managers. WM. R. WILSON.

Sworn before me, this 9th of October, 1858.
AUGUSTUS J. BROWNS, Com. of Deeds.

[Advertisement.]

SIX LECTURES ON CONSUMPTION, Asthma, Bronchitis, Heart Disease, Female and Kidney Complaints, and Chronic Diseases generally, (200 pages, 30 engravings, bound,) by Dr. SAMUEL M. HYDE, explaining his curative treatment of these diseases. Price 25 cents; by mail, 40 cents. Address Dr. E. S. FINN, Office No. 714 Broadway, New-York. All consultations free.

[Advertisement.]

BRADY'S GALLERIES,
Photographic,
Ambrotypic and Daguerreotype,
Nos. 359 and 205 Broadway, New-York; and
No. 352 Pennsylvania-avenue, Washington.

[Advertisement.]

UNPARALLELED LOW PRICES FOR CARPETS.—Crossley's Medallion Velvets $1 12 and $1 25, Brussels 75c., 87c. and 90c.; all-wool Ingrains 45c. and 50c.; Stair Oil-Cloths 37c., 40c. and 50c.; Passagets, rugs, table and piano covers, &c., extraordinarily low. ARCHER, No. 68 Bowery.

GAS, GAS, GAS-FIXTURES.—A large assortment of beautiful and new designs will be found at our great manufacturing depôt, No. [illegible] Broadway. The trade supplied at the usual terms.
ARCHER, WARNER & CO.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.—After all other applications fail, Holloway's Ointment is guaranteed to heal an ulcerated leg or any running sore without pain or danger. In dyspepsia, the Pills are a positive specific.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, No. 251 Broadway, corner of Murray-street, opposite City Hall, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

JOHN WOOD'S GYMNASIUM—Nos. 4 and 6 East Twenty-eighth-street. Classes now forming.

NEW-JERSEY.

HUDSON COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT—BEFORE JUDGE OGDEN.—*Abbey Hanson vs. John Shotwell.*—This was an action to recover damages for an alleged error in the survey of the property of plaintiff, by which this property was encroached upon by a building belonging to the defendant. The property is situated in Third-street, between Washington and Hudson streets, Hoboken. The case has occupied the attention of the Court for six days, and was terminated yesterday by a verdict for the defendant. The Court will be occupied on civil business during the present week, and the Oyer and Terminer will be opened on Tuesday of next week, when criminal business will be taken up. The Grand Jury have before them some ninety cases, principally burglary, grand larceny, violent assaults, &c.

ACCIDENTS.—A boy, fourteen years of age, fell from a cart in North Eighth-street, Jersey City, yesterday morning, and sustained a compound fracture of one of his legs. A servant girl was slightly injured by the explosion of a fluid lamp in Montgomery-street near Warren, Jersey City, on Monday evening. She was not seriously injured. The furniture of the room was damaged considerably.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—While a party of men were engaged excavating in the Ridgewood Reservoir yesterday, several of them were buried by the caving in of a large mass of earth. One, a German, residing in the Eastern District of Brooklyn, whose name is unknown, was taken out dead. Another, an Irishman, was taken out with one of his legs badly broken. Several others were more or less bruised.

POLITICAL.—The delegates to the Third Assembly Convention met on Monday night at Hudson City, and nominated ERASTUS B. CARTERETS as their candidate. The Convention then adjourned.

BOUNDARY BETWEEN NEW-HAMPSHIRE AND MAINE.—General J. C. ABBOTT, of this city, returned yesterday from a month's exploration with the Commissioners of the above-named States, who have run the line from the northern United States boundary to the lower end of Lake Umbagog. Above the lower Magalloway settlement the line was through a dense forest, across streams, over mountains, and through swamps, passing directly over the top of Camel's Rump, a mountain nearly 4,000 feet above the level of the sea. The old line was found to be indistinct, and in some places entirely obliterated.—*Manchester (N. H.) American, 1st.*

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

For Markets, see Second Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Oct. 20.

$10,000 U. S. 5s '65	104	200 Erie R. R.	16
10,000 Indiana St. 5s	91¾	100 do	s60 16
2,000 Tenn. 6s '90	93½	200 do	b30 16¼
8,000 do	93¾	150 Hudson River R.	29¾
10,000 Virginia 6s	95	300 Harlem R. R.	13¾
6,000 do	95½	600 do	13
15,000 N. Car. St. 6s	97	200 Harlem R. Preferred	25
14,000 Missouri St. 6s	88¾	1,000 Reading R. R.	b30 61¾
5,000 do	88¾	300 do	61¾
5,000 do	s30 88¾	600 do	61¾
3,000 California St. 7s	88	300 do	s60 60¾
4,000 do	88¾	100 do	b3 61¾
500 N. Y. C. R. R. 7s	105	5 N. J. Central R.	85
500 Mich. C. R. R. 6 p. c. 1st M. S. F. C. Bs	98	50 Stonington R. R.	56
5,000 do	98½	25 do	56
1,000 Mich. S. 1st M. Bs	86	100 Mich. Cen. R. R.	59
1,000 do	86½	100 do	s30 57½
10,000 Mich. S. 2d M. Bs	66	300 Mich. So. & N. In. R.	25
3,000 Mich. So. S. F. Bs	78	600 do	24¾
1,000 Ill. Cen. R. R. Bs	91¾	300 do	s30 24¾
2,000 do	91½	100 do	24¾
6,000 do	92	150 M. S. & N. I. g'dst.	s10 54
4,000 C. St. P. & F. D. l. g. b.	16	150 do	55
5,000 M. & M. 2d M. 10Bs	75	150 do	b3 55¾
5,000 Chi. & R. I. Bs	94	400 do	56
20 Bank of N. Y.	119	100 do	s45 55
6 Bank of America	113¾	100 do	b7 55¾
14 Bank of Commerce	103½	125 Panama R. R.	129
10 Ocean Bank	94½	50 do	119¾
50 Am. Ex. Bank	110½	50 Ill. Cen. R. R.	84
17 Continental Bank	100	55 Cleve. Col. & C. R.	93
20 Man. Gas. Co	145	250 Cal. & Chic. R. R.	83¾
200 Canton Co.	31	150 do	s30 83¾
155 Del. & Hud. Cl. Co.	109	300 do	s30 83¾
145 Penn. Coal Co.	355	250 Cleve. & Tol. R. R.	34¾
100 do	b60 37¾	50 do	34¾
373 Pacific Mail S. Co.	108	100 do	s30 34¾
50 do	108¼	500 do	b30 34¾
150 do	b30 108	250 Ch. & R. I. R. R.	69
100 do	s60 108	100 do	s30 69¾
100 do	s10 108¾	200 do	b60 69
50 do	b30 108¾	200 do	69
50 N. Y. Cen. R. R.	s30 86¾	100 do	69¼
2258 do	86¾	100 do	b10 69
525 do	86¾	50 do	69¾
450 do	86¾	100 do	b15 69
200 do	b30 86¾	200 do	69¾
300 do	b30 86¾	1000 do	69¾
18 do	86¾	50 La C. & Mil. R. R.	45
100 do	b60 86¾	250 do	44

SECOND BOARD.

$30,000 U. S. 5s '74	103	125 Pacific Mail SS. Co.	108¾
40,000 Mo. State 6s	98¾	20 Erie Railroad	16
40,000 Tenn. St. 6s '90	93¾	50 Hud. Riv. RR.	28¾
10,000 Cal. St. 7s N. B.	88¾	900 Reading RR.	60¾
2,000 Mich. Cen. RR. 8 p. ct. 1st M. S. F. C. Bs	98	100 do	b30 60¾
25,000 Ill. Cen. R. 8s	b60 99	100 do	60¾
1,000 La C. & M. 1. g. b.	27	100 do	s30 60¾
1,000 Har. R. 1st m.	s10 81	350 M. S. & N. I. R.	24¾
1,000 do	81¾	50 Mic. S. & N. I. g. s.	55
50 Mich. Cen. R.	87¾	150 Ill. Cen. R.	b10 83¾
100 do	b60 87¾	150 Galena & Chi. R. R.	83
7 N. Y. Cen. R. R.	85¾	50 do	82¾
400 do	85¾	50 do	s30 82¾
100 do	b60 85¾	50 Chi. & R. I. R. R.	b10 68¾
200 do	b30 85¾	400 do	68¾
350 do	85¾	100 do	b10 69
200 do	b60 85¾	170 do	68¾
100 do	b3 85¾	250 do	b30 69
100 do	s60 84¾	150 do	s30 68¾
50 do	b10 85¾	45 Stonington R. R.	57

REPORTED SALES BY AUCTION.

$1,000 Hud. Riv. R. 7s	87½	60 Broadway Ins. Co.	132
500 Third-av R. 7s	100½	100 do	130¾
800 Ill. Cen. R. R. 7s	92	60 Mercantile Ins. Co.	113¾
$1,000 Detroit & Mil. 7s	65	20 Commercial Ins. Co.	119
$1,000 Cal. 7s	88	30 People's Fire Ins. Co.	104¾
5,000 D., L. & W. R. 7s	76¾	20 Chic. & Rk. Is. R. R.	69
2,000 Reading R. 6 p. ct. 3s	85¾	40 Commercial Ins. Co.	106 @106½
2,000 Rock Isl. Co. 8s	69	30 Astor Fire Ins. Co.	120
3,000 Quincy City R. 8s	45	48 People's Bank	100¾
200 Man. Gas Co.	191 @195	19 Am. Ex. Bank	110¾
150 do.	s30 195¾ @196	20 Arcade Fire Ins. Co.	102
200 Gaslight Bank	141	10 Hope Fire Ins. Co.	102
300 Pacific Bank	100	10 Nassau Ins. Co.	102
20 American Exc. Bk.	110¾	15 Pac. Mail S. Co.	108¾
25 Bk. of N. America	103¾	20 Metropolitan Bank	110¾
100 Phenix Bank	s30 100	20 Mechanics' Bank	107¾
50 North Riv. Ins. Co.	183	10 Am. Ex. Bank	110¾
101 Firemen's Ins. Co.	147	20 Etna Fire Ins. Co.	112¾
		20 Atlantic Mut. Ins. Co.	84¾
		6 Second-av. R. R.	22
		60 Am. Coal Co.	37

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 20—P. M.

The additional Foreign accounts received to-day advise further heavy arrivals of gold in London, aggregating, in two days, $4,640,000, but no change of discount rate is ordered by the Bank of England. In our own market for Money the rates to the Brokers are the same as previously quoted, with some additional employment on account of the active business going on at the Stock Exchange. In Discounts the transactions outside of Bank continue moderate. The Customs paid into the Sub-Treasury to-day amount to $44,000. The disbursements are $64,252 in excess of all receipts, reducing the balance this afternoon to $9,862,029. The following is the comparative Bank movement in the leading four cities of the country on the official reports of the present week. The Specie reserve, it will be noticed, holds very large at New-Orleans, and has reached in Philadelphia the highest point yet reported this season:

	Loans.	Specie.	Circulation.	Deposits.
New-York, Oct. 11	$134,314,701	$36,100,361	$20,106,186	$97,408,854
Do. Oct. 18	34,000,000	32,000,000	9,000,000	94,000,000
Philadelphia, Oct. 15	26,444,104	17,326,028	7,921,213	3,140,488
New-Orleans, Oct. 9	17,000,041	14,124,000	11,317,465	6,000,000
Bch. Texas, N. Y., Oct. 16	———	———	10,130,007	———
Total	$212,758,846	149,550,361	58,476,871	24,156,372
Last week	$212,304,316	143,844,428	58,168,126	24,467,070

The disposition and actual orders to buy Stocks were increased this forenoon, and the dealings of the day have been large and spirited. State Stocks and a good number of the Railway Bonds advance rapidly, most of the purchases being withdrawn from the Street—the State Stocks for Europe and the Savings' Banks, and the Railway Bonds for Europe and by numerous small buyers at home. There were some considerable private sales of Michigan Southern Sinking Fund 7s at 78@78½ ⅌ cent., an advance altogether of 5 @7 ⅌ cent. in a few days. Michigan Central Sinking Fund 8s rose to 96 ⅌ cent., and the New-York Central Sinking Fund 7s to par and the 6s to 94. The old seven Convertibles brought 105 ⅌ cent. Missouri 6s advanced to 88@88½. Virginias to 95¼. North Carolinas to 57½, and further sales of Tennessees at 93½ ⅌ cent. The new Federal 5s sold at 104½, interest from 1st January next. The Bond list generally was very firm and was sustained to the close of the day. In some of the Shares the rapid and extreme advance since Monday brought forward a few sellers for realization, and after 4,000 or 5,000 shares of New-York Central had been taken at 85¾@⅞, there was a concession, in the afternoon, to 85½@¾, the market finally closing steady at 85¾ ⅌ cent. The upward movement in Rock Island was also partially checked, and after the stock had sold freely at 69½ ⅌ cent, it closed 68¾ ⅌ cent. The Bear account is still open to a considerable amount, under the late depressed prices for this stock, and the reaction is thus made quite violent, as new buyers for the rise, send in their orders. The supply of settlements on the Street has already been reduced about 2,000 shares. Michigan Southern preference shares advanced to 58 ⅌ cent, but subsequently fell back 55 ⅌ cent. sales. The common shares were in request at an advance to 25@25¾. Michigan Central and Illinois Central were also a fraction higher, and Hudson, Galena, Toledo and Erie all steady. Panama in demand at 120@119¾, and Pacific Mail at 106@105½ ⅌ cent. In Reading, the prevailing tone was less firm than on the other Stocks, and the sellers at both Boards were rather pressing though at the very close the Brokers for Philadelphia account were bidders both for cash and on sellers' option. The prices on the general Share list closed steady, with little or no abatement in the speculative feeling of the Street.

The strength of the market for City Bank, Insurance and Gas stocks was fairly tested at the auction mart at the Merchants' Exchange this forenoon—the sales, as reported, being mostly of a peremptory character and to close an estate. The prices realized were very full.

COTTON CROP MOVEMENT—SINCE SEPT. 1.

	1858.	1857.	1856.	1855.	1854.
Rec'ts at Ports	340,000	161,000	268,000	231,000	167,000
Ex. to G. B.	83,000	41,000	19,000	29,000	48,000
Ex. to France	28,000	8,000	28,000	21,000	28,000
Ex. to other F. P.	3,000	4,000	9,000	13,000	13,000
Total Export	114,000	53,000	54,000	133,000	89,000
Stock on hand	281,000	145,000	210,000	276,000	188,000

Of which during the past week, included in the above:

Rec. at Ports	19,000	9,000	26,000	12,000	21,000
Ex. to G. B.	16,000	15,000	2,000	19,000	5,000
Ex. to France	5,000	1,000	11,000	3,000	1,000
Ex. to other F. P.	3,000	1,000	2,000	3,000	2,000
Total Exports	22,000	18,000	17,000	26,000	11,000

The Circular of Messrs. W. P. WRIGHT & Co. reports of the prospects of the crop now being gathered:

"We hear of continued fine weather in the South, the picking is going on under favorable auspices, and the bulk of this crop will be better in quality than any of the five previous ones. There is a disposition to over-estimate the effect of the late fine weather, and to exaggerate the probable extent of the crop. We see no good reason to alter the figures, 2,300,000 bales as its probable extent, until we know of the occurrence of a killing frost.

Receipts are large, notwithstanding the rivers in the extreme South are so low that only boats of light draft can run with partial loads; they are likely to continue large for some time. This is no indication as to the extent of the crop. Every year new railroads are extended further and further into the interior of the country; these are now taxed to their utmost capacity; the weather for hauling to the various dépôts has been favorable, the roads have been good, and planters have made and are making great efforts in availing themselves of these favorable means to hurry their crop to market."

The earnings of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, during the month of September, were as follows, viz.:

From Freight	$86,461 22	
From Passengers	78,624 16	
From Mails	4,482 29	
From Rent of Road	5,500 00	
From Miscellaneous	75 00	$175,142 36
Earnings same month last year		182,482 06
Decrease		$6,739 56

The transportation expenses in September were as follows, viz.:

Station expenses	$9,762 16	
Cost of running	24,856 60	
General expenses	9,451 59	
Repairs of machinery	14,973 47	
Repairs of track and roadway	20,246 86	
Repairs of structures	2,774 30	$82,065 14
Transportation expenses in same month last year		91,027 04
Decrease		$8,961 90
Net earnings in September, 1858		$93,077 36
Net earnings in September, 1857		90,955 62
Increase		$2,122 34

PITTSBURG BANKS—OCT. 18.

	Circulation.	Loans.	Deposits.
Bank Pittsburg	$265,630	$619,042	$1,001,274
Exchange Bank	497,110	289,101	1,268,775
M. and M. Bank	155,262	196,935	322,208
Citizens' Bank	132,890	82,521	612,566
Mechanics' Bk.	117,050	116,000	403,461
Iron City Bank	147,220	32,838	522,851
Allegheny Bank	195,165	88,452	543,932
Oct. 18	$1,540,453	$1,571,879	$6,675,227
Oct. 11	1,515,198	1,481,217	6,034,370

The following are the terms of the new Bank of Mutual Redemption in Boston for doing business with the New-England country Banks:

Stockholders will not be required to keep any permanent deposit.

Other Boston Banks will deposit $5,000 each, receiving interest therefor at 3 ⅌ cent. ⅌ annum, payable semi-annually.

Other country Banks of New-England, of $100,000 and over, $3,000 each, receiving interest at 3 ⅌ cent., semi-annually.

Other country Banks of New-England, of less than $100,000, $2,000 each, receiving interest at 3 ⅌ cent., semi-annually.

For this, the Bank will receive and collect all the current money of the New-England Banks received by those Banks in the regular course of their business from the community.

All moneys received, and collections made in Boston, to be credited on the day of receipt, if received before the close of the Bank.

Interest will be allowed to the Banks of New-England, holding stock or depositing as above, on the smallest balance of each week, of their running accounts, at 3 ⅌ cent. per annum; or, any Bank, wishing to keep any considerable sum on deposit free of interest, will be allowed on the smallest balance of each week of its running account such rate, not exceeding 6 ⅌ cent. per annum, as may be agreed upon. Interest will be cast on even thousands of dollars, and will be credited monthly to Banks keeping their account with this Bank; and semi-annually to those Banks who keep only a permanent deposit, on the first Monday of April and the first Monday of October, the period between those dates being considered, for this purpose, as exactly six months. No interest will be allowed on a larger balance than $25,000, unless by special previous agreement.

Collections will be made for any one at the lowest regular rates. Stockholders to be allowed 2 ⅌ cent. on charges for collection, if keeping an account with the bank; otherwise to be allowed 10 ⅌ cent. Banks keeping a permanent deposit to be allowed 12½ ⅌ cent. on charges for collection, if keeping an account with the bank; otherwise, to be allowed 3 ⅌ cent. The allowance on collection charges to be made up and credited with the respective interest accounts. All collections to be credited without unnecessary delay.

The Boston *Transcript* says:

"A movement is making by the presidents of some of the Boston banks in favor of the Suffolk Bank. They will shortly issue a circular to the country banks recommending the support of the Suffolk Bank system, and that the interior institutions continue their business of redemption through the medium of this corporation. While these things are progressing the project of a New-England Sorting House is receiving increased favor, and a plan is nearly matured for the establishment of such an institution."

The Ohio Life and Trust Company.

From the Cincinnati Inquirer, Oct. 19.

The dissatisfaction resulting on all hands from the peculiar course of the Trust Company has at last brought on an application to the Court for an injunction against the Trustees and Assignees, ordering them to stay further proceedings, and asking that a Receiver be appointed. The applicants to the United States Circuit Court were Messrs. GRANT and BELL, of London, who, through their counsel, HENRY STANBERY and N. C. MCLEAN, asked for the said injunction, because the Company, it is alleged, owes GRANT and BELL nearly $300,000, and other attorneys, whom those creditors represent, $600,000 or $700,000. Messrs. THOMPSON and NESMITH also represented the claims of a number of domestic creditors. About 10 o'clock, when the Court assembled, Judge MATTHEWS, the United States District Attorney, moved an adjournment, as he had no time to prepare a defence, a copy of the bill having been very recently placed in his hands. Mr. STANBERY said they were entitled to a Receiver, and that as some $4,000,000 were involved in the matter, the sooner they had one the better—a point upon which the two learned gentlemen disagreed, and which they argued at some length. Judge MATTHEWS denied that the assignees had released Lunsford, the New-York cashier, and Mr. STANBERY doubted that the trustees had assigned for the purpose of equalizing the creditors. After considerable further argument, the following was the order of the Court:

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT, SEVENTH CIRCUIT AND SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO.—*Bell & Grant vs. Ohio Life Insurance and Trust Company et al.*—In Chancery.—On motion of the plaintiffs, the Court do order that an injunction issue to the said Trustees and said Assignees, ordering and directing them to stay further proceedings with respect to the assets and corporate rights, and to hold the same subject to further order of this Court, and the application for a Receiver is continued until next Saturday.

JOHN MCLEAN,
Justice Superintendent U. S. Circuit Court.
H. H. LEAVITT,
Oct. 18, 1858.

An injunction had also been asked for in the Superior Court, and both Courts claimed jurisdiction. One of the United States Deputy Marshals took the above order, but could find only one of the New-York Assignees. While the Deputy was looking for others of the Assignees, the County Sheriff, appointed Receiver *pro tem.* by the Superior Court, repaired to the Trust Company Building and locked up the assets. This disharmony between the two Courts will be settled, no doubt, in a day or two, though, at present, the Superior Court has the advantage.

An adjourned meeting of the creditors of the Trust Company was held yesterday in Manchester's Building, on Third-street, when DAVID CARSON was appointed President, and WILLIAM C. TRUMAN, Secretary. The object of the meeting was announced to be the consideration of the most efficacious means to secure the rights of the creditors of the Trust Company. Considerable indignant feeling of course was displayed by those present, but especially in appointing a Receiver. After much wrangling, the following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That we, as creditors of the Ohio Life Insurance and Trust Company, are in favor of prosecuting our claims in the Circuit Court of the United States, under the bill now filed by Messrs. BELL & GRANT, and believe that our full rights will be protected and saved for us in that Court.

Three gentlemen, Samuel Houghton, W. E. Morris, [illegible] J. L. Scott, Dr. F. G. Ross, were then chosen a Committee of five to recommend a suitable Receiver. The Committee then adjourned to meet again at the call of the Committee.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

MONEY AND TIME BILLS, on all the Southern cities, purchased by DUNCAN SHERMAN & CO., Hartford, Conn.

SIX MONTHS PAPER WANTED.—First Class Hartford, Boston or New-York names wanted by GEO. F. BISSELL & CO., Bankers, Hartford, Conn.

Real Estate.—WEDNESDAY, Oct. 20.

By order of Court, in the case of ANN M. VERDENHUNE *vs.* MARY E. FORBES and others, Mr. MILLER sold two lots, 45 by 90 feet, with dwelling, &c., thereon; (what it was, of course, was not stated.) Bought by the plaintiff in suit, for $1,315. On the north side of One Hundred and Eighteenth-street, 300 feet east of Fourth-avenue.

Messrs. REYNES & BLACKWELL report the re-sale of four lots on the north side of Seventy-sixth-street, 150 feet west of Fourth-avenue, for $1,125 ⅌ lot; F. Fraser, buyer. These lots were sold, about two months ago, at $1,000 each.

Messrs. BIERCKER & Co. report the sale of a two-story attic and brick basement house and lot, east side of Ewen-street, Williamsburg, 75 feet south of Jackson-street. Lot 25 by 100 feet. $2,600.

Mr. MCCLAVE reports the sale of one lot, 25x100, on Ninth-avenue, about 100 feet south of Thirty-eighth-street, with front and rear two-story frame building, for $4,500. Mr. CHEESE, seller. Also, the sale by D. MCALPIN, Esq., of a four-story basement brown-stone dwelling, on the north side of Thirty-third-street, about 200 feet east of Broadway. House 16x50; lot 18x99.9, for $14,500.

We should not do justice to very many readers, who have learned to look to our reports for information to guide them in making sales or purchases of real estate, if we did not give them to-day that there is an unusually active, steadily increasing, in unimproved property, centrally in the vicinity of the Park. Those who have kept a regular file of our reports, and studied them carefully, can now make money. Those who have not would do well to post themselves up without delay.

Markets by Telegraph.

BUFFALO, Wednesday, Oct. 20—6 P. M.

FLOUR dull and heavy; demand confined to the home trade; sales 600 bbls. at $4 75 for extra Wisconsin; $4@$4 50 for the range of extra and double extra Indiana, Ohio, Michigan and Canadian. WHEAT dull and heavy; sales 2,000 bush. White Indiana at 95c.; 2,000 bush. Red Ohio at 92c., and 1,000 bush. prime White Canadian at $1 15. CORN dull and lower; sales 7,000 bushels Toledo, at 56½c.; 5,000 bushels Chicago, on private terms. BARLEY dull; sales small; a lot common Ohio brought 70c.; prime held at 80c. @85c. RYE nominal, at 65c. OATS, 36c. CANAL FREIGHTS unchanged. *Receipts for the last 24 hours*—7,000 bbls. Flour; 25,000 bushels Wheat; 10,500 bushels Corn; 600 bushels Barley; 1,000 bushels Oats. *Canal Shipments*—1,700 bbls. Flour; 125,000 bushels Wheat; 23,000 bushels Corn.

CINCINNATI, Wednesday, Oct. 20.

FLOUR dull; stock accumulating and indication of holders giving way. The market closed unsettled. WHISKY active at 18c. WHEAT dull and unchanged.

OSWEGO, Wednesday, Oct. 20—5 P. M.

FLOUR steady. WHEAT in better demand. Sales 16,000 bushels, at 97c. for Red Indiana; 82c. for Racine; 82½c. for Milwaukee Club; and $1 10½c. for choice White Canada. CORN without material change, and inquiry better. Sales 16,000 bushels, at 60c. for No. 1 Illinois. CANAL FREIGHTS unchanged: 32c. on Flour, 10c. on Wheat, and 9½c. on Corn to New-York. *Lake Imports to-day*—2,300 bbls. Flour; 3,700 bushels Rye; 10,000 bushels Barley; 3,800 bushels Oats. *Canal Exports*—1,800 bbls. Flour; 24,000 bushels Wheat; 8,500 bushels Corn; 5,200 bushels Rye; 37,100 bushels Barley.

CHICAGO, Wednesday, Oct. 20.

FLOUR quiet. WHEAT dull, and declined 1c.; sales at 50c. CORN steady, at 52½c. OATS firm. *Shipments to Buffalo*—100 bbls. Flour, 14,500 bushels Corn. *Shipments to Oswego*—2,000 bbls. Flour, 11,000 bushels Wheat. *Receipts*—2,000 bbls. Flour, 28,000 bushels Wheat.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, Oct. 20.

FLOUR dull, and 12½c. lower. WHEAT quiet, at $1 20@$1 23 for White, and $1 23@$1 26 for Red. CORN dull, at 63c. WHISKY declined but steady, at 23c. @23½c.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, Oct. 20.

FLOUR unchanged. WHEAT steady; Red, $1 15 @$1 22; White, $1 28@$1 30.